Valorization of Food Industry By-products

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT				
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	FST912 SEMESTER 5				
COURSE TITLE	VALORIZATION OF FOOD INDUSTRY BY-PRODUCTS				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	G CREDITS	
		Lectures	3		
Total		Total	3	6	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Specialised general knowledge				
PREREQUISITE COURSES.					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course I earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course aims to provide knowledge on new food waste treatment technologies applied in the food industry. The utilization of food industry by-products contributes to the sustainable development through the reduction of the environmental pollution, approaching the requirement for ZERO WASTE but also the saving of raw materials.

Upon completion of the course students will:

- Understand and describe the basic principles in food industry waste treatment systems
- Classify the various types of treatment of industrial waste into physical, chemical and biological processes

- distinguish the appropriate treatment process for the different agri-food wastes
- Identify the tools and new technologies available in the systems for the treatment of industrial food waste by physico-chemical and biological processes

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making Working independently

Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others...

- Adapting to new situations
- **Decision-making**
- Working independently
- Team work
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Characteristics of agricultural, livestock waste and food industry waste. Environmental effects of untreated food wastes on soil, water and air. Pollution measurement parameters. Legislation on agricultural livestock waste and food industry waste. Conventional liquid and solid waste management systems as well as the reuse of their by-products. Case studies for the recovery and utilization of by-products derived from food industry waste as well as from agro-livestock activities through the recovery of beneficial components which can be used as food, cosmetics or pharmaceutical industry.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Use of information technology on data collection and information, in teaching and communication. Communication with students via web, e-mail, e-class and online folder sharing options etc.		

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,			
communication with students			
communication with students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
TEACHING WETHODS	Lectures	117	
The manner and methods of teaching are			
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,			
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,			N
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational			
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,			
etc. The student's study hours for each learning			
activity are given as well as the hours of non-			
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Tatal santa t haves and		
	Total contact hours and	117	
	training		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Written examination on grade	ed multiple choice difficulty plu	us a written project from
	food industry case study.	indiciple onolog dimodicy pro	as a military project mem
Description of the evaluation procedure	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Language of evaluation, methods of	Language Greek		
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions,			
op <mark>en-e</mark> nded questions, problem solving, written			
work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical			
examination of patient, art interpretation,			
other			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are			
given, and if and where they are accessible to			
students.			

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- Γκέκας Β., Μπαλτά Κ., Βιομηχανία Τροφίμων και Περιβάλλον, 2005
- .• Κυρανάς Ε., Λειτουργικές Ιδιότητες Νερού, Πρωτεϊνών, Σακχάρων, Λιπιδίων & Φυσικών Χρωστικών, 2011.
- United Nations Environment Programme Industry and Environment (UNEP IE), (1995). Food processing and the environment. UNEP Industry and Environment 18(1).

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class			
UTILIZATION OF FOOD INDUSTRY BY-PRODUCTS						
10	0	0%	0%			
9	0	0%	0%			
8	2	40%	40%			
7	2	40%	80%			
6	1	20%	100%			
	5	100%				