

Study Guide

Department of Food Science and Technology





Argostoli, 2023

Department

The **Department of Food Science and Technology** was established in 1999 resulting after the successive development of the Departments of Organic Agriculture, Organic Agriculture & Food Technology and Food Technology of the Ionian Islands Technological Educational Institute. In accordance with bill 4559 passed on 03/08/2018, the Department of Food Science and Technology has been a part of the Faculty of Environment of the Ionian University.

The new curriculum of the Department of Food Science and Technology started the academic year 2019-2020 with admissions from students who successfully passed the National system of Panhellenic entrance examinations.





The aim of the **Department of Food Science and Technology** is to offer its graduates the necessary knowledge and skills in a wide range of food science, including the fields of production, processing, safety and quality control, microbiology, toxicology, chemistry, analysis, technology and food biotechnology in order to be able to ensure a successful career path in the Food sector.

The main goal of the Department is the promotion of Food Science and Technology by focusing on theoretical knowledge and cutting-edge research technologies for the development and promotion of innovation in the methods of analysis, biotechnology, production, processing, safety, quality control and food management systems.

The duration of studies is four academic years (eight semesters).

The **Department of Food Science and Technology** is located in Argostoli, on Kefalonia island.

Argostoli, the capital of the island, is built amphitheatrically and is located in the eastern part of the homonymous peninsula. The highest part of the hill is covered by a beautiful pine tree forest and at the foot of the city is (formed) the bay of Argostoli. The main feature of the bay is the Venetian Bridge De Boset, which crosses it and connects the city with the villages on the other side and creates the lagoon of Koutavos, which is also an important wetland. This area of the lagoon, where the Department of Food Science and Technology is located directly opposite, has been adapted so that one can walk pleasantly on sidewalks and admire the beauty of nature and birds up close.

Argostoli is the capital city on the island and gathers the largest tourist traffic. It has a rich commercial activity and a good nightlife. It is a beautiful, clean and safe city, which combines the beauties and peace of an island but also the comforts and facilities of a well- organized city. There are plenty of shops selling home appliances, clothing and food. There are also available both furnished and unfurnished accommodations in a number capable of serving students. The existence of a large number of companies -tourist and non-touristgives the opportunity for employment to anyone who wishes to work.

In Argostoli today one can attend programs organized by the Municipality and be actively involved in Theater, music and visual arts. In the city there is a cinema hall housed in the "Kefalos" theater and a summer open-air cinema. There are several events, during summertime.

In the field of sports there is the possibility to engage in the facilities of the Municipality (center (includes soccer field, track, indoor gym, tennis courts, basketball, etc.), and the activity in tennis, basketball, baseball, soccer, soccer, soccer, basketball sailing, polo, kayaking, rowing, and gyms.

Access

By air: One can come to the island by plane from Athens, Thessaloniki, Zakynthos, Preveza and Corfu, while in the summer semester there are flights from other parts of Greece and abroad.



By boat: Access to the island is by boat from Patras to the port of Sami (about 40 minutes from Argostoli) and from the port of Kyllini to Poros (about 1 hour from Argostoli). In addition, there is a connection with Lefkada from the port of Fiskardo and Zakynthos from the port of Pessada.

Undergraduate Studies

The curriculum of the Department of Food Science and Technology lasts eight (8) academic semesters and includes thirty-seven (37) compulsory courses, four (4) elective courses [out of a total of ten (10) courses], dissertation and 2-month traineeship.



In order for a student to get the degree, the successful examination in forty-one (41) courses is required, as well as the elaboration of a final project (thesis) and a 2month traineeship, which add up to a total of 240 Credits (P.M. or ECTS) (30 P. M. per semester)

For the calculation of the Degree grade, the traineeship is not considered as it is not evaluated with a grade.

The grade is calculated considering the following equation:



It is clarified:

The final project (thesis) corresponds to a total of 13 ECTS. The Grade of each Course, which is also conducted in a laboratory, is extracted by taking into account the following relation: Course Grade = (Course Theory Grade x 60%) + (Course Lab Grade x 40%).

 $Degree Grade = \frac{(grade_{M1} \times ECTS_{M1}) + (grade_{M2} \times ECTS_{M2}) + \dots + (grade_{M41} \times ECTS_{M41}) + (grade_{thesis} \times ECTS_{thesis})}{Sum ECTS (excluding traineeship ECTS)}$

The grading scale is the same that is followed in all University institutions in Greece. The degree grade follows the grading scale below with the appropriate markings:

Excellent: 8.50 - 10.00

Very good: 6.50 – 8.49

Good: 5.00 – 6.49

Minimum promotable grade: 5.00

In order to convert grades among foreign institutions, that have adopted the same ECTS scale, the following ECTS scale is built according to the following rule:

ECTS Grade	% of students achieving the grade	Definition
A	10	EXCELLENT outstanding performance with only minor errors
в	25	Very Good above the average standard but with some errors
С	30	Good Generally sound work but with a number of notable errors
D	25	Satisfactory Fair but with significant shortcomings
E	10	Sufficient Performance meets the minimum criteria
FX		Fail Some more work required before the credit can be awarded
F		Fail Considerable further work is required

Undergraduate Syllabus

	1st SEMESTER								
				HOURS					
		COURSES	LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	ECTS
FST	101	MATHEMATICS	2		2	6		6	3
FST	102	BIOLOGY	3		3	9		9	5
FST	103	GENERAL AND INORGANIC CHEMISTRY	3	2	5	9	2	11	7
FST	104	INTRODUCTION TO FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	2		2	6		6	3
FST	105	INFORMATICS APPLICATIONS	2	2	4	6	2	8	4
FST	106	ECONOMICS AND AGRIBUSINESS MANAGEMENT	3		3	9		9	5
FST	107	PHYSICS	2		2	6		6	3
тот	AL		17	4	21	51	4	55	30

2nd SEMESTER											
			HOURS WORKLOAD								Τ
COURSES		LECTURE	LAB	ORATORY	TOTAL	LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	ECTS		
FST	2 <mark>01</mark>	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY	3		2	5	9	2	11	7	
FST	2 <mark>02</mark>	QUANTITATIVE CHEMICAL ANALYSIS	2		2	4	6	2	8	5	Π
FST	20 <mark>3</mark>	STATISTICS APPLICATIONS	3			3	9	1	9	6	Τ
FST	204	GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY	2		3	5	6	3	9	6	7
FST	205	NUTRITION	3			3	9		9	6	T
тот	AL.		13		7	20	39	7	46	30	
								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

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				HOURS		WORKLOAD			
	COURSES		LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	ECTS
FST	301	FOOD BIOCHEMISTRY	2	2	4	6	2	8	6
FST	<mark>3</mark> 02	FOOD PROCESSING I	2	3	5	6	3	9	6
FST	303	FOOD ANALYSIS	2	2	4	6	2	8	6
FST	<mark>304</mark>	FOOD MICROBIOLOGY	2	3	5	6	3	9	6
FST	305	FOOD MARKETING	3		3	9		9	6
тот	AL.		11	10	21	33	10	43	30

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	4th SEMESTER										
				HOURS		WORKLOAD					
		COURSES	5		LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	ECTS
FST	401	FOOD ENGINEERING			2	2	4	6	2	8	6
FST	402	FOOD CHEMISTRY			2	2	4	6	2	8	6
FST	403	FOOD BIOTECHNOLOGY			2	2	4	6	2	8	6
FST	404	FOOD PROCESSING II			2	3	5	6	3	9	6
FST	405	PRINCIPLES OF CROP PRODUCTIC	N		3		3	9		9	6
тот	AL				11	9	20	33	9	42	30

	5th SEMESTER									
				HOURS						
		COURSES	LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	ECTS	
FST	501	FRUITS AND VEGETABLES SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	2	2	4	6	2	8	6	
FST	502	FAT AND OILS SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	2	2	4	6	2	8	6	
FST	FST 503 MILK AND MILK PRODUCTS SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY		2	2	4	6	2	8	6	
FST	504	INDUSTRIAL FERMENTATIONS	2	2	4	6	2	8	6	
FST	911	* ENGLISH TERMINOLOGY								
FST 912 * VALORIZATION OF FOOD INDUSTRY BY-PRODUCTS			3		3	9		9	6	
FST	913	* FOOD HYGIENE								
TOTAL				8	19	33	8	41	30	

*CHOOSE ONE (1) OF THE FST 911, FST 912, FST 913

	6th SEMESTER								
				HOURS			WORKLOAD		
		COURSES	LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	ECTS
FST	601	INSTRUMENTAL FOOD ANALYSIS	2	2	4	6	2	8	5
FST	602	PRINCIPLES OF ORGANIC FOOD PRODUCTION	3	2	5	9	2	11	7
FST	603	CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	2	2	4	6	2	8	6
FST	604	VITICULTURE AND VINE PRODUCTS	2	2	4	6	2	8	6
FST	921	* FOOD ADDITIVES AND SWEETENERS							
FST	922	* ENZYMOLOGY	3		3	9		9	6
FST	923	* FUNCTIONAL FOODS							
тот	AL		12	8	20	36	8	44	30
						-			

*CHOOSE ONE (1) OF THE FST 921, FST 922, FST 923

	7th SEMESTER								
				HOURS		WORKLOAD			
		COURSES	LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	ECTS
FST	701	FOO <mark>D TOXICOL</mark> OGY	2	2	4	6	2	8	5
FST	FST 702 MEAT AND FISH PRODUCTS SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			3	5	6	3	9	5
FST	FST 703 WINE AND ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			2	4	6	2	8	5
FST	<mark>70</mark> 4	QUALITY ASSURANCE AND LEGISLATION	3		3	9		9	5
FST	931	** SENIOR SEMINAR							
FST	932	** BIOREFINERIES DEVELOPMENT				10		10	10
FST	933	** FOOD QUALITY CONTROL AND SENSORY EVALUATION	0		6	18		18	10
FST	934	** SPECIAL TOPICS IN FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY							
TOT	AL		15	7	22	45	7	52	30

**CHOOSE TWO (2) OF THE FST 931, FST 932, FST 933, FST 934

8th SEMESTER											
				HOURS					WORKLOAD		
	COURSES			LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	LECTURE	LABORATORY	TOTAL	ECTS	
FST 801 SOIL MANAGEN	IENT AND FOOD QU	UALITY		2	2	4	6	2	8	5	
FST 802 FOOD PRODUCT	T DEVELOPMENT			2	2	4	6	2	8	5	
FST 803 FOOD PACKAGI	NG			2	2	4	6	2	8	5	
ΠΤΥΧ FINAL PROJECT				4	9	13	12	9	21	13	
ПРАКТ TRAINEESHIP				1	1	2	3	1	4	2	
TOTAL				11	16	27	33	16	49	30	

Course outlines

A detailed outline is following for each of the courses of the curriculum above.

The outlines are giving in detail all the information related to the course (semester, hours and method of teaching, type of course, teaching units, workload, assessment method, recommended bibliography, etc.). The objectives, learning outcomes and the content of the course are analyzed and statistics are also presented regarding the performance of the students per course for the last two years. Curriculum courses that have not yet been taught are not accompanied by performance statistics.

Mathematics

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	ENVIRONMENT		
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	CE AND TECHNC	LOGY	
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	DUATE		
COURSE CODE	FST101		SEMESTER	1
COURSE TITLE	MATHEMAT	ICS		
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the edits are awarde g hours and the	e course, e.g. ed for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
		Lectures	2	
		Total	2	3
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	he teaching		
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	General Back	kground		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek	<)		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- solve problems, of mathematical content, that he will encounter during his studies
- develop critical thinking to analyze problems and create an algorithm to solve it
- synthesize the data provided by the parameters of the problem and apply their mathematical knowledge to give each case the more appropriate mathematical solution

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management	
information, with the use of the necessary technology Respect for difference and multiculturalism	
Adapting to new situations Respect for the natural environment	
Decision-making Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivi	vity to gender issues
Working independently	

Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas

Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others...

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- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Review of basic mathematical techniques. Applications of analogy relations in a biology laboratory. Description of relationships with equations and graphs. Introduction to descriptive statistics. Biotechnology applications. The theory and practice governing the basic protocols, which are carried out daily in laboratories of molecular biology, biochemistry, biomedicine and biotechnology, are examined in detail. All standard laboratory operations, from solution preparation and pH measurement to specialized reactions such as Bradford and PCR.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technolo communication. Communica folder sharing options etc.	gy on data collection and infor tion with students via web, e-	mation, in teaching and mail, e-class and online
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Lectures	78	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	Evaluation procedure perform	ned in Greek.	
	_		

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Sugg	ested <mark>bibl</mark> iography:
1.	BO <mark>OK</mark> [59395586]: Μαθηματικά μοντέλα στη Βιολογία 2η έκδοση, Σγαρδέλης Στέφανος
2.	BO <mark>OK [13570]:</mark> SCHAUM'S ΔΙΑΦΟΡΙΚΟΣ ΚΑΙ ΟΛΟΚΛΗΡΩΤΙΚΟΣ ΛΟΓΙΣΜΟΣ, FRANK AYRES JR., ELLIOT MENDELSON
3.	BOOK [68403105]: Εφαρμοσμένη Ανάλυση και Στοιχεία Γραμμικής Αλγεβρας, Φιλιππάκης Μ.
<u>4.</u>	BOOK [31107]: Απειροστικός λογισμός και πραγματική άλγεβρα, Σακκαλής Παναγιώτης Γ.

	Performance Statistics of the last 2years								
Grade (descending abs order)		absolı freque	ute ncy	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class				
		M	ATHE						
	10		50	24%		<mark>24</mark> %			
	9	44		21%		46%			
	8		25	12%		58%			
	7		22	11%		6 <mark>8%</mark>			
	6		65	32%		100%			
			206	100%					

Biology

SCHOOL	ENVIRONME	NT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	CE & TECHNOLO	GY		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	DUATE			
COURSE CODE	FST102		SEMESTER	1	
COURSE TITLE	BIOLOGY				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES nponents of the edits are awarde phours and the	course, e.g. ed for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS
		Lectures	3		5
		Total	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d,	teaching and tl	ne teaching			
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised g	eneral knowled	ge		
PREREQUISITE COURSES.					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The aim of Biology course is for students to develop an understanding of the basic concepts of living organisms such as interdependence of organisms, the molecular and cellular basis of certain characteristics, energy transfer in organisms and cell growth and heredity.

Upon successful completion of the course students will have knowledge to:

- identify and classify micro-organisms
- describe the metabolism of micro-organisms
- define the relationship between genetics and heredity
- explain the morphology and function of animals and plants
- develop the necessary background to understand the content of relevant courses in subsequent semesters

Conoral Competences	
General Competences Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree	-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which
of the following does the course aim?	
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and F information, with the use of the necessary technology F Adapting to new situations F Decision-making S Working independently C Team work F Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment C Breduction of new structures index C	roject planning and management respect for difference and multiculturalism respect for the natural environment howing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues riticism and self-criticism roduction of free, creative and inductive thinking Dthers
 Search for, analysis and synthesis of data 	a and information, with the use of the necessary technology
Decision-making	
 Working independently 	
• Te <mark>am</mark> work	
 Criticism and self-criticism 	
 Respect for the natural environment 	
Production of free, creative and inductiv	e thinking
SYLLABUS	nisms of life ogical molecules
 Plant and animal structure and function Ecology 	
ECOIORY	
TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION	ON 11

DELIVERY	In teaching class				
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Power point presentation, Wh	iteboard writing			
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY					
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,					
communication with students					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	117			
described in detail.					
fieldwork, study and analysis of biblioaraphy.					
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Total contact hours and				
workshop, interactive teaching, educational	training	117			
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,	training				
The student's study hours for each learning					
activity are given as well as the hours of non-					
directed study according to the principles of the					
ECIS					
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Language of evaluation: Gr	eek			
Description of the evaluation procedure	Final written examination i	n theory and in laboratory			
L <mark>angu</mark> age o <mark>f eval</mark> uation, methods of	that includes:				
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple					
choice questionnaires, snort- answer questions,	Nidtown and final avana (fi				
work, essay/report, oral examination, public	Midterni and final exams (ii	ii-in the blanks questions,			
presentation, laboratory work, clinical	short answer questions, mu	Iltiple choice questions)			
examination of patient, art interpretation,					
ounci					
Sp <mark>ecif</mark> ically-defined evaluation criteria are					
given, and if and where they are accessible to					
students.					

1. CAMPBELL N., REECE J., Biology

2. Alberts B.,Bray D.,Hopkin K.,Johnson A.,Lewis J.,Raff M.,Roberts K.,Walter P. Molecular Biology of the Cell

Performance Statistics of the last 2years									
Grade (descending order) absolute frequency		relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class						
BI	OLOGY (1st ti	me on 2020-2	21)						
10	11	13%	<mark>13%</mark>						
9	7	9%	22%						
8	16	20%	41%						
7	13	16%	57%						
6	35	43%	100%						
	82	100%							

General and Inorganic Chemistry

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT				
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENC	CE AND TECHNO	LOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE				
COURSE CODE	FST103		SEMESTER 2	1		
COURSE TITLE	GENERAL AN	ID INORGANIC (CHEMISTRY			
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the edits are awarde g hours and the a	course, e.g. ed for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS		
		Lectures	3			
	Laborator	ry <mark>ex</mark> periments	2			
		Total	5	7		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching				
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	General back	ground				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek					
EXAMINATIONS:						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	No					
ERASMUS STUDENTS						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)						

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon succesful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Define the fundamental principles of Chemistry
- Identify and apply the elementary rules and processes in a chemical laboratory
- Acknowledge and use essential apparatus and instruments in a chemical laboratory
- Analyse and interpret experimental measurements to produce reliable results

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others...

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- Adapting to new situations
- Data collection and analysis
- Critical thinking
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work

SYLLABUS

Atomic structure, atomic and mass numbers, isotopes, chemical bonds, molecules, ionic and molecular bonds, dipole moment. Intermolecular forces. Complex compounds. Chemical formulas, the concept of mole. Solutions, colloids, solubility, ways of expressing the concentration of solutions. Solubility product. Naming inorganic compounds. Chemical reactions and chemical equations, stoichiometry.

Electrolyte dimensioning and ionization, acids, bases, salts, pH / pOH, indicators, neutralization reactions, acid-base titrations. Hydrolysis of salts. Buffers. Common ion effect.

Reaction rate, chemical equilibrium, Le Chatelieur principle.

Redox reactions.

Radioisotopes.

Spectrophotometry.

Typical lab experiments

- Introduction Lab safety rules Lab apparatus
- Lab balance Weighing
- Solution preparation Solution dilution Solution mixing
- pH Indicators
- Buffers Determination Ka for a weak acid
- Acidimetry Alkalimetry
- Preparation and titration of standard solutions of acids and bases
- Heterogeneous equilibrium Solubility product
- Qualitative analysis of anions and cations
- Spectrophotometry

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	In class					
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.						
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of information	technologie	es in data collection, teaching a	and communication.		
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Communication with students via e-mail, eClass, Viber.					
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,						
communication with students						
TEACHING METHODS	Activity		Semester workload			
	Lectures		117 hours			

The manner and methods of teaching are			
described in detail.	Laboratory experiments	26 hours	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography.	· ·		
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art			
workshop, interactive teaching, educational			
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,			
The student's study hours for each learning			
activity are given as well as the hours of non-			× .
directed study according to the principles of the	Total contact hours and		
ECTS	training	143 hours	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION		anti Craak	
Description of the evaluation procedure	Language of assessme	ent. Greek	
	Evaluation methods		
Language of e <mark>valua</mark> tion, methods of	- Midterm exam		
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple	- Final exam		
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions,			
work, essay/report, oral examination, public			
presentation, laboratory work, clinical			
examination of patient, art interpretation,			
other			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are			
given, and if and where they are accessible to			
students.			
BIBLIOCDADHY			

- D. Ebbing, S. Gammon, General Chemistry
- D. A. Skoog, D. M. West, F. James Holler, S. R. Crouch, Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry

Performance Statistics of the last 2years								
Grade (descending order)	Grade absolute relati escending frequency freque order) %				um of Iccess tes per class			
	INOR	GANIC	CHEMISTRY					
10		13	8%		8%			
9		12	8%		1 <mark>6%</mark>			
8		26	17%		3 <mark>3%</mark>			
7		33	22%		5 <mark>5%</mark>			
6		69	45%		10 <mark>0%</mark>			
		1 <mark>53</mark>	100%					

Introduction to Food Science and Technology

DEPARTMENT FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY LEVEL OF STUDY UNDERGRADUAT COURCE UNIT CODE FST104 SEMESTER 1 COURCE TITLE Introduction to FOOd Science and Technology Introduction to FOOD Science and Technology INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES WEEKLY CREDITS in case credits are awarded for separate components/parts of the course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. if credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits WEEKLY CREDITS awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits Untoring	FACULTY/SCHOOL	FACULTY OF E	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT					
LEVEL OF STUDY UNDERGRADUATE COURCE UNIT CODE FST104 SEMESTER 1 COURCE TITLE Introduction to Food Science and Technology CREDITS INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES WEEKLY CREDITS in case credits are awarded for separate components/parts of the course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits WEEKLY CREDITS COURCE TITLE Lectures 2 3 3 Course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits WEEKLY CREDITS Course TYPE Lectures 2 3 3 Add rows if necessary. The arganization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4 3 3 COURSE TYPE Background knowledge General Knowledge Scientific expertise, General Knowledge Scientific expertise, General Knowledge Scientific expertise, Greek Scientific expertise, Greek <th>DEPARTMENT</th> <th>FOOD SCIENCE</th> <th colspan="6">FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY</th>	DEPARTMENT	FOOD SCIENCE	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY					
COURCE UNIT CODEFST104SEMESTER1Introduction to Food Science and TechnologyINDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIESINDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIESIn case credits are awarded for separate components/parts of the course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total creditsWEEKLY TEACHING HOURSCREDITS (ECTS)CREDITS Teaching hours and the total credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total creditsWEEKLY TEACHING HOURSCREDITS (ECTS)CREDITS Teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4Sector SGeneral Knowledge General Knowledge, Scientific expertise, General Knowledge, Skils DevelopmentGreekSector SLANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:GreekCOURSE TYPE Background knowledge General Knowledge, Scientific expertise, General Knowledge, Skils DevelopmentGreekSector SLANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:GreekCreekSector SCOURSE TYPE Background knowledge, Scientific expertise, General Knowledge, Scientific expertise, General Knowledge, Skils DevelopmentGreekSLANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:GreekCOURSE TYPE GreekGreekLANGUAGE OF GreekCOURSE TYPE GreekCOURSE IS O	LEVEL OF STUDY	UNDERGRADU	JATE					
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INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES in case credits are awarded for separate components/parts of the course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS CREDITS (ECTS) Image: the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits Lectures 2 3 Image: the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits Lectures 2 3 Image: the total credits Lectures 2 3 Image: the total credits Lectures 2 3 Image: the total credits Image: the total credits Image: the total credits 1mage: the total credits Image: the total credits Lectures 2 3 3 Image: the total credits Image: the total credits 1mage: the total credits 1mage: the total credits Image: the total credits Image: the total credits 1mage: the total credits 1mage: the total credits 1mage: the total credits Image: the total credits Image: the total credits Image: the total credits 1mage: the t	COURCE TITLE	Introduction t	o Food Science	e and Technolo	gy			
in case credits are awarded for separate components/parts of the course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits WEEKLY TEACHNG HOURS CREDITS (ECTS) awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits Lectures 2 3 Image: Course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits Lectures 2 3 Image: Course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits Lectures 2 3 Image: Course of the organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4 Image: Course of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4 Eackground knowledge General Knowledge	INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIES						
Lectures 2 3 Tutoring Laboratory Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4 3 Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4 3 COURSE TYPE Background knowledge. General Knowledge. Scientific expertise, General Knowledge.	in case credits are awarded for separa course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory e awarded for the entire course, give th the total crea	ate components, exercises, etc. If e weekly teachin dits	/parts of the credits are ng hours and	WEEKLY TEACHNG HOURS		CREDITS (ECTS)		
Tutoring Laboratory Laboratory 2 Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4 2 Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4 2 Background knowledge, Background knowledge, General Knowledge, General Knowledge, Skills Development General Knowledge, Skills Development PREREQUISITE COURSES:			Lectures	2		3		
Laboratory Laboratory Total 2 3 Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4 Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4 Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4 COURSE TYPE Background knowledge General Knowledge General Knowledge Scientific expertise, General Knowledge General Knowledge General Knowledge Skills Development Greek Greek Greek Greek LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Greek Greek Greek Greek THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS Yes (in Greek) Yes (in Greek) Greek			Tutoring					
Total 2 3 Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4 4 COURSE TYPE Background knowledge General Knowledge Background knowledge, Scientific expertise, General Knowledge General Knowledge 5 Skills Development 5 5 5 LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Greek 6 EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT: Greek 5 THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS Yes (in Greek)			Laboratory					
Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4 Image: Course type details under section 4 COURSE type Background knowledge, Background knowledge Background knowledge, General Knowledge General Knowledge, General Knowledge Scientific expertise, General Knowledge, Skills Development General Knowledge, General Knowledge Image: Course type details and the type details and type details			Total	2		3		
COURSE TYPE Background knowledge Background knowledge, General Knowledge Scientific expertise, General Knowledge General Knowledge, Skills Development PREREQUISITE COURSES: Greek LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Greek COURSE IS OFFERED TO Yes (in Greek)	Add rows if necessary. The organization teaching methods used are described in the second state of the second seco	n of teaching ai n detail under s	nd the ection 4					
Background knowledge, General Knowledge Scientific expertise, General Knowledge, General Knowledge, Skills Development PREREQUISITE COURSES: Greek LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Greek LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Greek THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS Yes (in Greek)	COURSE TYPE	Background kr	nowl <mark>edge</mark>					
Scientific expertise, General Knowledge, General Knowledge, Skills Development Skills Development Image: Courses: LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Greek LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Greek LANGUAGE OF EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT: Greek THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO Yes (in Greek)	Background knowledge,	General Know	ledge					
General Knowledge, Skills Development PREREQUISITE COURSES: Image: Course of the second s	Scientific expertise,							
Skills Development PREREQUISITE COURSES: LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Greek LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Greek LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Greek LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Structure LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Structure LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Structure LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Structure LANGUAGE OF EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT: Yes (in Greek) THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS Yes (in Greek)	General Knowledge,							
PREREQUISITE COURSES: LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Greek LANGUAGE OF Greek LANGUAGE OF Greek THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS Yes (in Greek)	Skills Development							
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: Greek LANGUAGE OF Greek EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT: Greek THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO Yes (in Greek) ERASMUS STUDENTS Yes (in Greek)	PREREQUISITE COURSES:							
LANGUAGE OF Greek EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT: Greek THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO Yes (in Greek) ERASMUS STUDENTS Yes (in Greek)	LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:	Greek						
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS Yes (in Greek)	LANGUAGE OF EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:	Greek						
	THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek)						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	COURSE WEBSITE (URL)							

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail.

It is necessary to consult:

APPENDIX A

• Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework.

• Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and

APPENDIX B

• Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

After completing this course, students will have:

- Familiarized themselves with and comprehended concepts related to Food Science and Technology
- Learned the general principles that govern Food Science and Technology
- Comprehended the origin, composition, and nutrients of food and the nutritional value of distinct categories of food
- Learned the basic principles of food processing and preservation
- Familiarized themselves with packaging form, the role of additives, comprehended the basic rules of hygiene and safety in production plants, and the rules of transport and storage
- Exposed themselves to issues related to global food demand, available food supply, and contemporary problems of food sufficiency and quality

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general comp	etences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in				
the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?					
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Project planning and management				
and information by the use of appropriate	Respect for diversity and multiculturalism				
technologies,	Environmental awareness				
Adapting to new situations	Social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender				
Decision-making	issues				
Individual/Independent work	Critical thinking				
Group/Team work	Development of free, creative and inductive thinking				
Working in an international environment					
Working in an interdisciplinary	(Othercitizenship, spiritual freedom, social awareness, altruism etc.)				
environment					

Introduction of innovative research

- Researching, analyzing, and synthesizing data and information with the use of suitable technologies
- Working autonomously
- Promoting free, creative, and deductive reasoning

COURSE CONTENT

- 1. Definitions and general concepts in Food Science and Technology. The food industry.
- 2. Composition, nutrients and nutritional value of food.
- 3. Carbohydrates (stereochemistry, chemical and physical properties, structural and storage polysaccharides).
- 4. Proteins (structure, role, physical and chemical properties).
- 5. Fats and oils (chemical structure, chemical and physical properties, fatty acids in food).
- 6. Water (water in food, chemical structure, chemical and physical properties).
- 7. Minerals (macronutrients, micronutrients and their role).
- 8. Vitamins and food additives (antioxidants, preservatives, colorings).
- 9. Contemporary challenges of the agri-food and food sector.
- 10. Origin and categories of food.
- 11. Hygiene and food safety, spoilage, sources of contamination (effects of microorganisms on food, desirable and undesirable changes, toxins).

- 12. Principles of food processing, preservation and packaging (principles of heating, cooling, freezing, condensation/drying).
- 13. Qualitative and sensory evaluation of food.

TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

MODES OF DELIVERY Face-to-face, in-class lecturing, distance teaching and distance learning etc. USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory Education. Communication with	Face-to-face, in-class lecturing Power point presentation, White class and e-mails	eboard writing, Communication with students thro	ugh e-
students			
OURSE DESIGN Description of teaching techniques, practices and methods: Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, Internship, Art Workshop, Interactive teaching, Educational visits, projects, Essay writing, Artistic creativity, etc. The study hours for each learning activity as well as the hours of self-directed study are given following the principles of the ECTS.	Activity/Method Lectures	Semester workload 78 78 78 78 78 78	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT METHODS Detailed description of the evaluation procedures: Language of evaluation, assessment methods, formative or summative (conclusive), multiple choice tests, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral exam, presentation, laboratory work, otheretc. Specifically defined evaluation criteria are stated, as well as if and where they are accessible by the students.	Final written examination that in -multiple choice questions -fill-in the blanks questions -short answer questions	ncludes:	

SUGGESTED READING:

- Abuhav, I. (2016). A Complete Guide to Quality Management Systems. Taylors and Francis, Portland, OR.
- Campbell-Platt, G. (2017) Food Science and Technology. 2nd ed. Willey, Hoboken, NJ.
- Bélanger, J. and D. Pilling. (2019) The State of the World's Biodiversity for Food and Agriculture. FAO, Rome.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years							
Grade (descending order)	abs freq	olute uency	relativ frequen %	e cy	sum succ rates cla	of ess per ss	
INTRODUCTI	ON TO	FOOD S	CIENCE A	ND T	ECHNO	LOGY	
10		3		1%		1%	
9		2		1%		2%	
8		29	1	.4%		17%	
7		54	2	26%		43%	
6		116	5	7%		100%	
		204	10	0%			

Informatics Applications

SCHOOL	ENVIRONME	NT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE			
COURSE CODE	FST105		SEMESTER	1	
COURSE TITLE		S APPLICATION	S		
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate cor lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES nponents of the edits are awarde g hours and the	course, e.g. ed for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
		Lectures	2		
		Lab	2		
	Total 4 4				
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching			
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	General back	ground			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes, in Greek				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course students will have acquired the necessary knowledge to:

- Create and edit text (MS Word)
- Create and edit spreadsheets (MS Excel)
- Create graphs and perform calculations
- Create graphical presentations using MS-Power Point.
- Use internet (Internet Explorer), e-mail (Outlook Express)
- Search for scientific information on platforms (Google Scholar etc.) and in electronic journals/ scientific journals electronic databases

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

COURSE CONTENT

Theoretical Part of the Course

Introduction to the use of computers. Digital systems. Technical characteristics of computers. Microprocessors. Microcomputers. Operating systems, windows programs, programs for recording, processing and data management, word processing programs, graphic display programs.

1. Introduction to computers (Basic hardware and software components. Data storage and management. Computer structure. Terminals, workstations and networks. Introduction to the basic types of software).

2. Information Processing (Data input modules, techniques, and applications in real-world problems. Secondary memory modules: disks, floppy disks, CD-ROMs, VDUs, printers, and other output modules. Windows operating system and file storage. Basic file organization).

3. Data Communication (Introduction to networks. Basic network topologies. Basic concepts of Internet, communication and information search. Use of the Internet and e-mail).

4. Copywriter (Start Word. Create documents. Edit documents. Move and copy text. Work with fonts. Work with paragraphs. Language checking tools. Text layout. Print. Tables. Merge mail. Graphics. Save).

5. Spreadsheets (Start. Create workbooks. Perform basic calculations. Format. Change structure. Print. Work with multiple sheets. Graphs / Pictures).

Laboratory Part of the Course

• Introduction to the MS Windows operating system (Basics and Concepts, File Management, Windows embedded applications, Control Panel, Install - Uninstall Programs, Prints, Security and Virus Management). Text Editing (MS Word), Spreadsheets (MS Excel). Graphic presentations using MS-Power Point. Learning and using the internet

(Internet Explorer), e-mail (Outlook Express), information retrieval (Google, Yahoo, etc.) and international bibliography (electronic journals and scientific electronic databases).

	In teaching class		
Face-to-face. Distance learnina. etc.			
	Use of Internet		
TECHNOLOGY			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	78	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of hibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop,	Laborat <mark>or</mark> y	26	
interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic			
creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as	Total contact hours and	104	
the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	training		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Theoretical part :		
	- Comprehension / short answer questions		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or	- Multiple Choice or Right Wrong Questions		
open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral	Laboratory part:		
examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination	- Comprehension / Short Answer Questions		
of patient, art interpretation, other	- Comparative evaluation of Theory and Jaboratory Exercises		
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they	Gravity factors to extract the final grade are: 40% laboratory		
are accessible to students.			

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

3. Εισαγωγή στην Πληροφορική, Συγγραφείς: Αθ. Τσουροπλής, Κ. Κλημόπουλος, Εκδόσεις Νέων Τεχνολογιών

- 4. Χρήση Υπολογιστή, Συγγραφείς: Χρ. Κοίλιας, Στρ. Καλαφούτης, Εκδόσεις Νέων Τεχνολογιών
- 5. Exploring Windows, Publisher: Prentice- Hall, Authors: R.T. Grauer and M. Barber
- 6. Exploring Microsoft Word, Publisher: Prentice- Hall, Authors: R.T. Grauer and M. Barber
- 7. Exploring Microsoft Excel, Publisher: Prentice- Hall, Authors: R.T. Grauer and M. Barber

Performance	Statistics	of the	last 2	years
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Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency (%)	Sum of success rates per class (%)
	ΕΦΑΡΜΟΓ	ΕΣ ΠΛΗΡΟΦΟΡΙΚΗΣ	
10	62	33%	33%
9	45	24%	57%
8	33	18%	74%
7	32	17%	91%
6	16	9%	100%
	188	100%	

Economics and Agribusiness Management

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENC	CE AND TECHNO	logy		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE			
COURSE CODE	FST106		SEMESTER	1	
COURSE TITLE	ECONOMICS	& AGRIBUSINE	SS MANAGEME	ENT	
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES WEEKLY mponents of the course, e.g. TEACHING edits are awarded for the whole HOURS			CREDITS	
		Lectures	3		
		Total	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching			
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	General Back	ground			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS: IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Greek Yes (in Greek)			
ERASMUS STUDENTS COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Describe the basic terms related to economic theories.
- Understand the objectives of the application of economic theories.
- Describe the importance of the economic and physical environment for financial institutions
- Understand the importance of proper staffing and management of human resources for the proper functioning of an economic organisation.
- Plan and make decisions for the development of economic organisations.
- Organise the processes of an enterprise

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplingry environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others
General skills: 1. Adaptation to new situations. 2. Decision making. 3. Autonomous work. 4. Teamwork	
5. Exercise criticism and self-criticism.	
6. Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking.	

SYLLABUS

Theoretical Part of the Course

Introduction, the modern Greek company, management as a means of activating

7. Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information, in order to apply the theory in practice

business organizations, the concept and nature of programming, decision making,

fundamental principles of the organization, assignment of activities, the object of staffing, pre-recruitment procedures, post-recruitment staff procedures, motivating employees, accepting change, leadership, effective communication, control activity, information and knowledge management, total quality management, global management, personal time management, personal management for a successful career

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technology on data collection and information, in teaching and communication. Communication

	with students via web, e-mail, options etc.	, e-class and online folder sharing
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
	Lectures	117
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic	Total contact hours and training	117
creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Evaluation procedure performe	ed in <mark>Greek.</mark>
Description of the evaluation procedure	Written examination on graded	d difficulty topics, including text
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	development and comprehens	ion questions
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.		

<mark>BIB</mark>LIOGRAPHY

<mark>Ελλ</mark>ηνική

Ο<mark>ργ</mark>άνωση και Διοίκηση: Το management της ν<mark>έας εποχής</mark>. Εκδόσει<mark>ς Rosili. 4ηέκδ</mark>οση, 2007 Ξενόγλωσση

Economic Theory. Springer

Performance Statistics of the last 2years					
Grade (descending order)	Grade absolute escending frequency order)		relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class	
ECONOMICS	& ORGAI	NIZAT	TION OF FOOD	BUSIN	ESSES
10		27	13%		13%
9		7	3%		1 <mark>7%</mark>
8		42	21%		3 <mark>8%</mark>
7		77	38%		7 <mark>6%</mark>
6		49	24%		100%
		202	100%		

Physics

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT		
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE		
COURSE CODE	FST107		SEMESTER	1
COURSE TITLE	PHYSICS			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	G CREDITS	
		Lectures	2	
	Laborato	ry <mark>ex</mark> periments		
	Total			3
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	ne teaching		
COURSE TYPE	General back	g <mark>ro</mark> und / Skills d	lev <mark>elo</mark> pment	
General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek			
EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	No			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described. Consult Appendix A

• Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area

- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Describe the basic principles of Physics
- Identify and use the international system of units measurement
- Understand and describe natural processes and phenomena
- Analyse experimental data

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others
 Adapting to new situations Data collection and analysis Critical thinking Decision-making Working independently 	
SYLLABUS	

Introduction to error theory. Physical quantities, international system of units, coordinate systems, Newton's laws, equilibrium conditions, power, work, energy, forms of energy. Oscillations, resonance, transverse and longitudinal waves, standing waves. Ideal and real gases. Thermal properties of matter. Emission and absorption spectra, optics, reflection and refraction, polarization of light, optical fibers. Selected topics in Fluid Engineering and Heat Transfer.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	In class
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technologies in data collection, teaching and communication. Communication with students via e-mail, eClass, Viber.
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	ActivitySemester workloadLectures78 hoursTotal contact hours and training78 hours
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	 Language of assessment: Greek Evaluation methods Midterm exam

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	- Final exam
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	
BIBLIOGRAPHY	

- J. McMurry, Organic Chemistry
- Ι. Σπηλιόπουλος, Βασική οργανική χημεία
- Ν. Αργυρόπουλος, Ε. Κουτούλη-Αργυροπούλου, Κ. Λίτινας, Ε. Μαλαμίδου-Ξενικάκη, Α. Μαρούλης, Σ. Σπυρούδης, Κ. Τσολερίδης, Κ. Χατζηαντωνίου-Μαρούλη, Πειραματική Οργανική Χημεία

Performance Statistics of the last 2years					
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class		
	РНУ	SICS			
10	41	24%	24%		
9	30	18%	42%		
8	36	21%	63%		
7	14	8%	71%		
6	50	29%	100%		
	171	100%			

Organic Chemistry

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE			
COURSE CODE	FST201		SEMESTER	2	
COURSE TITLE	ORGANIC CH	IEMISTRY			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	i CREDI	TS	
		Lectures	3		
	Laborato	ry <mark>ex</mark> periments	2		
		Total	5	7	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	ne teaching			
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	General back	ground			5
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described. Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Describe the basic principles of Organic Chemistry
- Identify the functional groups of organic compounds, understand the reactions and the mechanisms associated with them and the correlation between the structure of a compound and its properties.
- Predict the physicochemical properties of organic compounds from molecular structure.
- Identify and implement essential apparatus, instruments and processes in an Organic Chemistry lab

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an international environment	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	 Others

- Adapting to new situations
- Critical thinking
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work

SYLLABUS

Structure of organic compounds, types of bonds, functional groups, structural and molecular formulas. Isomerism. Nomenclature of organic compounds. Spectroscopy. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Benzene and aromatic compounds. Alcohols and ethers. Carbonyl compounds, carboxylic acids, esters, amides. Amines, amino acids, peptides, proteins, lipids. Ionic properties of amino acids, methods of studying proteins. Carbohydrates.

Molecular structure and physical properties.

Typical lab experiments

- Molecular structure and physical properties
- Separations based on physical properties
- Separations based on chemical properties
- Solvents
- Thin layer chromatography
- Reactions of organic compounds
- Identification of organic compounds
- Preparation and isolation of a natural product

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	In class	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technologie teaching and communication. C students via e-mail, eClass, Vibe	s in data collection, Communication with er.
	Activity	Semester workload
	Lectures	117 hours
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Laboratory experiments	26 hours
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of	Total contact hours and training	143 h <mark>ou</mark> rs
non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Language of assessme	nt: Gre <mark>ek</mark>
Description of the augustion proceedure	Evaluation methods	
Description of the evaluation procedure	- Mildterm exam	
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple		
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory		
work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other		
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.		

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- J. McMurry, Organic Chemistry
- Ι. Σπηλιόπουλος, Βασική οργανική χημεία
- Ν. Αργυρόπουλος, Ε. Κουτούλη-Αργυροπούλου, Κ. Λίτινας, Ε. Μαλαμίδου-Ξενικάκη, Α. Μαρούλης, Σ. Σπυρούδης, Κ. Τσολερίδης, Κ. Χατζηαντωνίου-Μαρούλη, Πειραματική Οργανική Χημεία

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency		relative frequency %		sum of success rates per class	
	ORGA	AN <mark>IC C</mark>	HEMISTRY			
10		4	3%		3%	
9		5	4%		<mark>7%</mark>	
8		20	17%		24%	
7		22	18%		42%	
6		70	58%		100%	
		121	100%			

Quantitative Chemical Analysis

SCHOOL	ENVIRONMEN	ENVIRONMENT		
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENC	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDREGRAD	JNDREGRADUATE		
COURSE CODE	FST202		SEMESTER 2	See .
COURSE TITLE	QUANTITATIN	QUANTITATIVE CHEMICAL ANALYSIS		
INDEPENDENT TEACHII if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the co of the course, give the weekly teachin	NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the redits are award g hours and the	e course, e.g. led for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
		Lectures	2	
	Labora	it <mark>or</mark> y exercise	2	
		Total	4	5
Add rows if necessary. The organisatic teaching methods used are described	n of teaching in detail at (d).	and the		
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	General ba	ckground, gener	al knowledge, skills	development
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	•			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek)			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes
- To know the basic concepts of quantitative chemistry.
- To understand the methods applied to each quantitative analysis.
- To familiarize with the use of reagents and the handling of instruments that can befound in a chemical laboratory.
- To apply the safety rules in the laboratory.
- To perform quantification experiments.
- To solve quantitative chemistry exercises.
- To interpret and present scientifically substantiated the results of a quantification.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural
necessary technology	environment
Adapting to new	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to
situations	gender issues
Decision-making	Criticism and self-criticism
Working	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
independently	Others
Team work	
Working in an international	
environment Working in an	
interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	
 Adapting to new situations 	
 Decision-making 	
 Working independently 	
• Team work	
• Criticism and self-criticism	

- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Content of theoretical course:

Introduction to Quantitative Chemistry. Solutions. Errors. Chemical reactions. Stoichiometric calculations. Chemical balance. Gravimetric analysis. pH. Buffers. Volumetric analysis, stoichiometry, equivalent point, neutralization, titration curves, measurement errors, accuracy, repeatability. Classification of volumetric methods. Neutralization titrations, acidimetry and alkalimetry. Precipitation titrations. Silvermetric titration. Redox titrations. Iodometry. Iodimetry. Complexometric titrations. Manganometry.

Content of laboratory course:

- 1) Introduction to Quantitative Chemistry (Safety rules in the laboratory, Instruments and their handling)
- 2) Contents, Concentrations, Solutions, Exercises
- 3) Neutralization titrations Acidimetry
- 4) Neutralization titrations Alkalimetry
- 5) Buffers (Production, Buffer Calculation)
- 6) Precipitation titrations Silvermetric titration
- 7) Redox titrations lodometry and lodimetry
- 8) Gravimetric analysis (Determination of solid material moisture)
- 9) Complexometric titrations (Determination of water hardness)
- 10) Reduction oxidation titrations

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	RY Face-to-face			
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Use of ICT in teaching. Communication with students via e-class, e-mail, etc.			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Lectures	7 <mark>8</mark>		
	Laboratory practise	26		
	Total contact hours and	104		
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	training			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Language of evaluation: Greek			
Description of the evaluation procedure	Methods of evaluation:			
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive,	Progress work during the semester (formative)			
multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	Final examination (Concluding)			
	I neoretical part: multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer			
	Laboratory part: multiple choice questionnaires short-answer			
	questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, laboratory work.			
are accessible to students.	Final grade: 60% theoretical grade and 40% laboratory grade			
	The accessibility of students in criteria and final results is through website and/or e-class.			

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Themelis, D., Zachariadis, G. (1997). Analytical Chemistry. Publication: Ziti Pelagia & SIA (in Greek)
- Xenos, K. (2002). Analytical Chemistry. Publication: Maria Parikou & SIA (in Greek)
- Voulgaropoulos, A., Zachariadis G., Stratis, I., Anthemidis, A. (2012). Quantitative Analytical Chemistry. Ziti Publications (in Greek)

Performance Statistics of the last 2years							
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class				
QUANTITATIVE CHEMISTRY							
10	15	6%	6%				
9	29	12%	18%				
8	52	21%	39%				
7	65	26%	65%				
6	85	35%	100%				
	246	100%					

Statistics Applications

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT					
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE					
COURSE CODE	FST203 SEMESTER 2					
COURSE TITLE	STATISTICS A	PPLICATIONS				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		course, e.g. d for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS	
		Lectures	3			
		Total	3		6	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).						
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	General Back	ground				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS: IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Greek Yes (in Greek					
ERASMUS STUDENTS		1				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				_		

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- describe the basic principles of statistical analysis
- use specific software tools for statistical analysis
- carry out statistical analysis on subjects related to food technology and science
- evaluate and interpret the results of statistical analysis
General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	 Others

- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Use of statistics in food technology. Descriptive statistics, methods of statistical analysis, estimation of central tendency and dispersion of numbers. Probability data. Basic distributions (normal, binomial, Poisson). Sampling - experimental designs. Derivative distributions (t - distribution, χ2 distribution). Statistical tests, analysis of variance, non-parametric tests. Linear regression and correlation. Statistical quality control - control charts.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technology on data colle information, in teaching and communication Communication with students via web, e-ma and online folder sharing options etc.	ction and 1. ail, e-class
TEACHING METHODS	ActivitySemester weLectures117	orkload
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Total contact hours 117 and training	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS		

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Evaluation procedure performed in Greek.
Description of the evaluation procedure	Written Evaluation
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	

- Suggested bibliography:

1.BO<mark>OK</mark> [68402975]: Στατιστικές Μέθοδοι και Ανάλυση Παλινδρόμησης για τις νέες τεχνολογίες, Φιλιππάκης Μ.

2.BO<mark>OK [</mark>50659284]: Εισαγωγή στις Πιθανότητες και τ<mark>η</mark> Στατιστική, Γεώρ<mark>γ</mark>ιος Κ. Παπαδόπουλος

3.<mark>BOOK</mark> [68373083]: Μέθοδοι Επιχειρηματικής Έρ<mark>ευ</mark>νας, Quinlan Christina, Zikmund William

4.BOOK [13256511]: Θεμελειώδεις έννοιες στη βιοστατιστική, Bowers D.

5.BOOK [59388202]: Στατιστική, 5η Έκδοση, Sp<mark>ie</mark>gelMurrayR.,StephensLarryJ.

6.BOOK [32998985]: STATISTIKH, Günter Bamberg, Franz Baur, Michael Krapp

<mark>7.ΒΟΟΚ [5</mark>9377478]: Στατιστική Μέθοδοι Ανά<mark>λυ</mark>σης <mark>για Επιχειρηματικές</mark> Αποφάσεις (4η έκδοση), Ιωάννης <mark>Χαλι</mark>κιάς

Performance Statistics of the last 2years							
Grade (descending order)		absolute frequency		relative frequency %	รเ	sum access per c	of rates lass
		S	TATIS	STICS			
1	0		15	6%			6%
	9		14	6%			12%
	8		18	8%			20%
	7		22	9%			30%
	6		164	70%			100%
			233	100%			

General Microbiology

SCHOOL	ENVIRONME	NT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	BACHELOR O	BACHELOR OF SCIENCE			
COURSE CODE	FST204		SEMESTER 2	2	
COURSE TITLE	GENERAL MI	GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY			
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate cor lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES nponents of the edits are awarde g hours and the	course, e.g. ed for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
		Lectures	2		
	Labo	rat <mark>or</mark> y practice	3		
		Total	5	6	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching			
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Specialised g	eneral knowled	ge		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The aim of General Microbiology course is for students to develop an understanding of the basic concepts of microorganisms and be familiar to the specific biochemical and physiological characteristics used to classify them.

Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- Identify microorganisms and explain the biochemical and physiological activities through which microorganisms perform their work, beneficial or harmful.
- Carry out microbiological techniques and methodologies, with particular emphasis on microbiological analyses of foodstuffs.

- Select the most appropriate method of microbiological analysis and interpret its results.
- Evaluate and apply new and innovative proposed methods of microbiological analysis and compare them with classical methodology.
- Provide a knowledge base on which to build an understanding of topics related to microbiology, biotechnology and food hygiene.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

SYLLABUS

Lectures

- Microorganisms as Cells
- Viruses and Prions
- The Impact of Microorganisms on Human Affairs
- Classification of Microorganisms
- Microbial Cell Biochemistry
- Factors affecting Microbial Growth in Foods
- Humidity, Water Activity
- ReDox Potential
- pH
- Nutrients
- Microbial Contamination of Food Products Physical and Chemical Changes Caused
- Food Preservation
- Industrial Microorganisms
- Food Spoilage
- Microbial Pathogens Food Poisoning (physiology, disease symptoms, prevention and control

• Methods of Enumeration and Detection of Microbial Population in Foods

Laboratory Practice

- Laboratory Safety: General Rules and Regulations
- Bacteria Morphology: Simple Stain, Negative Stain, Gram-Stain, Ziehl-Neelsen, Endospore Stain, Capsule stain
- Culture Media: Nutritional Requirements, Preparation, Usage, Inoculation
- Techniques for Isolation of Pure Cultures: Isolation of Discrete Colonies from a Mixed Culture (Streak or Spread Plate)
- Bacteria Identification: Physiological and Nutritional Requirements, Physical Requirements (Temperature, Oxygen),
 Biochemical Activities (Catalase test, Oxidase test, etc.)
- Sugar Utilization (Hugh-Liefson test, M.R.-V.P.
- Protein Utilization: Casein and Zelatin Hydrolysis, Hemolysis
- Aminoacid Utilization: Lysine Decarboxylation, Phenylalanine deamination, H₂S Production
- Organic Acid Utilization
- **Prot**ozoa (environmental, parasitic)
- Fungi: Cultivation and Morphology, Identification
- Yeast: Cultivation and Morphology, Reproduction and Identification
- Bacteria: Isolation, Cultivation, Enrichment
- Biochemical and Immunological Tests for Bacteria Identification
- Identification of Bacteria Using Molecular Biology Tests
- Physical and Chemical Agents for the Control of Microbial Growth
- Bacterial Genetics

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	In teaching class			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Power point presentation	, Whiteboard writing		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester wo	rkload	
	Lectures	78		
The manner and methods of teaching are	Laboratory practice	39		
described in detail.				
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,				
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art				
workshop, interactive teaching, educational				
etc.				
The student's study hours for each learning				
directed study according to the principles of the				
ECTS	Total contact hours ar	id		
	training	117		

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

DN Final written examination in theory and in laboratory that includes:

Language of evaluation: Greek

Midterm and final exams (fill-in the blanks questions, short answer questions, multiple choice questions)

Students' access is to both the criteria and the examination results performed through the departmental site and/or the e-class platform.

4. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- **1.** Bibek Ray, Arun Bhunia (2013). Fundamental Food Microbiology, Fifth Edition. CRC Press
- 2. Martin R Adams, Maurice O Moss, Peter McClure (2016). Food Microbiology. Royal Society of Chemistry
- 3. James M. Jay, Martin J. Loessner, David A. Golden (2008). Modern Food Microbiology. Springer Science & Business Media
- **4.** Brock: Biology of microorganisms. Madigan, Martinko Bender, Buckley και Stahl.
- 5. Microbiology: A human Perspective, 7th edition, by Nester, Anderson & Roberts. 2011. McGraw-Hill Publishing Company.
- **6.** Microbiology: An Introduction, 11th edition, by G.J. Tortora, RB.R. Funke and C.L. Case.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade (descending order)	absolute relative frequency frequency %		su	sum ccess per c	of rates lass	
GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY						
10		14	9%			9%
9		29	18%			27%
8		44	27%			54%
7		47	29%			83%
6		28	17%			100%
		162	100%			

Nutrition

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT				
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	FST205	ST205 SEMESTER 2				
COURSE TITLE	NUTRITION					
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the edits are awarde g hours and the	course, e.g. ed for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	i CREDITS		
		Lectures	3			
		Total	3	6		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).						
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	General Back	ground, special	ised general kn	owledge		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek	:)				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)						

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the student is expected to be able to:

- describe the basic and necessary information regarding nutrition, food ingredients, nutritional value and the importance of nutrition.
- understand and be able to interpret the role of nutrients in the normal functioning of the human body,
- describe the nutritional needs at different ages
- explain the effects of excessive intake or lack of each category

correlate pathological conditions of the body with nutritional elements

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management				
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism				
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment				
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues				
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism				
Team work	Production of free. creative and inductive thinking				
Working in an international environment	······ ,,, ···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···				
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Production of new research ideas	Others				
 Adapting to new situations 					
Decision-making					
Working independently					
• Team work					
Criticism and self-criticism					
Production of free creative and inductive thinking					
Courte for and size and multiculte till king	and the second state of th				
 Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and info 	rmation, with the use of the necessary technology				

SYLLABUS

Chemical elements and their compounds as components of diet. Organic ingredients, Trace elements, Principles and rules of healthy eating. Nutrition and health relationships, Energy needs of the human body, energy needs assessment

Water in food, drink and diet. Drinking water, Beverages, Flavonoids, Aromatic plants, Polyphenols and their antioxidant activity

Sugars - carbohydrates. Description. Pectins. Important carbohydrate foods and their role in the diet. Dietary fiber, carbohydrate fermentation

Fats and oils. Description. Fatty acids and foods. The importance of triglycerides for proper nutrition Proteins or albumins. Basic protein foods. The role of proteins in the diet. Enzymes in food technology and nutrition

Vitamins. Fat-soluble and water-soluble vitamins

Nutritional suggestions. Applications of dietary standards and instructions. Calculation of calories and diet recommendation

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	In teaching class
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Power point presentation, contact and access via web platform (e-class), contact via e-mails and in-office hours		
	Activity	Semester workload	
	Lectures	117	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Total contact hours and training	117	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Language of evaluation: Gre	eek	
Description of the evaluation procedure	Written final exams that include subjects of graded		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	to		

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography: 1.BOOK [13256445]: Εγχειρίδιο διατροφής, Biesalski Hans - Konrad,Grimm eter Λεπτομέρειες 2.BOOK [68399883]: ΔΙΑΤΡΟΦΗ του ΑΝΘΡΩΠΟΥ, Σφλώμος ΚωνσταντίνοςΛεπτομέρειες 3.B [33155038]: Εισαγωγή στη διατροφή του ανθρώπου, GIBNEY ICHAEL. J. , SUSAN A. LANHAM-NEW, AEDIN CASSIDY, HESTER H. VORSTER Λεπτομέρειες

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade (descending order)	abs freq	olute uency	relative frequency %	su	sum Iccess per c	of rates lass
		NUTR	ITION			
10		24	10%			10%
9		26	11%			21%
8		37	15%			36%
7		54	23%			59%
6		98	41%			100%
		239	100%			

Food Biochemistry

SCHOOL	ENVIRONME	ENVIRONMENT					
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	OOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	JNDERGRADUATE					
COURSE CODE	FST301		SEMESTER	3			
COURSE TITLE	Food Bioch	emistry					
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate cor lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES nponents of the edits are awarde g hours and the	course, e.g. d for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS		
		Lectures	2				
		Laboratory	2				
	Total	4		6			
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching					
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Special backg	round	7				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek)			N N		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)							

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- recognize basic biomolecules (carbohydrates, proteins, lipids, nucleic acids) and their chemical composition, structure and function.
- classify proteins based on their structure and the functions.
- describe biosynthesis and catabolism of biomolecules.
- know the role of nucleic acids in the biosynthesis of proteins.
- know the mechanisms of enzymatic reactions and to determine their kinetic constants.

- understand the basic biochemical changes in food processing and processing.
- integrate their knowledge in the design of new methodological and experimental approaches in the field of Food Science and Technology and other related sciences.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Working in an interdisciplinary environment.
- Working in an international environment.
- Decision making.
- Autonomous work.
- Teamwork.
- Promote creative and inductive thinking.
- Analyze and synthesize of data and information in order to apply the theory in practice.

SYLLABUS

The course is the introductory theory to the basis of Food Biochemistry. It aims to give the students the acquisition of knowledge on the basic categories of biomolecules and the understanding of the basic biochemical metabolic pathways. The course material also aims at the study and understanding of biochemical processes that take place during the conversion of raw material (e.g. meat, milk, cereals, fruits and vegetables) in an edible finished product or a new type of food. Finally, the course aims to educate students on basic methodological and experimental applications in the field of Food Biochemistry. Specifically, in the context of the course lectures, the following will be analyzed, among others.

<u>THEORY</u>

- Introduction to Food Biochemistry: proteins, carbohydrates, lipids, membranes, enzymes and coenzymes.
- Basic principles of metabolism. Biological oxidations. Metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids and amino acids.
- Principles of gluconeogenesis, glycogen metabolism.
- Structure and role of nucleic acids, biosynthesis of macromolecule precursors, flow of genetic information, gene expression.
- Biosynthesis of food ingredients (e.g. milk).
- Biochemical changes in foods (meat, fish, cereals).
- Protein metabolism and gene expression.

LABORATORY

- Food enzymes: β-galactosidase, catalase and invertase study
- Study of reducing sugars

- Isolation and characterization of milk casein
- Amino acid analysis by thin-layer chromatography
- Effect of processing and storage on food natural colorants
- Quantification of food vitamins
- Isolation of characterization of food nucleic acids
- DNA electrophoresis

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-fa <mark>ce</mark>		
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of video projector and com	puter, Internet use	
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,			
	Activity	Comostor workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Activity		
described in detail.	Lectures	78	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Laboratory	20	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,			
workshop, interactive teaching, educational			
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,			
etc.			
activity are given as well as the hours of non-			
directed study according to the principles of the			
ECTS	Total contact hours and		
	training	104	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	training		
Description of the evaluation procedure	L Final written examination in T	boony course include:	
	1. Final written examination in 1	field y course include.	
Language of evaluation, methods of	- Short answer questions		
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions,	- Multiple choice questions of	r Right/Wrong questions	
open-end <mark>ed</mark> questions, problem solving, written	II. Final written examination in	Laboratory course include:	
work, essay/report, oral examination, public	 Short answer questions 		
examination of patient, art interpretation.	- Multiple choice questions of	Right/Wrong questions	
other			
	Gravity factor of the score is: The	HEORY 60% of the final course	grade and LABORATORY
specifically-defined evaluation criteria are aiven, and if and where they are accessible to	40% of the final course grade.		-
students.	8.000		

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. A. Vafopoulou Mastrogiannaki, Food Biochemistry A, ZITI Publications (2003) ISBN 960-431-830-6 & 13 978-960-431-830-8 (*in Greek*).
- 2. G. Diamantidis, Introduction to Biochemistry, UNIVERSITY STUDIO PRESS Publications (2017), ISBN 978-960-12-2356-8 (*in Greek*).

- 3. S. Kalogiannis, Introduction to Biochemistry, ZITI Publications (2018), ISBN: 978-960-418-722-5 (in Greek).
- 4. B.K. Simpson, Food Biochemistry and Food Processing, Wiley-Blackwell, 2012, ISBN 081380874X
- 5. C. Alais & G. Linden, Food Biochemistry, Ellis Horwood Ltd., 1991, ISBN 0-7476-0061-9
- 6. J. M. Berg, J. L. Tymoczko, L. Stryer, Biochemistry, University Press Kritis (2014), ISBN-13: 9789605244233 (in Greek).
- 7. Escin Michael NA. Biochemistry of Foods. Academic Press 2013.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years							
Grade (descending order)	absolı freque	ıte ncy	relative frequency %		sum of success rates per class		
	FOO	D BIOC	HEM <mark>IS</mark> T	RY			
10		9		7%	7%		
9		10		7%	14%		
8		32		<mark>24</mark> %	38%		
7		48		36%	74%		
6		35		26%	100%		
		134		100%			

Food Processing I

SCHOOL	ENVIRONME	ENVIRONMENT					
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	OOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	BACHELOR O	BACHELOR OF SCIENCE					
COURSE CODE	FST302		SEMESTER	3			
COURSE TITLE	FOOD PROCE	ESSING I					
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the edits are awarde g hours and the	course, e.g. ed for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	G CREDITS			
		Lectures	2				
Laboratory practice			3				
Tota			5	6			
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching					
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised g	eneral knowledg	ge				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:							
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek						
EXAMINATIONS:							
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes, in <mark>Greek</mark>						
ERASMUS STUDENTS							
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)							

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course l earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course of **Food Processing I** correlates with the principles of food preservation and the methods to achieve food heat processing and low-temperature processing.

The course aims to educate students on the principles and methodologies to perform heat processing, refrigeration and freezing of foods, targeting the inhibition of microbial growth and maintenance of the quality properties of foods.

Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- Highlight the causes of food spoilage

- Describe the role of processing in the food industry
- Select and apply appropriate methods of heat treatment of food
- Select and apply appropriate methods of preserving and cooling food at low-temperatures
- Evaluate and present the results of laboratory exercises

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Others
Production of new research ideas	
Working independently	

- Team work
- Decision-making
- Solving problems

SYLLABUS

Theoretical part

- **1.** Introduction to Food Processing I.
- 2. Factors affecting food spoilage. Microbial growth. Role of pH and water activity.
- 3. Thermal Food Preservation techniques: Pasteurization and sterilization.
- 4. Thermal Food Preservation techniques: Aseptic processing. Canning.
- 5. Heat transfer. Calculations for heat processing.
- 6. Low temperature food processing: refrigeration.
- **7.** Methods of refrigerating foods.
- 8. Physiological and biochemical changes in refrigerated foods.
- 9. Low temperature food processing: freezing.
- **10.** Methods of freezing foods.
- **11.** Physiological and biochemical changes in frozen foods.

Laboratory practice

- **1.** Introduction to Food Processing I.
- 2. Factors affecting food spoilage.
- 3. Scalding
- 4. Pasteurization.
- 5. Gelling process.
- 6. Heat processing by cooking: boiling, baking, sous vide
- 7. Frying
- 8. Canning.
- 9. Refrigeration.
- 10. Freezing.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	In teaching class			
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Power point presentation, Whiteboard writing, solving			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	problems			
	Laboratory practice			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity Semester workload			
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures 78			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of hibliography tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive	Laboratory practice 39			
teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.				
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of	Total contact hours and			
non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	training			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Final written examination in theory and in laboratory			
Description of the evaluation procedure	that include:			
Langu <mark>age o</mark> f evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or concl <mark>usi</mark> ve, multiple				
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem	-multiple choice questions			
laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	-short answer questions			
specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.				
	-problem solving			
	-presentation			

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Conventional and advanced Food Processing Technologies (2015). S. Bhattacharya, (Ed.). John Willey & Sons, Ltd. UK.

2. Food Processing 1 (2016). 2nd Edition, E. S. Lazos, A. E. Lazou, Papazisis Press, Athens.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years								
Grade (descending order)		abso frequ	olute relative uency frequency %		sum of success rates per class			
		FO	OD I	PRO	CESSING I			
	10			4	3%			3%
	9			8	6%			9%
	8			32	24%			32%
	7			54	40%			72%
	6			38	28%			100%
				136	100%			

Food Analysis

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT					
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE					
	FST303	0/112	SEMESTER	3			
	5000 4144		02.012012.0				
COURSE IIILE	FOOD ANAL	1515					
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the edits are awarde g hours and the	course, e.g. ed for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS		
		Lectures	2				
Laboratory exercise			2				
Tota			4		6		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching					
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised g	eneral knowledg	ge				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:							
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek						
EXAMINATIONS:							
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes i <mark>n Greek</mark>						
ERASMUS STUDENTS							
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)							

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able:

- Describes the composition of food
- formulate the principles of the main methods of food analysis
- Distinguish and select the appropriate analytical methods according to the food and the ingredient to be analysed
- Identify and use scientific equipment relevant to food analysis
- Perform analytical techniques and comply with safety rules in a laboratory setting
- Collect experimental data and make calculations to draw conclusions

Interpret the results obtained from the various methods of food analysis

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others
 Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work 	

- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Theoretical part of the course:

The importance of food analysis. Food analysis methods and principles of quality control, prerequisites and legislation. Sampling, handling and preparation of laboratory samples for analysis. Macroscopic control and evaluation. Results presentation regarding the composition and quality of food.

Analytical methods to determine moisture content, ash, pH and acidity, protein, carbohydrate, oil and fat, vitamins, additives, inorganic compounds and natural antioxidants. Applications and examples of the latter methods on food analysis. Presentation of officially approved methods complying with current legislative regulations.

Laboratory exercises:

- Determination of moisture content
- Determination of ash content and alkaline ash in food
- Determination of titrable acidity
- Determination of sodium chloride in selected foods
- Determination of total nitrogen content using the Kjeldahl process
- Determination of fat using the Soxhlet method
- Determination of reducing sugars with the DNS method •
- Determination of vitamin C through titration
- Determination of gluten in flour
- Determination of Free Amino Nitrogen (FAN) using the ninhydrin colorimetric method •

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face					
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technology communication. Communicati folder sharing options etc.	y on data collection and info on with students via web,	ormation, in teaching and e-mail, e-class and online			
	Activity	Semester workload				
TEACHING METHODS	Lectures	78				
The manner and methods of teaching are						
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice	Laboratory exercise	26				
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,						
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational						
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,						
etc. The student's study hours for each learnina		<u> </u>	-			
activity are given as well as the hours of non-			_			
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Total soutpath bound and		-			
	training	104				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Evaluation procedure performe	ed in Greek				
a second second second						
Description of the evaluation procedure						
Language of evaluation, methods of	Evaluation procedures:					
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions,						
open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public	Written evaluation in questions of scaling difficulty					
examination of patient, art interpretation,	Two examination te	sts are performed in-bet	ween semester			
other	Final examination					
Specificall <mark>y-d</mark> efined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	The final grade is determined b and 60% of theory examination	by the following formula: 40 n grade.	% of laboratory exercise grad			

- Suggested bibliography:

Andrikopoulos, Food Analysis, 2010 (In Greek)

Arvanitogiannis, I., Varzakas, T., Tzifa, K., Food Quality Control, Laboratory exercises, 2008 (In Greek).

Polychroniadou-Alichanidou A., Food Analysis, Methods and Principles, 1996 (In Greek).

Performance Statistics of the last 2years								
Grade ab: (descending free order)		olute ency	te relative cy frequency %			sum of success rates per class		
	F	OOD AI						
10		1		1%		1%		
9		3	3%		3%	4%		
8		6			6%	9 <mark>%</mark>		
7		32			30%	40%		
6		64	64 60		60%	100%		
		106		1	L00%			

Food Microbiology

SCHOOL	ENVIRONMENT						
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENC	FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	BACHELOR O	F SCIENCE					
COURSE CODE	FST304		SEMESTER	3			
COURSE TITLE	FOOD MICRO	BIOLOGY					
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	ING ACTIVITIES omponents of the course, e.g. redits are awarded for the whole ng hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	G CREDITS			
		Lectures	2				
	Labo	ratory practice	3				
		Total	5	9			
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).							
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREOUISITE COURSES:	Specialised g	eneral knowledg	ge				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)							

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
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- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The aim of Food Microbiology course is for students to develop an understanding on the general biology of the microorganisms found in foods including their growth characteristics, identification and pathogenesis as well as food poisoning, food spoilage, food preservation, and food legislation

Upon successful completion of the course students will:

- Have the expertise to perform microbiological analysis in food and evaluate their microbiological quality
- Be able to describe the characteristics of foodborne, waterborne and spoilage microorganisms based on the

preservation method used

- Be able to explain why microbiological quality control programs are necessary in food production
- Be able to establish and supervise a HACCP plan system
- Be able to chose the appropriate method of microbiological analysis in foods and analyze its results.
- Be able to evaluate and apply new methods for the microbiological analysis of foods and compare their results with those of standard methods and procedures used.
- Choose the proper method for microbiological analysis and evaluate its results
- Evaluate and apply new methods of analysis of food commodities and compare their results with those of standard methods.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Working independently
- Decision-making
- Solving problems
- Projects

SYLLABUS

Lectures

- Pathogenic Bacteria, Viruses and Fungi in Food and Water Supplies
- Sources of Food Contamination and Poisoning Factors Influencing Microbial Growth in Food
- Microorganisms Used in Food Fermentations
- Microbial Enumeration in Food Products (Selective and Differential Media, Enrichment Culture Technique)
- Microbial Challenges in the Food Chain (Production, Transfer, Storage)
- Microbial Industrial Enzymes
- Food Poisoning and Food Infection
- Regulations and Standards Standard Methods in Food Microbiology

Laboratory Practice

- Growth of *Escherichia coli*, *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Bacillus cereus*, *Salmonella* sp., *Shigella* sp., *Listeria monocytogenes*, *Vibrio parahaemolyticus*, *Clostridium perfringens* (all ATCC strains) on selective and differential media.
- Microbiological Analysis of Canned Foods

- Microbiological Analysis of Cereals
- Microbiological Analysis of Milk and Dairy
- Microbiological Analysis of Eggs and their Products
- Microbiological Analysis of Fish and their Products
- Microbiological Analysis of Fruit Juices and Soft Drinks
- Microbiological Analysis of Meat and Meat Products
- Microbiological Analysis of Spices
- Microbiological Analysis of Fruits and Vegetables
- Microbiological Analysis of Water (Most Probable Number and Membrane Filter Technique)
- Microbiological Analysis of Industrial Surfaces and Machinery
- Use of Rapid Tests in Food Microbiology

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	In teaching class					
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Power point presentation, Whit	eboard writing				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload				
	Lectures	78				
The manner and methods of teaching are	Laboratory practice	39				
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice.						
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,						
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art						
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,						
etc. The student's study hours for each learning						
activity are given as well as the hours of non-						
directed study according to the principles of the	Total contract have a set					
	I otal contact nours and	117				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Final written examination in	theory and in laboratory	/ that includes:			
Description of the evaluation procedure						
Language of evaluation, methods of						
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple	-fill-in the blanks questions					
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended auestions, problem solving, written						
work, essay/report, oral examination, public	-short answer questions					
presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	-multiple choice questions					

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Bibek Ray, Arun Bhunia (2013). Fundamental Food Microbiology, Fifth Edition. CRC Press
- 2. Martin R Adams, Maurice O Moss, Peter McClure (2016). Food Microbiology. Royal Society of Chemistry

Performance Statistics of the last 2 years							
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class				
FOOD MICROBIOLOGY							
10	36	18%	18%				
9	13	6%	24%				
8	28	14%	38%				
7	39	19%	57%				
6	86	43%	100%				
	202	100%					

Food Marketing

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT				
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	CE AND TECHNO	LOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE				
COURSE CODE	FST305		SEMESTER 3			
COURSE TITLE	FOOD MARK	ETING				
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES nponents of the edits are awarde g hours and the	course, e.g. ed for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS		
		Lectures	3			
		Total	3	6		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching				
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	General Back	ground				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek	:)				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)						

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course l earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Describe the meaning and philosophy of marketing
- Comprehend the concept of marketing and the concept of market
- Understand the importance of planning and marketing strategies
- Describe the information system and marketing research
- Identify and express the consumer buying behavior
- Perceive market segmentation

Understand product strategies

General Competences

-

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- General skills
- Adaptation to new situations.
- Decision making.
- Autonomous work.
- 🖉 Teamwork
- criticism and self-criticism.
- Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking.
- Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information, in order to implement theory in practice

SYLLABUS

Theoretical Part of the Course Introduction, discovering food consumption, quality management, nutritional risk and food chain, understanding the consumer: information processing, the purchase and consumption of products, the use of research tools for diagnosis and monitoring of food markets, how to build a marketing strategy in the industry food products, food product management, branding and innovation, food promotion and communication.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of informatio communication. (folder sharing opt	on t <mark>echnology on data co</mark> Communication with stu tions etc.	ollection and inform idents via web, e-n	nation, in teaching and nail, e-class and online
TEACHING METHODS	Activit Lectures	ty Semes	ster workload 117	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.				

Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Total contact hours and training 117
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Evaluation procedure performed in Greek.
Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	Written examination in matters of graded difficulty, which include a) text development, b) comprehension questions.
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	

Performance	Statistics	of the last 2	vears
-------------	------------	---------------	-------

(de	Grade escending order)	absolu frequer	olute relative Jency frequency %			sum of success rates per class		
	F	OOD CON	/IPAN	IES MARKETIN	G			
	10		36	18%			18%	
	9		13	6%			24%	
	8		28	14%			38%	
	7		39	19%			57%	
	6		86	43%			100%	
			20 <mark>2</mark>	100%				

Food Engineering

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF I	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT					
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENC	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE					
COURSE CODE	FST401		SEMESTER	4			
COURSE TITLE	FOOD ENGIN	EERING					
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate cor lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	CHING ACTIVITIES components of the course, e.g. e credits are awarded for the whole ching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS		
		Lectures	2				
	Labor	at <mark>or</mark> y exercise	2				
		Total	4 6		6		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).							
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised ge	eneral knowled	ge				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:							
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek)					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)							

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course l earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The aim of the course is to introduce students to the principles of Food Engineering. in parallel to the theoretical knowledge.

Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- Calculate and determine key quantities necessary in food processing.
- Interpret situations and changes observed in food processing processes
- Calculate parameters and variables as well as mass balances in processes
- Convert size units related to the main physical properties of food
- Understand and apply mass balances in processes
- Understand the mechanisms of mass and energy transfer
- Calculate quantities such as process time, energy required and flow rates for equipment selection and cost

estimation of processes

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and		Project planning and management					
information, with the use of the necessary technology		Respect for difference and multiculturalism					
Adapting to ne	ew situations	Respect for the natural environment					
Decision-maki	ng	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues					
Working indep	pendently	Criticism and self-criticism					
Team work		Production of free, creative and inductive thinking					
Working in an	international environment						
Working in an interdisciplinary environment		Others					
Production of	new research ideas						
•	Adapting to new situations						
•	Decision-making						
•	Working independently						
•	Team work						
•	Criticism and self-criticism						
 Production of free, creative and inductive thinkin 		ing					
•	Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and ir	nformation, with the use of the necessary technology					

SYLLABUS

Theoretical part

Systems of units, mass and energy balances, applications in the Food industry.

Definition of viscosity, types of flow and fluids, basic fluid equations, applications in the Food industry.

Heat transfer to a permanent state by conduction, transfer and radiation, heat exchange.

Basic concepts of thermodynamics and applications in the food industry.

Laboratory Part

Laboratory Exercises

- 1. Mass Balances
- 2. Viscosity measurement
- 3. Filtration
- 4. Drying
- 5. Heat transfer
- 6. Centrifugation
- 7. Sedimentation
- 8. Mixing

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technology on data collection and information, in teaching and communication. Communication with students via web, e-mail, e-class and online folder sharing options etc.					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity					
	Lectures	78				
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Laboratory exercise	26				
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art						
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,						
etc. The student's study hours for each learning						
activity are given as well as the hours of non-						
ECTS	Total contact hours and training	104				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Theoretical part: Written exam	ination on graded multiple ch	noice difficulty plus a			
Description of the evaluation procedure	Written project on food industry case study language - Greek					
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice auestionnaires, short- answer auestions.						
open-ended questions, problem solving, written	Laboratory part: Submission of written laboratory reports plus a written examination in					
presentation, laboratory work, clinical	labora <mark>tory exercis</mark> es.					
other	Language of assessment - Greek					
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are						
given, and if and where they are accessible to students.						

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggest<mark>ed</mark> bibliography:

- Ζόγκζας Ν., Βασικές Αρχές Μηχανικής Τροφίμων, Εκδόσεις Τζιόλα 2017
- PaulSinghR., HeldmanD., Εισαγωγή στη Μηχανική Τροφίμων, Εκδόσεις Παρισιάνου 2016
- Λαμπρόπουλος Α., Ανέστης Σ., Μηχανικές και Θερμικές Διεργασίες των Τροφίμων, Θεωρία, 2005.
- Λαμπρόπουλο<mark>ς Α. , Αν</mark>έστης Σ., Μηχανικές και Θερμικές Διεργασίες των Τροφίμων, Εργαστ<mark>ηριακό</mark> Εγχειρίδιο, 2005.
- Λαζαρίδης Χ., Μηχανική Τροφίμων, 2007
- Mc Cabe, Warren L., Smith, Julian C., Harriot, Peter, "Βασικές Διεργασίες Χημικής Μηχανικής"(μετάφραση), Τζιόλα 2002.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class			
	FOOD ENGI	NEERING				
10	12	7%	7%			
9	41	24%	31%			
8	59	34%	65%			
7	46	27%	91%			
6	15	9%	100%			
_	173	100%				

Food Chemistry

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT				
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	FST402		SEMESTER	4	
COURSE TITLE	FOOD CHEM	ISTRY			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
		Lectures	2		
	Labo	ra <mark>to</mark> ry exercise	2		
		Total	4	6	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	ne teaching			
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Specialised g	eneral knowledg	ge		
	Graak				
EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek)				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able:

- To know the basic food components (water-ice, carbohydrates, lipids, amino acids, peptides, protein, enzymes).
- To understand the structure of the aforementioned components
- To understand their primary chemical and biochemical properties but also their functions
- To understand the basic functional properties of protein, polysaccharides and lipid compounds.

- To understand the conditions of disintegration in food systems and controlled the physicochemical processes involved.
- To interpret the behaviour, performance and interactions of primary food components within a food system.
- To describe the basic physical, chemical and biochemical processes that affect food quality degradation during food processing and preservation, impair food quality and also shelf life of food.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Theoretical part of the course:

- Water: physical properties, structure water-ice, interactions of water with other water soluble compounds, sorption phenomena, water activity (a_w) and food stability.
- Carbohydrates: classification, names, structures and dietary function. Monosaccharides, oligosaccharides, polysaccharides. Carbohydrate reactions. Hydrolysis, dehydration, thermal degradation, non-enzymatic browning. Mono- and oligosaccharides functions in foods. Hydrophilic character, sweetness, food browning products. Functional properties of polysaccharides. Interaction of food structure and physical properties, Water-polysaccharides interactions, acidic polysaccharides. Starch, structure of starch granules, starch gelatinisation and gel formation, starch rearrangement. Modified starch. Glycogen, cellulose, hemicellulose. Pectine, natural gums.
- Lipids: Classification and names. Fatty acids, acylglycerol, phospholipids, glycolipids, lipoproteins. Physical and chemical properties. Oil and fat, composition, properties, chemical activity and reactions. Emulsionsemulsifiers. Lipid changes in food, lipolysis, autoxidation of lipids, thermal degradation. Processed fats and refined oils chemistry. Lipid function and effect on the organoleptic characteristics of food (flavour, taste, odour). Physiological activity of lipids.
- Amino acids, peptides, protein: Physical and chemical properties, protein denaturation. Functional properties of proteins (water holding capacity, solubility, viscosity, gel forming and foaming ability, emulsification, viscoelastic properties of gluten, interaction on flavour and aroma compounds). Dietary properties of protein. Chemical and enzymatic modification of protein. Changes of protein during food processing and food preservation.

Laboratory exercises:

- Determination and adjustment of sugar concentration in food and wine
- Monitoring, estimation and adjustment of food and wine acidity
- Wine clarification using proteins
- Addition, monitoring and adjustment of SO₂
- Determination of free, total and bound sulphites
- Emulsions-Emulsifiers
- Lipid extraction and estimation using the Mojonnier method
- Non-enzymatic browning: Maillard reaction

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face				
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technology on data collection an communication. Communication with students via v folder sharing options etc.	d information, in teaching and veb, e-mail, e-class and online			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity Semester worklo	ad			
	Lectures 78				
The manner and methods of teaching are					
described in detail.	Laboratory exercise 26				
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,					
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art					
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,					
etc.					
activity are given as well as the hours of non-					
directed study according to the principles of the					
ECTS	Total contact hours and 104				
	training				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Evaluation procedure performed in Greek				
Description of the evaluation procedure					
Language of evaluation, methods of					
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple	Evaluation procedures:				
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended auestions, problem solving, written					
work, essay/report, ora <mark>l examination, public</mark>	written evaluation in questions of scaling difficulty				
presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of natient, art interpretation	• Two examination tests are performed in-between semester				
other	Final examination				
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are	The final grade is determined by the following formula: 40% of laboratory exercise grade				
given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	and 60% of theory examination grade.				

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- Belitz H. D., Grosch W., Schieberle P., Food Chemistry, 2011 (In Greek).
- Boskou, D., Food Chemistry, 2007 (In Greek).
- Sflomos, K., Food Chemistry and Nutrition facts, Volume 1, 2011 (In Greek).
- Galanopoulou, K., Zabetakis, G., Mavri-Vavayianni, M., Siafaka, A., Nutrion and Food Chemistry, 2007 (In Greek).

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade (descending order)	ab free	absolute frequency		elat uer	tive ncy %	sum of success rates per class
	FOOD CHE					
10		1			1%	1%
9		12			9%	10%
8		18			13%	23%
7		27	20%		20%	43%
6		77	57%		57%	100%
		135			100%	

Food Biotechnology

SCHOOL	ENVIRONMENT				
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	FST403		SEMESTER	4	
COURSE TITLE	FOOD BIOT	ECHNOLOGY			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
		Lectures	2		
	Labo	ra <mark>tor</mark> y practice	2		
		Total	4	6	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching			
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	COURSE TYPE Specialised general knowledge General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development Specialised general knowledge				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes, in Greek and English				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Food Biotechnology is an interdisciplinary subject combining the sciences of microbial biotechnology, fermentation technology and the development of bioprocesses.

The aim of Food Biotechnology course is to introduce concepts related to microbial and enzymatic processes and the role of microorganisms in food production. Students will be educated on issues related to microbial cultures, production and recovery of metabolic products and their application in food.

Upon successful completion of the course students will have knowledge to:

Describe the role of microorganisms and enzymes in Fermentation Technology
- Describe the different types of fermentations
- Outline the various applications of enzymes and other biotechnology-derived products in the food industry
- Explain the basic metabolic pathways of microorganisms
- Select microorganisms for the targeted production of biotechnological products and/or food additives
- Describe the recovery methods of biotechnological products
- describe different methods of recovery of biotechnological products
- use scientific equipment to apply techniques for the recovery of biotechnological products
- Calculate the results of the fermentation process (concentration of metabolic products produced, consumption of the substrate, etc.)
- Evaluate and assess the results of fermentation, considering the metabolism of the micro-organisms, the growth conditions

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Others
Production of new research ideas	

- Working independently
- Team work
- Decision-making
- Working in an interdisciplinary environment

SYLLABUS

- Introduction and importance of biotechnology in food production
- Microbial metabolism. Metabolic pathways involved in the microbial production of compounds
- Microorganisms used in Food Biotechnology
- Biotechnological production of enzymes
- Biotechnological production of single cell protein
- Biotechnological production of organic acids
- Biotechnological production of microbial oil
- Biotechnological production of carotenoids
- Biotechnological production of biopolymers
- Recovery of biotechnological products
- Food Biotechnology in bread, malting and brewing process
- Food Biotechnology in the production of table olives and vinegar
- Food Biotechnology in mushroom cultivation

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	In class				
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Power point presentation, Whiteboard writing Laboratory education, Problem solving				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
	Lectures	78			
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the	Laboratory practice	26			
ECTS	Total contact hours and training	104			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions,	Final written examination	in theory and in laborator	y) that includes:		
open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical	-short answer questions				
examination of patient, art interpretation, other	-judgment questions				
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	-problem solving				

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Microbiology and Microbial Technology (2007). Aggelis G. Stamoulis Press
- 2. Bioprocess Engineering Basic Concepts (2005). Shuler M. –Kargi F. NTUA Press.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class			
	FOOD BIOTEC	HNOLOGY				
10	16	10%	10%			
9	36	23%	33%			
8	35	22%	55%			
7	41	26%	81%			
6	31	19%	100%			
	159	100%				

Food Processing II

SCHOOL	ENVIRONME	ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES		DUATE			
COURSE CODE	FST404		SEMESTER	4	
COURSE TITLE	FOOD PROC	ESSING II			
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the edits are awarde g hours and the	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS	
		Lectures	2		
	Labo	ra <mark>tor</mark> y practice	3		
		Total	5		6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching			
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised g	eneral knowled	ge		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:		•			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek				
EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes, i <mark>n Greek</mark>	:			
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				2	

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course of **Food Processing II** falls under the issues of food drying, condensation, extraction, extrusion and microbial or enzymatic bio-conversion, among other methods.

Food Processing II course aims to educate students on the physical and chemical changes occur during food processing, the principles and methodologies to perform drying extraction, condensation, extrusion, bio-conversion, irradiation of foods. Also, advanced food processing methods are explained.

Upon successful completion of the course students will have knowledge to:

- Describe the physicochemical changes of foods
- Identify and select the most suitable method and instrument for food processing

- Select the appropriate methodology to perform food processing

- Calculate the parameters that affect food processing

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management					
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism					
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment					
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues					
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism					
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking					
Working in an international environment						
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Others					
Production of new research ideas						
 Working independently 						
The second se						

- Team work
- Decision-making
- Solving problems

SYLLABUS

Theoretical part

- Physical properties of foods. Glass transition. Water activity.
- Drying and dehydration processing technology.
- Drying and dehydration processing methods.
- Extraction processes. Conventional and un-conventional.
- Condensation. Evaporation. Membrane processing.
- Extrusion processing methods.
- High Pressure processing technology.
- Food irradiation process. Ultraviolet. Microwave. Infrared. Ultrasonics.
- Fermentation processing methods. Biotransformation of foods.
- Food additives. Preservation using salt and sugar. Edible coating.
- Advanced food processing methods. Pulsed electric fields. Ohmic heating etc.

Laboratory practice

- 1. Water activity I.
- 2. Water activity II.
- 3. Condensation.
- 4. Drying I. Pretreatment of foods prior to drying. Hot-air drying. Sun-drying. Drying kinetics.
- **5.** Drying II. Freeze-drying.
- 6. Fermentation I. lactic acid fermentation. Fermented pickle production.
- 7. Fermentation II. lactic acid fermentation. Determination of pH, acidity. Preservation of fermented pickles.
- 8. Food additives. Salt and sugar as additives.
- **9.** Food irradiation process
- **10.** Novel non -thermal processing methods.
- **11.** Multi-barrier technology.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	In teaching class					
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Power point presentation, Whiteboard writing, solving problems Laboratory practice					
	Activity	Semester workload				
	Lectures	78				
The manner and methods of teaching are	Laboratory practice	39				
described in detail.	<i>(</i>)					
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of hibliography						
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Total contact hours and					
workshop, interactive teaching, educational	training	117				
etc.						
The student's study hours for each learning						
activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the						
ECTS						
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Final written examination in	theory and in laboratory t	hat includes:			
Description of the evaluation procedure	-multiple choice questions					
Language of evaluation, methods of						
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions.	-short answer questions					
o <mark>pen</mark> -ended questions, problem solving, written						
work, essay/report, oral examination, public	-judgment questions					
examination of patient, art interpretation, other	-problem solving					
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to	-presentation					
students.						

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

(1) Conventional and advanced Food Processing Technologies (2015). S. Bhattacharya, (Ed.). John Willey & Sons, Ltd. UK.

(2) Food Processing 2 (2016). 2nd Edition, E. S. Lazos, A. E. Lazou, Papazisis Press, Athens.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class			
	FOOD PRO	CESSING				
10	13	13 8%				
9	16	10%	<mark>19%</mark>			
8	22	14%	33%			
7	50	32%	65%			
6	54	35%	100%			
	155	100%				

Principles of Crop Production

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT				
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENC	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	FST405		SEMESTER	4		
COURSE TITLE	PRINCIPLES (OF CROP PRODU	JCTION			
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	IG ACTIVITIES WEEKLY nponents of the course, e.g. TEACHING rdits are awarded for the whole HOURS			i CREDITS		
		Lectures	3			
		Total	3	6		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching				
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PRERECUIJSITE COURSES	Special Backg	ground, skills de	velopmet			
PREREQUISITE COURSES.		A				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek	:)				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)						

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand the basic principles that govern the natural environment
- Understand the basic principles of the rural environment
- Approach basic issues of plant-environment interaction
- Identify basic issues of plant cultivation
- Approach basic plant protection issues
- Describe the main cultivation systems
- Elaborate and correlate crop performance with the environment and plant growth conditions

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

General skills

- Adaptation to new situations.
- Decision making.
- Autonomous work.
- Teamwork
- Exercise criticism and self-criticism.
- Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking.
- Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information, in order to implement theory in practice

SYLLABUS

Agriculture and its evolution, Classification, autonomy and morphology of large cultivated plants, Growth, growth and yield of crops, Environment and plant growth, Seed and sowing, Cultivation systems, Harvesting and storage of large crop seeds, Basics meteorological data, Basic plant protection elements, Main enemies and diseases Problems from the use of pesticides and personal protection measures

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information communication. Co folder sharing optio	technology on data co mmunication with stu ons etc.	ollection and inform idents via web, e-n	nation, in teaching and nail, e-class and online
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Seme	ster workload	
	Lectures		117	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.				

Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Total contact hours and training	117	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Evaluation procedure performe	d in Greek.	
Description of the evaluation procedure	Written examination in matters	of graded difficulty, which in	clude a) text development,

b) comprehension questions.

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years							
Grade (descending order) absolute frequency		te cy	relative frequency %	s succ pe	um of ess rates er class		
	PRIN	ICIPLES O	F CRC	P PRODUCTIO	N		
	10		14	9%		9%	
	9		23	14%		23%	
	8		25	15%		38%	
	7		57	35%		73%	
	6		45	27%		100%	
			164	100%			

Fruit and Vegetable Science and Technology

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT					
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY						
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE					
COURSE CODE	FST501		SEMESTER	5			
COURSE TITLE		EGETABLE SCIE	NCE AND TECH	INOLO <mark>GY</mark>			
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the edits are awarde g hours and the	course, e.g. ed for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	i	CREDITS		
		Lectures	2				
	Labora	at <mark>ory</mark> exercises	2				
		Total	4		6		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th I.	ne teaching					
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Special Back	ground					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:		~					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek	()					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)							

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course l earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- classify fruits and vegetables into different categories
- describe the factors affecting the transport and storage of fruit and vegetables
- distinguish the different methods of fruit and vegetables processing
- perform the techniques related to analysis and processing of fruit and vegetables
- Carry out quality control techniques for raw materials and their products
- Evaluate the factors affecting the quality of processed fruit and vegetables

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

LECTURE TOPICS:

Production-morphology-classification of fruits and vegetables, preservation of fruits and vegetables environmental and biological factors that affect the preservation of fruits - vegetables after harvest. Chemical composition - relationship of ingredients with nutritional value, fruits suitable for processing, factors that affect the fruits. Cooling methods of fruits and vegetables, the freezing process and its effect on plant tissues. Tomato processing technology, vegetable processing technology, fruit processing technology, fruit juice technology. Quality control of raw materials and finished products, products with added sugar, product alterations.

LABORATORY TOPICS

- 1. Canning. Syrups-Salts
- 2. Peeling Scaling
- 3. Preparation and control of canned fruits canned vegetables
- 4. Check canned peaches.
- 5. Fruit vegetable content of acids, soluble solids and vitamin C.
- 6. Jellies. Making jam. Quality evaluation of gels jams.
- 7. Tomato paste control and processing.
- 8. Preparation of ketchup
- 9. Quality evaluation of fruit juices
- 10. Quality evaluation of frozen peas
- 11. Effect of freezing speed on the quality characteristics of fruits and vegetables.
- 12. Quality control of canned fruits vegetables. Dehydration of fruits

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technology communication. Communication folder sharing options etc.	on data collection and inform on with students via web, e-n	mation, in teaching and mail, e-class and online
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
	Lectures	78	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Laboratory	26	
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice			
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Total contact hours and	104	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teachina, educational	training		
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,			
etc. The student's study hours for each learning			
activity are given as well as the hours of non-			
ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Evaluation procedure performe	<mark>d in</mark> Greek.	
Description of the evaluation procedure			
	Written Evaluation		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple			
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions,			
open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public			
p <mark>res</mark> entation, laboratory work, clinical			
other			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are			
given, and if and where they are accessible to students.			
ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY			

- Suggested bibliography:

BOOK [22665]: <mark>Βιολογία</mark> και τεχνολογία των οπωροκηπευτικών μετά τη συγκομιδή, Καρα<mark>ουλάνης Γεώργιος Δ.</mark>

2.BOOK [3498]: Τεχν<mark>ολογία &</mark> Ποιότητα Φρούτων & Λαχ</mark>ανικών, Άννα Αναγνωστοπούλου - Αικατερίνη Ταλέλλη

3.BOOK [17525]: Στοιχεία τεχνολογίας, μεταποίησης και συσκευασίας τροφίμων, Αρβανιτογιάννης Ιωάννης Σ.,Μποσνέα Λουλούδα Α.

4.ΒΟΟΚ [23027]: Τεχνολογία επεξεργασίας οπωροκηπευτικών, Καραουλάνης Γεώργιος Δ.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class			
FRUITS &	VEGETABLES S	CIENCE AND TE	CHNOLOGY			
6	81	60%	<mark>60</mark> %			
7	19	14%	74%			
8	20	15%	88%			
9	12	9%	<mark>97%</mark>			
10	4	3%	100%			
-	136	100%				

Fats and Oils Science and Technology

FACULTY/SCHOOL	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT						
DEPARTMENT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY					
LEVEL OF STUDY	UNDERGRAD	UATE					
COURCE UNIT CODE	FST502		SEMESTER	5			
COURCE TITLE	FAT AND OIL	S SCIENCE AND	TECHNOLOGY				
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN	NG ACTIVITIES						
in case credits are awarded for separe	ate component	s/parts of the	WEEKLY		CREDITS		
course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory e	xercises, etc. I	f credits are	TEACHNG		(FCTS)		
awarded for the entire course, give th	e weekly teach	ning hours and	HOURS		(1013)		
the total crea	dits						
		Lectures	2				
		Tutoring					
		Laboratory	2				
Total			4		6		
Add rows if necessary. The organizatio	n of teaching	and the					
teaching methods used are described i	n detail under	section 4					
COURSE TYPE	Scientif <mark>ic</mark> exp	ertise,					
Background knowledge,	Skills <mark>De</mark> velop	oment					
Scientific expertise,							
General Knowledge,							
Skills Development							
PREREQUISITE COURSES:							
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:	Greek						
LANGUAGE OF	Greek						
EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:							
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO	No						
ERASMUS STUDENTS							
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)							

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail. It is necessary to consult:

APPENDIX A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework.
- Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and APPENDIX B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course aims to provide students with the necessary general and specific knowledge required to master the science and technology of fatty substances. Special attention is paid to the technology, quality, and evaluation of olive oil as well as quality control and spoilage of fatty substances.

Specifically, the course addresses the concepts required to comprehend the science and technology of fatty substances so that graduates can manage quality control laboratories as well as design, organize and manage production in the fatty substance industry, design new products, and troubleshoot technical problems related to production, transport, and preservation of products. In the lab, students are trained in the methodologies that enable them to apply analytical techniques for quality control of fatty substances, detect adulteration, and evaluate oilseeds used as raw materials in the production of fatty substances.

After completing this course, students must be able to:

- Design, organize and manage production in the fatty substance industry
- Apply analytical techniques for quality control of fatty substances
- Identify fatty substances and detect adulteration
- Research and troubleshoot technical problems of the fatty substance industry related to production, transport, and preservation of products

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in							
the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned	d below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?						
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Project planning and management						
and information by the use of appropriate	Respect for diversity and multiculturalism						
technologies,	Environmental awareness						
Adapting to new situations	Social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender						
Decision-making	issues						
Individual/Independent work	Critical thinking						
Group/Team work	Development of free, creative and inductive thinking						
Working in an international environment							
Working in an interdisciplinary	(Othercitizenship, spiritual freedom, social awareness, altruism etc.)						
environment							
Introduction of innovative research							

- Individual/Independent work
- Group/Team work
- Decision-making
- Working in an international environment
- Project planning and management
- Respect for the natural environment
- Researching, analyzing, and synthesizing data and information with the use of suitable technologies

COURSE CONTENT

Theory

- 1. Structure of fatty substances, determination of physical properties.
- 2. Categories of fatty substances.
- 3. Vegetable fats and oils, animal fats, fish oils. Extraction of vegetable and animal fats.
- 4. Processing of fats and oils, production methods for butter and margarines.
- 5. Olive oil. Qualitative characteristics of olives, composition of olive fruit, formation of olive oil, chemical composition of olive oil, cultivation practices and factors that contribute to the development of flavor and taste.
- 6. Harvest and post harvest processing of olive fruit, table olives and olive paste.
- 7. Extraction of olive oil; types of olive mills, olive mill by-products, storage and grading of olive oil.
- 8. Factors affecting olive oil quality; qualitative criteria and grades, tasting and sensory evaluation of olive oil and other fats and oils.
- 9. Spoilage of fatty substances, antioxidants.
- 10. Techniques for determining oxidative resilience, quality control and determination of constants and constituents of fatty substances; detection of adulteration.
- 11. Chemical and physical processes for the refinement of olive oil, oilseed oil, and olive pomace oil. Refinement of fatty substances, new technologies, hydrogenation of fatty substances.
- 12. By-products of olive mills and other industries of fatty substances, utilization of by-products, soap and saponification.

Laboratory

- 1. Fatty substance production; extraction, determination of physical properties, density; refraction index.
- 2. Saponification number of fatty substances, determination of unsaponifiable constituents.
- 3. Determination of free fatty acids (acidity); neutralization of free fatty acids.
- 4. Determination of foreign matter in fatty substances, determination of moisture content.
- 5. Iodine number; determination of degree of saturation of fatty substances.
- 6. Determination of oxidation state of fatty substances; determination of peroxide value; Kreis reaction.
- 7. Spectrophotometry in UV wavelengths.
- Detection of foreign constituents in olive oil with the Synodinos Constas method; detection of oilseed oil via the Bellier reaction.
- 9. Refining, removal of resins, color and margarine.
- 10. Detection and determination of soap in fatty substances; testing for neutralization effectiveness.
- 11. HPLC analyses.
- 12. Soap making, emulsions.

TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

MODES OF DELIVERY	Face-to-face in-class lecturing at the field part of lab work
Face-to-face, in-class lecturing,	
distance teaching and distance	
learning etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Power point presentation. Whiteboard writing. Communication with students through e-
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY	class and e-mails
Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory	
Education, Communication with	
students	

OURSE DESIGN	Activity/Method	Semester workload				
Description of teaching	Lectures	60				
techniques, practices and	In class lab work	26				
methods:	Autonomous lab work	18				
Lectures, seminars, laboratory						
practice, fieldwork, study and analysis						
of bibliography, tutorials, Internship,						
Art Workshop, Interactive teaching,						
Educational visits, projects, Essay						
writing, Artistic creativity, etc.						
The study nours for each learning	Total contact hours and	404				
activity as well as the hours of	training	104				
following the principles of the						
ECTS.						
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Theory: Final written examinati	on that includes:				
EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT	-multiple choice questions					
METHODS	fill in the blanks questions					
Detailed description of the	-mi-m the blanks questions					
evaluation procedures:	-short answer questions					
Language of evaluation,						
assessment methoas, formative or	Laboratory:					
summative (conclusive), multiple	75% from final written average					
questions open and ad questions	75% from final written examina	ation in laboratory that includes:				
problem colving written work	-fill-in the blanks questions	5				
essay/report oral evan	-short answer questions					
presentation Jaboratory work	-multiple choice questions					
other etc	25% from Jab reports					
	2570 HOITI ab reports					
Specifically defined evaluation criteria						
are accessible by the students						
are accessible by the students.						

SUGGESTED READING:

Books

- 1. Kiritsakis, A., and Shahidi, F. (2017) Olives and Olive Oil as Functional Foods Bioactivity, Chemistry and Processing. John Wiley & Sons Ltd, Oxford UK.
- 2. Hamilton, R.J., and A. Bhati, A. (1987). Recent Advances in Chemistry and Technology of Fats and Oils. Elsevier Applied Science, London.
- 3. Bockisch M. (1998). Fats and Oils Handbook. Academic Press and AOCS Press, Urbana, IL.
- 4. O'Brien, R.D. (2009). Fats and Oils:Formulating andProcessing for Applications. 3rd ed. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.
- 5. Bongers, P. and C. Almeida-Rivera (2011). Dynamic Modelling of the Margarine Production Process. Computer-Aided Chemical Engineering 29:1301–1305.
- 6. Hiramatsu, M. (1997). Food and Free Radicals. Springer, New York.
- 7. Roller, S. and S. A. Jones (1996). Handbook of Fat Replacers. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.

Scientific Journals

- Food Research International
- Food Chemistry
- Analytical Letters
- Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry
- Journal of Food Composition and Analysis
- Foods
- Antioxidants

	Performance	Statistics	of the	last 2y	ears
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rade cending rder)	absolute frequency		relative frequency %	sum o rates	sum of success rates per class	
SCIEN		<u>^ШN</u>		S & OII	c	
SCIEN	CE AND TEC			JAUIL	3	
10		1	1%		1%	
9		13	11%		11%	
8		20	16%		28%	
7		49	40%		67%	
6		40	33%		100%	
	1	123	100%			
	rade cending der) SCIEN 10 9 8 7 8 7 6	rade cending rder) absolute frequence SCIENCE AND TEC 10 9 8 7 8 7 6	rade cending reder)absolute frequencySCIENCE AND TECHN1011111112	rade cending rder)absolute frequencyrelative frequency%SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY OF FAT10110191391310%20640123100%	rade cending rder)absolute frequencyrelative frequency %sum of ratesSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY OF FATS & OIL1011%91311%91311%82016%74940%64033%100%123100%	

Milk and Milk Products Science and Technology

SCHOOL	ENVIRONMENT							
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY							
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDREGRAD	UNDREGRADUATE						
COURSE CODE	FST503		SEMESTER	5				
COURSE TITLE	MILK AND M		SCIENCE AND '	TECHNOLOGY				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIES		WEEKLY					
if credits are awarded for separate co	mponents of the	course, e.g.	TEACHING	G CREDITS				
lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the ci	redits are award	ed for the whole	HOURS					
of the course, give the weekly teachin	g hours and the	total credits	2					
	Labara	Lectures	2					
	Labora	tory exercise	2		-			
		Iotal	4		6			
teaching methods used are described	in of teaching (in detail at (d).	ana the						
COURSE TYPE	Specialized	general knowled	dge	<u>.</u>				
general background, special								
background, specialised general								
PREREQUISITE COURSES:								
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek							
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS								
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)								

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes
 - Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:
- Know and describe the composition of milk and the changes that occur in milk and its components during processing
- Determine the factors that affect milk and dairy products during the production stage
- Outline the physical properties of milk
- Understand the process of converting milk into its various products.
- Perform the necessary chemical and other analyzes on the raw and auxiliary materials and on the final products.
- Learn hygiene issues, nutritional value, packaging, safety and quality assurance.
- Acquire knowledge for the production and evaluation of various dairy products.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Project planning and management Respect for
and information, with the use of the	difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural
necessary technology	environment
Adapting to new	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to
situations	gender issues
Decision-making	Criticism and self-criticism
Working	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
independently	
Team work	Others
Working in an international	
environment Working in an	
interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	
i roddellon of new research faces	
1. Adapting to new situations	
2. Decision-making	
3. Working independently	
4. Team work	
5. Criticism and self-criticism	
6 Production of free, creative and inductive thir	aking
of the contraction of the c, creative and inductive and	INING
7. Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	information, with the use of the necessary technology
(1) SYLLABUS	
SYLLABUS	

Content of theoretical course:

Structure - milk composition, production and utilization of milk, Factors that affect the composition and amount of milk, Antibiotics – Mastitis, Milk ingredients, Physical properties of milk (Organoleptic characteristics, acidity, pH, specific gravity, freezing point, redox potential, etc.), Nutritional value of milk, Milk treatments, Heat Treatments of milk, Production of milk on the farm, quality control of milk, Cheese, Yogurt, Sour milk, Kefir, Butter, Cream, Ice cream

Content of laboratory course:

Physicochemical characteristics of raw milk (pH, titrated acidity, indirect methods for assessing acidity, stability of fresh milk, specific gravity), Identification of main milk components, Checking the quality of raw milk, Check on standardization problems, Control of the degree of heat treatment of milk, Mech anism of coagulation of milk, Sensory evaluation of dairy products, Production of cheese, yogurt, butter, ice cream.

SYLLABUS

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face				
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of ICT in teaching. Laboratory education. Communication with students via e-class, e-mail, etc.				
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Activity Semester workload Lectures 78 Laboratory practise 26				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Language of evaluation: Greek Methods of evaluation: Progress work during the semester (formative) Final examination (Concluding) Theoretical part: multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving. Laboratory part: multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, laboratory work. (20% laboratory work reports, 80% exams) Final grade: 60% theoretical grade and 40% laboratory grade The accessibility of students in criteria and final results is through website and/or e-class.				

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- Kechagias, X., Tsakali, E. (2017). Science and technology of milk and dairy products. Publication: New Technologies
- Kaminarides, S., Moatsou, G. (2009). Milk. Publication: Embryo
- Varnam Alan H., Sutherland Jane P. (2008). Γάλα και προϊόντα γάλακτος. Εκδόσεις: Στέλλα Παρίκου & ΣΙΑ ΟΕ
- Tamine A. (2009) Milk Processing and Quality Management, Wiley-Blackwell
- Walstra, P., Walstra, P., Wouters, J.T.M., Geurts, T.J. (2005). Dairy Science and Technology, Second Edition. CRC Press
- Anil Kumar Puniya (2015). Fermented Milk and Dairy Products. CRC Press
- Robinson, R., Britz, T. (2008). Advanced Dairy Science and Technology. Wiley-Blackwell

Performance Statistics of the last 2years

Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class
SCIENCE AN	D TECHNOLOG	Y OF MILK & TH	EIR PRODUCTS
10	9	16%	<mark>16%</mark>
9	18	32%	48%
8	17	30%	7 <mark>9%</mark>
7	6	11%	<mark>89</mark> %
6	6	<mark>1</mark> 1%	100%
	56	100%	

Industrial Fermentations

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF I	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENC	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	FST504	FST504 SEMESTER 5			
COURSE TITLE	INDUSTRIAL	FERMENTATION	NS		
INDEPENDENT TEACHII if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	G ACTIVITIES ponents of the course, e.g. dits are awarded for the whole hours and the total credits WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS			CREDITS	
		Lectures	2		
	Labor	at <mark>or</mark> y exercise	2		
	Total 4				
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d,	teaching and the	e teaching	<u>ا</u>		
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Specialised ge	eneral knowled	ge		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek)			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able:

- To acknowledge the metabolic activities and pathways that entail the formulation of fermentation products
- To be familiar with the utilisation of industrial microbial strains to generate food products
- To know the basic principles of applying microorganisms in food production (biomass, metabolites, fermented foods etc) in the food industry
- To know recent, up-to-date and automated methods of microbial growth assessment
- To know and understand the main types of bioreactors along with key principles of bioreactors operation
- To understand the principal categories of microbial fermentations

- To know the main industrial applications with respect to the utlisation of microorganisms to produce food products for the food industry sector
- To understand how to estimate key fermentation parameters and stoichiometric reactions.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others
--	--

- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Theoretical part of the course:

The course of Industrial Fermentations describes the development of bioprocesses to generate fermentation products though the utilisation of microbial entities, that could be further applied in food industry. Moreover, the constantly emerging field of white biotechnology is also included, incorporating both traditional fermented foods (wine, beer, cheese production) and biotechnologically produced high added-value products (chemicals, platform chemicals, biopolymers etc). The aforementioned products can be further introduced in food manufacturing sector and similar industries, encompassing also the development of novel biorefinery concepts.

During the course, students are expected to understand the metabolic activities and the pathways that lead to the formation of fermentation products, to acknowledge the basic types and principles of bioreactors operation, the principal types of fermentation processes and strategies, to learn about the most significant applications of microbial entities to formulate products for the food industry, and understand the methods to estimate fermentation parameters and stoichiometric reactions.

Laboratory exercises:

- Determination of microbial concentration
- Microbial growth curve
- Estimation of specific growth rate (μ)
- Estimation of substrate consumption rates-Yield of biomass
- Solid state fermentation (SSF)
- Bacterial cellulose (BC) production

- Continuous fermentation to produce wine, beer or potable alcohol •
- Chemostat •
- Microorganisms immobilisation techniques •
- Production of single cell protein (SCP) •

DELIVERY	Face-to-face		
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technology communication. Communication folder sharing options etc.	y on data collection and inform on with students via web, e-m	nation, in tea <mark>chin</mark> g and ail, e-class and online
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
he manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	78	
escribed in detail.		26	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Laboratory exercise	104	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION escription of the evaluation procedure anguage of evaluation, methods of valuation, summative or conclusive, multiple hoice questionnaires, short- answer questions, pen-ended questions, problem solving, written vork, essay/report, oral examination, public resentation, laboratory work, clinical xamination of patient, art interpretation, ther	Evaluation procedure perform Evaluation procedures: Written evaluation in question • Two examination te • Final examination	ed in Greek s of scaling difficulty sts are performed in-betwee	en semester
vecifically-defined evaluation criteria are ven, and if and where they are accessible to udents.	The final grade is determined b and 60% of theory examination	by the following formula: 40% on grade.	f laboratory exercise gra

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Aggelis, G., Microbiology and Microbial Technology, 2007, Editions Stamoulis (In Greek)

Spiliotis V., Batrinou, A, Industrial microbiology, 2013, Editions Disigma (In Greek)

Nerantzis, E., Tatar<mark>idis, P., Logothetis, S</mark>., Biotechnology and Industrial Fermentations, 2014, Editions Emvryo (In Greek)

Performance Statistics of the last 2years					
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class		
	INDUSTRIAL F	ERMENTATION	S		
10	1	1%	1%		
9	7	5%	6%		
8	24	18%	24%		
7	27	20%	44%		
6	74	56%	100%		
	133	100%			

English Terminology

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT				
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE			
COURSE CODE	FST911		SEMESTER	5	
COURSE TITLE	ENGLISH TER	MINOLOGY			
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate cor lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the edits are awarde phours and the	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS	
		Lectures	3		
		Total	3		6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching					
methods used are described in detail at (d)					
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Special Background/ Skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek				
EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (En <mark>glish/</mark>	Greek)			
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					
				_	

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Interpret/translate foreign language (English-language) scientific texts
- Recognize and become familiar with the scientific terminology used in scientific papers and food science books written in English
- Use English scientific terms and write scientific texts in English
- Explain and communicate orally in English scientific topics in the field of food science

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Foreign language grammar. Vocabulary, use of words. Effective oral communication. Develop the ability to read, write and understand foreign language text at a high level. Systematic training and practice in the use of language on texts referring to food technology.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information te communication. Com folder sharing option	echnology on data co imunication with stu s etc.	llection and inform dents via web, e-n	nation, in teaching and nail, e-class and online
TEACHING METHODS	Activity Lectures	Semes	ter workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Total contact hours training	s and	117	

visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Written Evaluation

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- 1. Dorland's Ιατρικό Λεξικό Αγγλοελληνικό και Ελλ<mark>ην</mark>οαγγλ<mark>ικό, Κατούλης Α.</mark>
- 2. Αγγλοελληνικό & Ελληνοαγγλικό λεξικό βιολο<mark>γικών και ι</mark>ατρικών όρων, Θ. Παταργιάς, Κ. Σέκερης, Κ. Σέκερη, Λ. Μαργαρίτη.
- 3. ΕΛΛΗΝΟ-ΑΓΓΛΙΚΟ & ΑΓΓΛΟ-ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΟ ΛΕΞ<mark>ΙΚΟ ΙΑΤΡ.ΚΑΙ ΒΙ</mark>ΟΛ.ΟΡΩΝ ΜΕ CD, ΦΟ</mark>ΥΝΤΑΣ Γ.ΒΓΕΝΟΠΟΥΛΟΥ Σ
- 4. Αγγλοελληνικό Ελληνοαγγλικό Λεξικό Βιολογίας και Μοριακής Βιολογίας, Lackie Dow.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency		relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class		
	ENGLISH TERMINOLOGY					
10		1	1%		1%	
9		7	5%		6%	
8		2 <mark>4</mark>	18%		24%	
7		27	20%		<mark>44%</mark>	
6		74	56%		100%	
		133	100%			

Valorization of Food Industry By-products

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	FST912		SEMESTER	5	
COURSE TITLE	VALORIZATIO	ON OF FOOD INI	DUSTRY BY-PR	ODUCTS	
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	ING ACTIVITIES UNDERSENT OF THE COURSE, e.g. TEACHING TEACHING HOURS CREDITS				
		Lectures	3		
		Total	3	6	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of	teaching and th	e teaching			
methods used are described in detail at (d)	•				
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised g	eneral knowledg	ge		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek				
EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

Learning Outcomes

The course l earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course aims to provide knowledge on new food waste treatment technologies applied in the food industry. The utilization of food industry by-products contributes to the sustainable development through the reduction of the environmental pollution, approaching the requirement for ZERO WASTE but also the saving of raw materials.

Upon completion of the course students will:

- Understand and describe the basic principles in food industry waste treatment systems
- Classify the various types of treatment of industrial waste into physical, chemical and biological processes

 distinguish the appropriate treatment process for the different agri-food wastes 				
 Identify the tools and new technologie physico-chemical and biological proces 	es available in the systems for the treatment of industrial food waste by sses			
General Competences Taking into consideration the general competences that the deg	rree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which			
of the johowing does the course dim?				
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking			
Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	 Others 			
 Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and induction 	tive thinking			

SYLLABUS

Characteristics of agricultural, livestock waste and food industry waste. Environmental effects of untreated food wastes on soil, water and air. Pollution measurement parameters. Legislation on agricultural livestock waste and food industry waste. Conventional liquid and solid waste management systems as well as the reuse of their by-products. Case studies for the recovery and utilization of by-products derived from food industry waste as well as from agro-livestock activities through the recovery of beneficial components which can be used as food , cosmetics or pharmaceutical industry.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Use of information technology on data collection and information, in teaching and communication. Communication with students via web, e-mail, e-class and online folder sharing options etc.

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,			
communication with students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Lectures	117	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Written examination on grade food industry case study. Language Greek	d multiple choice difficulty plu	as a written project from

- Suggested bibliography:

• Γκέκα<mark>ς</mark> Β., Μπαλτά Κ., Βιομηχανία Τροφίμων και Περιβάλλον, 2005

.• Κυρανάς Ε., Λειτουργικές Ιδιότητες Νερού, Πρωτεϊνών, Σακχάρων, Λιπιδίων & Φυσικών Χρωστικών, 2011.

• United Nations Environment Programme Industry and Environment (UNEP IE), (1995). Food processing and the environment. UNEP Industry and Environment 18(1).

Performance Statistics of the last 2years

Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class	
UTILIZAT	ION OF FOOD	INDUSTRY BY-I	PRODUCTS	
10	0	0%	0%	
9	0	0%	0%	
8	2	40%	40%	
7	2	40%	80%	
6	1	<mark>2</mark> 0%	1 <mark>00%</mark>	
	5	100%		

Food Hygiene

SCHOOL	ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	FST913 SEMESTER 5			
COURSE TITLE	FOOD HYGIENE			
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	IING ACTIVITIES components of the course, e.g. credits are awarded for the whole ing hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	G CREDITS
		Lectures	3	6
То		Total	3	6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Specialized k	nowledge		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek	•		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The aim of Food Hygiene course is for students to develop an understanding on the key elements of food safety and hygiene in Food Industry Units. It deals with hygienic handling of food and includes topics like personal hygiene and safety issues.

Upon successful completion of the course students will have expertise to:

Implement all actions necessary to maintain the food manufacturing infrastructure in a hygienic manner

- Proper infrastructure design to facilitate safe and wholesome food manufacture by preventing contamination
- Proper industrial and personal hygiene practices
- Hygienic maintenance, housekeeping, cleaning and disinfection

Safety in workplace

- Definition of work accident occupational diseases
- Hazard categories, fire and explosions, noise, slips, trips, falls, etc.
- Methodology: HAZOP (hazard analysis & operability), FMEA (failure mode –effect analysis), FTA(fault tree analysis).

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Others
Production of new research ideas	·
Working independently	

- Decision-making
- Colving problem
- Solving problems
- Projects

SYLLABUS

Lectures

- Introduction to Food Hygiene Basic Concepts and New Risk Metrics
- Food Hygiene Laws and Regulations: Codex Alimentarius, EU Food Regulations 178/2002, 852-854-2004, 2073/2005
- Food Hazards Food Infection Food Intoxication
- Biological Chemical Hazards Growth Limits of Pathogenic Microorganisms
- Infrastructure Design to Facilitate Safe and Wholesome Food Manufacture by Preventing Contamination
- Developing a HACCP plan GMP GHP Food Industry Infrastructure
- HACCP Principles and Guidelines
- Safety in Workplace: Definition of Work Accident Occupational Diseases Hazard Categories, Fire and Explosions, Noise, Slips, Trips, Falls, etc.
- Risk Assessment: Basic Concepts/Definitions Statistical Methodology

DELIVERY	In teaching class			
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Power point presenta	ation, Whiteboard wr	iting	
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,				
communication with students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Seme	ster workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures		117	
described in detail.				
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Total contact hours and			
---	---			
	training 117			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	Final written examination in theory that includes: -fill-in the blanks questions -short answer questions -multiple choice questions Midterm and final exams			
given, and if and where they are accessible to students.				

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 7. Bibek Ray, Arun Bhunia (2013). Fundamental Food Microbiology, Fifth Edition. CRC Press
- 8. Martin R Adams, Maurice O Moss, Peter McClure (2016). Food Microbiology. Royal Society of Chemistry
- 9. Principles of Food Sanitation. 2018. Marriott. N., Schilling, W., Gravani, R.
- **10.** Food Safety Handbook. 2003. Schmidt, R. and Rodrick, G.
- **11.** Understanding The Codex Alimentarius by FAO and WHO

Instrumental Food Analysis

SCHOOL	ENVIRONME	ENVIRONMENT				
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	FST601		SEMESTER	6		
COURSE TITLE	INSTRUMEN	INSTRUMENTAL FOOD ANALYSIS				
INDEPENDENT TEACH if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the co of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES omponents of the redits are awarde og hours and the	course, e.g. ed for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS		
Lectures			2			
	Labo	ra <mark>tor</mark> y practice	2			
		Total	4	5		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).						
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised g	eneral knowled	ge			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:						
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek	Greek				
EXAMINATIONS:						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes, in Greek					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)						

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course of Instrumental Food Analysis falls under the issues of organology and applications of instruments to perform chemical analysis of food.

The aim of Instrumental Food Analysis course is to educate students to identify the different methods of instrumental analysis of food, know the organology of instruments, select the appropriate method as well as to evaluation of the results obtained.

Upon successful completion of the course students will have knowledge to:

Apply the methodologies for the proper pretreatment of samples prior to analysis.

- Select the most suitable technique for the food analysis to be performed.
- Use specialized equipment
- Perform instrumental analysis
 - Collect and assess data and subsequently evaluate the results

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Others
Production of new research ideas	

- 1. Working independently
- 2. Te<mark>am w</mark>ork
- 3. Decision-making
- 4. Solving problems

SYLLABUS

Intr<mark>oductio</mark>n to instrumental Food Analysis. Cla<mark>ssification of analyses. Statistic</mark>al analysis of data

- Sample preparation. Extraction methods.
- Electroanalytical techniques. Potentiometry.
- Introduction to chromatography
- Gas chromatography
- Liquid chromatography (HPLC, paper chromatography, TLC).
- Introduction to Spectroscopy
- Absorption Spectroscopy (Ultraviolet/Visible)
- Fluorescence spectrometry
- Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy
- Infr<mark>a</mark>red Spectroscopy, Raman
- Nuclear Magnetic Resonance
- Mass Spectrometry and Hyphenated Instruments
- Practice in solving problems

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	In teaching class				
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Power point present	ation, Whiteboard writing, solving prol	olems		
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Laboratory practice				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,					
communication with students					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	78			
described in detail.		•			

Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Laboratory practice 26	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Final written examination in theory and in laboratory the -multiple choice questions -short answer questions -judgment questions -problem solving	hat includes:

5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

8. Principles of Instrumental Analysis. D. A. Skoog, F. James Holler, T. A. Nieman

Performance Statistics of the last 2years							
Gra (desco orc	ade ending ler)	abso frequ	absolute frequency		relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class	
	INSTRUMENTAL FOOD ANALYSIS						
	10			1	1%		1%
	9			3	3%		4%
	8			6	6%		9%
	7			32	30%		40%
	6			64	60%		100%
			1	106	100%		

Principles of Organic Production

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	FST602		SEMESTER	6	
COURSE TITLE	PRINCIPLES (OF ORGANIC PR	ODUCTION		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES nponents of the edits are awarde g hours and the	course, e.g. d for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
	Lectures				
	Labora	at <mark>ory</mark> exercises	2		
	Total			6	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Special Back	ground, skills de	velopment		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:		× .			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek)			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand the basic terms of organic farming production, organic product, agricultural raw material, product to be converted, etc.)
- Describe the goals of organic farming
- Apply the principles regarding the processing of organic products and animal feed
- Identify the production rules related to organic farming
- Consider the obligations and actions related to suspected non-compliance
- Be aware of precautions to avoid the presence of unapproved products and
- substances
- Know the main crops to which organic farming is applied

- Perform the main methods of	plant protection and plant nutrition for biological agriculture
General Competences	
Taking into consideration the general competences that the	degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which
of the following does the course aim?	
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others
 General skills Adaptation to new situations. Decision making. Autonomous work. Teamwork Exercise criticism and self-criticism. Promotion of free, creative and inductive the Search, analysis and synthesis of data and in 	inking. nformation, in order to implement theory in practice

SYLLABUS

Course content

Introduction, generally for organic farming. Historical background, movements for the biological Agriculture. Main laws on organic farming, development of its legislative framework organic farming. Objectives on organic farming, Propagating material in organic farming, National Organic Products Legislation, Control and Certification Bodies, Organic Products, Statistics of Organic Products of Plant and Animal Production, Plant description, seed description, Crop rotation and green manure, weed control, Co-cultivation of cereals with legumes, Sowing and growth of cereals and legumes with different sowing densities, Identification of beneficial insects

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technol communication. Communic folder sharing options etc.	ogy on data collection and inform cation with students via web, e-r	nation, in teaching and nail, e-class and online
TEACHING METHODS	Activity Lectures (theory)	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Laboratory	26	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Total contact hours and training	143	

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Evaluation procedure performed in Greek.
Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to	Written examination in matters of graded difficulty, which include a) text development, b) comprehension questions.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade absolute (descending frequency order)		absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class		
	P <mark>RI</mark> N	CIPLES OF ORG	ANIC PRODUCTI	ON		
	10	1	1%	1%		
	9	3	3%	4%		
	8	6	6%	9%		
	7	32	30%	40%		
	6	64	60%	100%		
		106	100%			

studen<mark>ts.</mark>

Cereals and Cereal Products Science and Technology

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	FST603		SEMESTER 6		
COURSE TITLE	CEREALS AN	CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			
INDEPENDENT TEACH	NG ACTIVITIES		WEEKLY		
if credits are awarded for separate co	mponents of the	course, e.g.	TEACHING	CREDITS	
lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the ci	edits are awarde	d for the whole	HOURS		
of the course, give the weekly teachir	g hours and the	total credits			
		Lectures	2		
			2		
		Total	4	6	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching		e teaching			
methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE	Special Back	ground/ Skills de	evelopment		
General background, special background,					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek				
EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in Greek	:)			
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Describe the characteristics, properties and composition of cereals
- Outline the technology for the manufacture of bakery products
- Develop methodologies for the production of bakery products
- Perform techniques for the analysis of bakery products
- Carry out quality checks necessary during the process
- Evaluate the quality characteristics of cereals and their products and relate them to the processing conditions

General Competences Taking into consideration the general competences that the of the following does the course gim?	e degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others
 Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and ind Search for, analysis and synthesis compared to the second second	ductive thinking of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
SYLLABUS	
COURSE CONTENT	
Cereals: General, importance, sam of cereals. Peeling of cereals. Wet Pastry ingredients. Production of a control in raw materials in interme	pling methods and storage. Grain structure and composition. Dry grinding milling of cereals. Various types of cereal foods. Wheat flour preparations. Icohol from cereals. Beer, whiskey. Principles and practices of quality cliates and final products. Quality characteristics, standards, evaluation.
Laboratory Part of the Course 1. Sampling, quality examination, p 2. Quality control of flours, types of 3. Sedimentation value test. 4. Determination of acidity and pH 5. Determination of quality and qu 6. Detection of improvers in flour. 7. Evaluation of the fermentation of materials. 8. Making bread, cakes, cookies. 9. Methods of measuring the starc 10. Pasta quality control, pasta specificat	brocessing, flour from various cereals. If flours, determination of moisture and ash in cereals and flours. In flours. In flours. In flours. Peckar test, use of additives - additives in flour. Capacity of flours with the effect of improvers and auxiliary bakery In activity of flours. A construction of flours. In activity of flours.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face		
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technology communication. Communicati folder sharing options etc.	on data collection and infor on with students via web, e-	mation, in teaching and mail, e-class and online
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures Laborat <mark>ory</mark>	26	
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Total contact hours and training	104	
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the			
ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Written Evaluation		
Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.			
ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY			
- Suggest <mark>ed bibliog</mark> raphy:			
1. Μποσδίκο <mark>ς Δ., Τεχνο</mark> λογία Αρτο <mark>ποίη</mark> α	<i>σης, 2005</i> .		
2. Κεφαλάς Π., Τρόφιμα από Σιτηρά, 20	09.		
3. Παπακώστα Τασοπούλου Δ., Ειδική Γ	εωργία –Σιτηρά και Ψυχανθή, 2	012.	
4. Λάζος Ε., Λάζου Α., Επιστήμη & Τεχνο	λογία Σιτηρών, 2016		
]

Performance Statistics of the last 2years				
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class	
SCIENCE & TEC	HNOLOGY OF C	EREALS AND THE	IR PRODUCTS	
10	1	1%	1%	
9	3	3%	<mark>4%</mark>	
8	6	6%	9%	
7	32	30%	40%	
6	64	60%	100%	
	106	100%		

Viticulture and Vine Products

FACULTY/SCHOOL	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT				
DEPARTMENT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDY	BACHELOR				
COURCE UNIT CODE	FST604		SEMESTER	6	
COURCE TITLE	VITICULTU	RE AND VINE	PRODUCTS		
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN	IG ACTIVITIES				
in case credits are awarded for separe	nte component	s/parts of the	WEEKLY		CREDITS
course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory e	xercises, etc. Ij	f credits are	TEACHNG		(FCTS)
awarded for the entire course, give the	e weekly teach	ing hours and	HOURS		(2010)
the total crea	dits				
		Lectures	2		
		Tutoring			
		Laboratory	2		
		Total	4		6
Add rows if necessary. The organizatio	n of teaching a	and the			
teaching methods used are described i	n detail under	section 4			
COURSE TYPE	Scientific exp	ertise,			
Background knowledge,	Skills Dev <mark>elo</mark> p	Skills Development			
Scientific expertise,					
General Knowledge,					
Skills Development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:	Greek				
LANGUAGE OF	Greek				
EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:					
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO	No				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail. It is necessary to consult:

APPENDIX A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework.
- Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and **APPENDIX B**
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The objective of this course is to familiarize students with the morphology, the physiological functions of the vine plant, and expose them to the basic principles of viticulture and basic cultivation techniques that are used in a production vineyard for high yield and high quality vine products. The course focuses on the methodology for establishing and running a modern production vineyard, techniques related to training, fruiting, and the annual vegetative cycle to produce wine grapes, table grapes, and

raisins. Special attention is paid to biotic and abiotic factors that control yield and especially the quality and uniqueness of vine products among various locales.

After completing this course, students must be able to:

- Comprehend the morphology and anatomy of the organs of the vine plant and their role in the production of vine products
- Describe the annual vegetative cycle, phenological stages and their physiological basis
- Understand the establishment of a production vineyard and the factors that affect it
- Outline the significance of pruning for training and fruiting and their utilization in viticultural practice
- Understand the significance of factors affecting *terroir* and the unique quality characteristics of various wines and other vine products

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general comp	etences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in
the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned	d below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Project planning and management
and information by the use of appropriate	Respect for diversity and multiculturalism
technologies,	Environmental awareness
Adapting to new situations	Social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender
Decision-making	issues
Individual/Independent work	Critical thinking
Group/Team work	Development of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary	(Othercitizenship, spiritual freedom, social awareness, altruism etc.)
environment	
Introduction of innovative research	

- Autonomous work and teamwork
- Decision making
- Working in a global context
- Project planning and management
- Respect for the natural environment
- Researching, analyzing, and synthesizing data and information with the use of suitable technologies

COURSE CONTENT

Theory

- 1. Introduction, historical background, viticulture in Greece and the world, grape varieties, cultivated areas and production of vine products, vine and wine products, Greek vineyards.
- **2.** Vine morphology and anatomy.
- **3.** Vine physiology; annual vegetative cycle.
- **4.** Soil and climatic requirements.
- 5. Vineyard establishment (climate, soil, grape variety and rootstock selection, planning, planting a new vineyard, vine support systems), vineyard replanting; spatial layout; propagation.
- 6. Cultivation practices (irrigation, fertilization, management of natural vegetation, tillage, etc.).
- 7. Training and pruning.
- 8. Plant protection (diseases, viruses, pests, nutrient deficiencies, other factors affecting vine product quality).
- **9.** Grape varieties; elements of ampelography.
- **10.** Grapes (chemical composition, developmental stages, changes during maturation), must, harvest.
- **11.** Organic viticulture and its special characteristics, its products and its prospects in Greece and the world.
- **12.** Vine product quality schemes (Protected Designation of Origin, Protected Geographical Indication), vine product and wine *terroir*.

Laboratory

Laboratory exercises correspond to the teaching units of the theoretical part. Depending on the nature of the teaching unit, they involve field trips for the *in situ* observation of morphological characteristics (leaves, tendrils, buds, fruits, etc.), surveying physiological characteristics (photosynthesis, respiration, transpiration), phenological attributes (number of leaves, dissolved solids in must, phenolic substances, etc.), practical training in cultivation practices and methods in our experimental vineyard (e.g., budding and grafting, pruning, de-leafing, etc.), laboratory determinations (nutrient content of soil and tissues), observations related to vine health (e.g., disease and pest attacks) and their nutrition, case studies in contemporary topics and problems of the viticultural sector and its products.

TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

MODES OF DELIVERY Face-to-face, in-class lecturing, distance teaching and distance learning etc.	Face-to-face, in-class lecturing	g, at the field part of lab work	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory Education, Communication with students	Power point presentation, W through e-class and e-mails	Video, Whiteboard writing, Co	mmunication with students
OURSE DESIGN	Activity/Method	Semester workload	
	Lectures	60	
	In class lab work	22	

Description of teaching techniques, practices and methods:	Autonomous field lab 22 work
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, Internship, Art Workshop, Interactive teaching, Educational visits, projects, Essay writing, Artistic creativity, etc. The study hours for each learning activity as well as the hours of self-directed study are given following the principles of the ECTS.	Total contact hours and training 104
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	
EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT	Theory: Final written examination that includes:
METHODS	-multiple choice questions
Detailed description of the	-fill-in the blanks questions
evaluation procedures:	chart answer questions
Language of evaluation.	-short answer questions
assessment methods formative or	
summative (conclusive), multiple	Laboratory:
choice tests short- answer	75% from final written examination in laboratory that includes:
questions, open-ended questions.	fill in the blanks questions
problem solving, written work.	
essay/report, oral exam,	-short answer questions
presentation, laboratory work,	-multiple choice questions
otheretc.	25% from lab reports
Specifically defined evaluation criteria	
are stated, as well as if and where they	
are accesible by the students	

SUGGESTED READING:

Books

- Gerling C. (2015). Environmentally Sustainable Viticulture: Practices and Practicality. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.
- Gladstones J. S. (1992). Viticulture and Environment. Winetitles, Adelaide, Australia.
- Gladstones J. S. (2018). Wine, Terroir and Climate Change. Wakefield Press, Mile End, Australia.
- Johnson, H. and J. Robinson (2019). The World Atlas of Wine. 8th ed. Mitchell Beazley, London.
- Skelton, S. (2009). Viticulture: An Introduction to Commercial Grape Growing for Wine Production. Self-published, London.

Scientific Journals

- Vitis
- American Journal of Enology and Viticulture

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency		relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class		
VITICULTURE AND VINE PRODUCTS						
1	.0	0	0%	0%		
	9	4	2%	<mark>2%</mark>		
	8	15	9%	12%		
	7	45	28%	<mark>39%</mark>		
	6	99	61%	100%		
		163	100%			

Food Additives & Sweeteners

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE		
COURSE CODE	FST921		SEMESTER	6
COURSE TITLE	FOOD ADDIT	IVES AND SWEE	TENERS	
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate cor lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES WEEKLY mponents of the course, e.g. TEACHING CREDITS edits are awarded for the whole HOURS HOURS		CREDITS	
		Lectures	3	
		Total	3	6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching		
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Special Back	ground/ Skills de	velopment	
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek			
EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (i <mark>n Greek</mark>	:)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The aim of the course is to provide the necessary knowledge about the additives and natural and artificial sweeteners used in food.

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Identify and assort the types of sweeteners and additives used in the food industry

- Describe the importance of the use of sweeteners and additives in foods

Identify the appropriate additive or sweetener for specific food applications

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the deg	gree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which
of the following does the course aim?	
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Others
Production of new research ideas	

- **1.** Adapting to new situations
- 2. Decision-making
- **3.** Working independently
- 4. Team work
- **5.** Criticism and self-criticism
- 6. Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- 7. Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Additives: vitamins, amino acids, minerals, flavorings, flavor enhancers, sugar substitutes, sweeteners, food coloring, acids, bases, antimicrobials, antioxidants, complexing agents, complexing agents (complexing agents) Aggregates, thickeners, stabilizers, moisturizers, agglomerating additives, bleaching agents, clarifying agents, propellants, shielding gases. Sweeteners: Structural requirements, structure and sweetness relationship, synergy, sycarinic, stevioside, GymnemaSilvestre extract, osladin, phyllodulcine, glycyrrhizin, nitroanilines, dihydrohalcones, urea and guanidines, oximes, oxathiazine dioxide, dipeptide esters and amides, hernadhalacin.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face				
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of informatio	n technolog	<mark>y on data co</mark> llec	tion and inform	lation, in teaching and
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	communication.	Communicat	<mark>ion with stu</mark> den	its via web, e-m	ail, e-class and online
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	folder sharing opt	ions etc.			
TEACHING METHODS	Activit	y	Semester	workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures		11	.7	
described in detail. Lectures seminars laboratory practice					
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Total		11	7	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art					
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity.					
etc.					
The student's study hours for each learning					
directed study according to the principles of the					
ECTS					

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	Written Evaluation
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	

- Sug<mark>gest</mark>ed bibliography:
- 1.<mark>Κ</mark>υρ<mark>αν</mark>άς Ε., Πρόσθετα Τροφίμων και Νομοθεσία, 2011.
- <mark>2. Η.</mark>-D. Belitz, W. Grosch, P. Schieberle, Χημεία Τρ<mark>ο</mark>φίμων, 4η έκδοση, 2011
- 3. <mark>Λαμ</mark>πρόπουλος Α., Ανέστης Σ., Γλυκαντικές Ουσίες<mark>, 20</mark>08.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years						
Grade absolut (descending frequen order)		te Icy	relative su frequency % rat		of success s per class	
	FO	OD ADDIT	'IVES A	AND SWEETENER	RS	
	10		1	11%		11%
	9		0	0%		11%
	8		0	0%		11%
	7		4	44%		56%
	6		4	44%		100%
			9	100%		

Enzymology

SCHOOL	ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	FST922		SEMESTER	6
COURSE TITLE	ENZYMOLOG	iΥ		
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		course, e.g. ed for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
		Lectures	3	6
	Labo	ra <mark>tor</mark> y practice		
		Total	3	6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).			
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREOUISITE COURSES:	Specialised general knowledge			
		<u> </u>		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (Greek/English)			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course l earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

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- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Enzymology course is focused on enzymes as catalytic tools of various processes aiming to produce chemicals, food ingredients and are also involved in food production.

The aim of Enzymology course is to educate students on issues related to enzymes, the isolation and production techniques of enzymes, the enzymatic mechanisms, as well as on the methodologies for enzymes recovery, purification and application.

Upon successful completion of the course students will have knowledge to:

describe the basic characteristics of enzymes and their role in catalysis

- classify the enzymes in categories
- elaborate on the reaction mechanisms
- outline the methodologies for isolation, recovery, purification and immobilization of enzymes.
- highlight the applications of enzymes in the food industry.
- Suggest several enzyme applications specifically in the Food Industry.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Others
Production of new research ideas	

- Working independently
- Team work
- Working in an interdisciplinary environment

SYLLABUS

- 1. Introduction and role of enzyme technology
- 2. Structure of enzymes. Enzyme categories.
- **3.** Factors affecting enzymes.
- 4. Determination of enzymatic reactions. Definition of enzyme activity.
- 5. Mechanisms of enzymatic reactions.
- **6.** Enzyme kinetics.
- **7.** Origin of enzymes. Techniques for enzyme production, recovery and purification.
- 8. Techniques for enzyme immobilization
- **9.** Applications of immobilized enzymes.
- **10.** Enzyme applications in food industry (bread, brewing, fruit juice making)
- **11.** Enzyme applications in food industry (oils and fats, lactose-free milk products, cheese making)
- **12.** Novel enzyme applications in unconventional biocatalysis for the production of added-value chemicals.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	In class			
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Power point pres	sen <mark>tation, Wh</mark> i	teboard writing	
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,				
communication with students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activ	ity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures		117	
described in detail.				

Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Total contact hours and 117
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Final written examination in theory that includes: -multiple choice questions -short answer questions -judgment questions -problem solving

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Enzymology (2007), Klonis I., EMBRIO Press

2. Enzyme Biotechnology (2020). Klonis I., 4th Edition. CUP Press

3. Enzymes in Food Technology (2002). Whitehurst R.J. and Law B.A. (eds). Sheffield Academic Press.

4. Handbook of Food Enzymology (2003). Whitaker J.R., Voragen A.G.J. and Wong D.W.S. (eds). Marcel Dekker, Inc.

Functional Foods

SCHOOL	ENVIRONMEN	ENVIRONMENT		
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDREGRAD	UNDREGRADUATE		
COURSE CODE	FST923		SEMESTER 6	
COURSE TITLE	FUNCTIONAL	FOODS		
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN	NG ACTIVITIES		WEEKLY	
if credits are awarded for separate co	mponents of the	e course, e.g.	TEACHING	CREDITS
lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the cr	edits are award	led for the whole	HOURS	
of the course, give the weekly teaching	g hours and the	total credits		
		Lectures	3	
		Total	3	6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation	n of teaching	and the		
teaching methods used are described	n detail at (d).			
COURSE TYPE	Specialized	general knowled	dge	
general background, special				
background, specialised general				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek			
EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (English/C	Gree <mark>k)</mark>		
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- To know the most important categories of functional foods
- To understand their role in disease prevention and health promotion
- To know the potential risks that lurk from their improper use
- To critically evaluate, analyze and discuss the scientific literature, the latest research developments on functional components
- To apply knowledge to develop new functional foods for the market
- To recognize the relevance of nutrition and health claims

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

	Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Project planning and management Respect for
	and information, with the use of the	difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural
	necessary technology	environment
	Adapting to new	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to
	situations	gender issues
	Decision-making	Criticism and self-criticism
	Working	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
	independently	Others
	Team work	
	Working in an international	
	environment Working in an	
	interdisciplinary environment	
	Production of new research ideas	
1.	Adapting to new situations	
2.	Working independently	
3.	Te <mark>am</mark> work	
4.	Criticism and self-criticism	
5.	Production of free, creative and inductive think	king

6. Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

- Relationship between nutrition and health: Introduction to the importance of nutrients with emphasis on the correlation of dietary patterns with the prevention of chronic diseases
- Introduction to Functional Foods: Definition, categorization, role. Safety studies, bioavailability and bioactivity.
- Functional Foods, Bioactive Ingredients and Health Promotion: An Analysis of categories and the most important cases of functional food, the legislative framework that governs them and the potential beneficial effects of the main bioactive ingredients (antioxidants, probiotics, fiber, fatty acids, phytosterols, peptides, etc.).
- Trends and perspectives: The role of functional foods in modern times, in weight control, in sports and in industry concepts of superfoods, novel foods, genetics modified foods and pesticides.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of ICT in teaching. Communication with students v	via e-class, e-mail, etc.	
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning	Activity Lectures	Semester workload 117	

activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS			
	Total contact hours and training	117	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	 Presentations Final exams 		

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Sflomos, K. (2019). Bioactive foods: Additives and Food Supplements. Publication: Tsotras Athanasios
- Koutelidakis, A. (2015). Functional Foods: Their role on health promotion. Ziti Publications (ISBN: 978-960-456-425-5).

FOOD TOXICOLOGY

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT		
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE		
COURSE CODE	FST701		SEMESTER	7
COURSE TITLE	FOOD TOXIC	OLOGY		
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the credits are awarded for t of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total c		course, e.g. d for the whole total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
			2	
	Total	4	5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teachin methods used are described in detail at (d).		e teaching		
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Specialised g	eneral knowled	ge	
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Identify toxic substances present in food as endogenous components, as exogenous factors from the environment, as products of interaction of ingredients in the preparation of food and as toxins of microorganisms
- Describe the processes of absorption, distribution, biotransformation. and excretion of toxic substances by the body.
- Understand the effect of toxic substances on the human body, the symptoms and ways of avoiding or preventing poisoning

Apply modern methods of detection and identification of toxic substances

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others
,	

- (1) Adapting to new situations
- (2) Decision-making
- (3) Working independently
- (4) Team work
- (5) Criticism and self-criticism
- (6) Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- (7) Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Theoretical part

Definition of food toxicology. Food safety assessment. Ways of action of toxic substances. Phases of toxic action. Effect dose ratio and effect time. Methods for detection and determination of toxic substances in food. Synergy and competition of toxic substances. Definition of ADI and NOEL. Toxicological tests. Ways of manifestation of poisoning. Toxicological role of the gastrointestinal tract. Toxins of microorganisms. Toxicity of food and natural ingredients of food. Interaction of drugs and food ingredients. Toxic substances from the environment. Toxic substances formed during the processing or preparation of food.

Laboratory part of the lesson

Introduction to laboratory food toxicology analyzes. Methods of analysis / Acute toxicity tests. Design of the basic parameters of the measurements. Impact dose curves determination LD50 and EC50. Determination of toxic substances in food

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of information technolog communication. Communica folder sharing options etc.	gy on data collection and inform tion with students via web, e-m	nation, in teaching and nail, e-class and online
	Activity	Semester workload	
TEACHING METHODS	Lectures	78	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Laboratory classes	26	
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Total contact hours and training	104	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Written examination on grad Greek	ed multiple choice difficulty plus	s a written project Language
ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY			

• Tu A.T.: Handbook of Natural Toxins, Colorado St. Univ., Marcel Dekker Inc., NY, 1992.

• Botsoglou N. and Fletouris D.: Drug residues in foods, Aristotle Univ. of Thessaloniki, Marcel Dekker Inc., 2000.

• Breneman C.J.: Handbook of food allergies. Marcel Dekker Inc., NY, 1986. • Hathcock H.J.: Nutritional toxicology (vol 1). London Academic Press, 1982.

Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency		relative frequency %		sum of success rates per class
10		4		12%	12%
9		7		21%	32%
8		9		26%	59%
7		10		29%	88%
6		4		12%	100%
		34		100%	

Performance Statistics of the last 2years

Meat and Fish Products Science and Technology

SCHOOL	ENVIRONMENT				
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDREGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	FST702	FST702 SEMESTER 7			
COURSE TITLE	MEAT AND FISH PRODUCTS SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN	G ACTIVITIES			WEEKLY	
if credits are awarded for separate compon	ents of the cour	rse, e.g. lectures,		TEACHING	CREDITS
laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are	awarded for th	e whole of the		HOURS	
course, give the weekly teaching ho	urs and the toto	al credits		_	
		Lectures	_	2	
	Laboratory exercise			3	
	Total 5 5				5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation	dd rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching				
methods used are described in detail at	(d).				
COURSE TYPE	Specialized	general knowled	dge		
general background, special					
background, specialised general knowledge, skills development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	· /				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	No				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B

• Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Acknowledge the posthumous changes of meat and fish and on the treatments applied for their maintenance on the standardization and packaging of their products.
- Classify meat products, the choice of ingredients, the methods of preparation, the packaging, the
 maintenance of heat treatment and curing products, the prevention and the evaluation of defects causing
 quality degradation, in order to produce quality and healthy meat and fish products.
- Apply quality control methods of meat, fish and their products
- Get used to measurement and evaluation methods of main physicochemical characteristics of the quality of meat, fish and their products.
- Perform macroscopic and laboratory tests and to evaluate the quality based on them.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

	Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Project planning and management Respect for				
	and information, with the use of the	difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural				
	necessary technology	environment				
	Adapting to new	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to				
	situations	gender issues				
	Decision-making	Criticism and self-criticism				
	Working	moduction of free, creative and inductive thinking				
	independently	Others				
	Team work					
	Working in an international					
	environment Working in an					
	interdisciplinary environment					
	Production of new research ideas					
1.	Adapting to new situations					
2.	De <mark>cisi</mark> on-making					
3.	Wo <mark>rking indepen</mark> dently					
4.	Team work					
5.	Criticism and self-criticism					

- 6. Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- 7. Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Content of theoretical course:

Meat – Poultry and their products. Structure and composition of meat tissues, Conversion of muscle tissue into meat, Nutritional value, Sensory characteristics, Preservation by refrigeration and freezing, Packaging, Classification of meat products, basic salting substances, ripening products, cold cuts. Pasteurized cold cuts and products from meat pieces. Fish. Distinguish and classify, Composition of edible flesh, Safety and nutritional value, Preservation by refrigeration and freezing, Causes of deterioration, Assessment of freshness, Freezing methods, dehydration, salting and smoking, Canning. Eggs. Structure and composition, Nutritional value, Quality evaluation, Properties, Egg products, Pasteurization, freezing, dehydration.

Content of laboratory course:

Meat – Poultry and their products. Sample preparation, Color measurements, pH and total acidity determination and evaluation, Moisture and ash determination, Distinction between fresh and frozen, Water retention capacity and water loss during cooking, Starch and NaCl determination, Fat determination, refractive index, Proteins, total nitrogen determination, Tenderness measurement.

Fish. Sampling, Biochemical and biological functions and quality of fresh, The role of the various components in determining its quality and processing capacity, Handling of fresh catches, Freezing curve, soluble protein determination, fat determination, Preservation with various treatments, Canning, canning quality control, identification of secondary oxidation products, Enzymatic tanning on crustaceans, Other products (surimi, fermented).

Preparation of cold cuts and salted fish.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of ICT in teaching. Laborato Communication with students v	ory education. ia e-class, e-mail, etc.	
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described	Activity	Semester workload 78	
in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Laboratory practise	39	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Total contact hours and training	117	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Language of evaluation: Greek Methods of evaluation: Progress work during the seme Final examination (Concluding Theoretical part: multiple choir questions, problem solving. Laboratory part: multiple choir questions, problem solving, lab Final grade: 60% theoretical gr The accessibility of students in	ester (formative)) ce questionnaires, short-answe coratory work. rade and 40% laboratory grade criteria and final results is thro	er questions, open-ended er question <mark>s, open- ended</mark> ough website and/or e-class.

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Bremner H., A.2003. Safety and Quality Issues in Fish Processing. Woodhead Publishing Limited, UK.
- Cutting C., L. 1955. Fish saving; a history of fish processing from ancient to modern times. L. Hill, London.
- Hall G., M. 1997. Fish processing technology. Springer, N.Y..
- Pearson A., M and Dutson T., R. 1999. HACCP in Meat, Poultry and Fish Processing, Volume 10 of Advances in meat research, Springer, N.Y.
- Shahidi F., Jones Y. and Kitts D., D. 1997. Seafood safety, processing, and biotechnology, Technomic, USA.
- Georgakis, S.A., Vareltzis, K.P., Amvrosiadis, I.A. (2002). Technology of food from animal origin. Publication: Xristina and Basiliki Kordali S.A.
- Bloukas, I. (2017). Meat technology. Publication: UNIBOOKS IKE
- Ramantanis, S.B. (2005). Technology of meat and its products. Publication: Xristina and Basiliki Kordali S.A.
- Vareltzis, K.P. (1999). Quality control and technology of cathes. Publication: Maria Parikou & SIA

Performance Statistics of the last 2years

Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class
SCIENCE & TECH	INOLOGY OF ME	AT, FISH AND TH	EIR PRODUCTS
10	20	8%	8%
9	34	14%	23%
8	58	24%	47%
7	76	32%	<mark>79%</mark>
6	51	21%	100%
	239	100%	

Wine and Alcoholic Beverages Science and Technology

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	FST703		SEMESTER 7	
COURSE TITLE	WINE AND ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the course, e.g. redits are awarded for the whole g hours and the total credits WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS			CREDITS
		Lectures	2	
			2	
Total			4	6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Special Backg	ground/ Skills de	velopment	
PREREQUISITE COURSES:		2		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek			
EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in <mark>Greek</mark>	x)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- understand the technology of production of wines and other alcoholic beverages
- describe biochemical changes during the harvesting of raw materials and during wine production
- distinguish and perform white and red winemaking process
 - carry out the analysis methods used in both the production process and the quality control.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	

Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others...

- (1) Adapting to new situations
- (2) Decision-making
- (3) Working independently
- (4) Team work
- (5) Criticism and self-criticism
- (6) Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- (7) Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Theoretical Part of the Course

Ripening and composition of grapes, white vinification, red vinification, production of rosé wines, sparkling wines, production of sweet wines, special vinification techniques. Wine microbiology: must and wine yeasts, lactic acid bacteria, acetate bacteria. Chemical composition of wine must: Aromatic ingredients, flavoring ingredients, phenolic ingredients. Changes and stabilization of wine: chemical and biological changes of grapes after its collection, oxidation and reduction effects of wine, use of sulfur dioxide in wine preservation, colloidal wine components, turbidity and precipitation of various compounds in wine, permitted oenological practices and treatments. Bottling. Hygiene of the winery. Technology and quality control of spirits (ouzo, brandy, brandy, vodka, whiskey, rum, liqueur).

Laboratory Part of the Course

- Measurement of alcoholic strength with alcoholometer and diluent meter (use of tables).
- 2. Determination of sugar content in the must.
- 3. Determination of acidity and pH of the must.
- 4. Determination of pH, total and volatile acidity in wine.
- 5. Determination of ash in wine.
- Determination of sulfite anhydride (free and total sulfite).
- 7. Modern chromatographic methods for the analysis of wine and spirits.
- 8. Enzymatic changes from the action of enzymes. Importance of the use of enzymes in vinification.
- 9. Use of selected doughs for the production of wines

10. Alcoholic fermentation - Physicochemical factors that affect the development of yeasts - process of alcoholic fermentation.

- 11. Problems of incomplete fermentations and ways of dealing with them.
- 12. Color determination

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face					
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Use of information technology on data collection and information in teaching and					
	Use of information technology on data collection and information, in teaching and					
	communication. Communication with students via web, e-mail, e-class and online					
ose of ici in leaching, laboratory education,	folder sharing options etc.					
	Activity Semester workland					
The manner and methods of teaching are		78				
described in detail.		76				
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Laboratory experiments	20				
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials placements clinical practice art						
workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Total contact hours and	104				
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,	training					
etc.						
activity are given as well as the hours of non-						
directed study according to the principles of the						
ECTS						
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Written Evaluation					
Description of the evaluation procedure	whiten Evaluation					
Language of evaluation, methods of						
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions,						
o <mark>pen-</mark> ended questions, problem solving, written						
work, essay/report, oral examination, public						
examination of patient, art interpretation.						
other						
specifically-defined evaluation criteria are						
students.						
ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY						
- Suggested bibliography:						
1. Τσακίρη <mark>ς Α.,</mark> Ποτογραφία, 2007						
2. Σουφλερός <mark>Ε., Οίνο</mark> ς και αποστάγματ	. Σουφλερός Ε. <mark>, Οίνο</mark> ς και αποστάγματα, 2000.					
3. Τσακίρης Α., Οινο <mark>λογία, από</mark> το σταφύλι στο κρασί, 2008.						
4. ΣουφλερόςΕ., Οινολογία, Επιστή <mark>μη</mark> κα	αι Τεχνογνωσία, 2012.		-			

5. Τζίτζη Μ., Κυπαρισσίου Π., Στοιχεία Οινολογίας, 2008.
| Performance Statistics of the last 2years | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Grade (descending
order) | absolute
frequency | relative
frequency % | sum of success
rates per class | | |
| SCIENC | E & TECHNOLOG | Y OF WINE AND S | PIRITS | | |
| 10 | 4 | 12% | 12% | | |
| 9 | 7 | 21% | 32% | | |
| 8 | 9 | 26% | <mark>59%</mark> | | |
| 7 | 10 | 29% | 88% | | |
| 6 | 4 | 12% | 100% | | |
| | 34 | 100% | | | |

Quality Assurance and Legislation

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE			
COURSE CODE	FST704		SEMESTER 7		
COURSE TITLE		SURANCE AND L	EGISLATION		
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	VG ACTIVITIES WEEKLY mponents of the course, e.g. TEACHING CREDITS edits are awarded for the whole HOURS HOURS			CREDITS	
		Lectures	3		
		Total	3	5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	rganisation of teaching and the teaching in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Special Back	gr <mark>ou</mark> nd, skills dev	velopment		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:		~			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek	0			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

Learning Outcomes

The course earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Outline the concept of Quality and Food Safety
- Develop and apply HACCP systems and the meaning of Environmental Management Systems
- Understand the role of Certification Bodies and Accreditation Bodies
- Apply certification and accreditation procedures

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	

Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others
General skills	
1. Adaptation to new situations.	
2. Decision making.	
3. Autonomous work.	
4. Teamwork	
5. Exercise criticism and self-criticism.	
6. Prom <mark>otion</mark> of free, creative and inductive thinl	king.
7. Search, analysis and synthesis of data and info	ormation, in order to implement theory in practice
SYLLABUS	
Cour <mark>se c</mark> ontent	
Quality, Environmental Management System	ns, HACCP System, Integrated Systems

Management, Quality Policy, Procedures, Document Control, Continuous improvement, Non Compliance, Internal Audit, Management Review

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of information technology on data collection and information, in teaching and
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	communication. Communication with students via web, e-mail, e-class and online
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,	folder sharing options etc.
communication with students	
TEACHING METHODS	Activity Semester workload
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures 117
described in detail.	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Total contact hours and 117
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	training
workshop, interactive teaching, educational	
etc.	
The student's study hours for each learning	
activity are given as well as the hours of non-	
ECTS	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Evaluation procedure performed in Greek.
Description of the evaluation procedure	

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Written examination in matters of graded difficulty, which include a) text development, b) comprehension questions.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years

Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class
QUA	LI <mark>T</mark> Y ASSURANC	E AND LE <mark>GI</mark> SLATI	NC
10	10	8%	8%
9	5	4%	12%
8	22	17%	29%
7	28	22%	51%
6	63	<mark>49%</mark>	100%
	128	100%	

Senior Seminar

FACULTY/SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	ENVIRONMENT			
DEPARTMENT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDY	UNDERGRAD	UATE			
COURCE UNIT CODE	FST931		SEMESTER	7	
COURCE TITLE	SENIOR SE	MINAR			
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN in case credits are awarded for separate c e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. entire course, give the weekly teaching	IG ACTIVITIES omponents/par If credits are av hours and the	ts of the course, varded for the total credits	WEEKLY TEACHNG HOURS		CREDITS (ECTS)
		Lectures	3		
		Total	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organization of methods used are described in detail under	teaching and th section 4	e teaching			
COURSE TYPE	Scientific exp	e <mark>rti</mark> se,			
Background knowledge,	Skills Develo	o <mark>m</mark> ent			
Scientific expertise,					
General Knowledge,					
Skills Development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:	Greek				
LANGUAGE OF	Greek				
EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:					
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO	Yes (In <mark>Greek</mark>	(/English)			
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail.

It is necessary to consult:

APPENDIX A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework.
- Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and

APPENDIX B

Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course aims to train students in:

- Selecting and developing a topic
- Primary data collection or secondary data analysis from diverse information sources
- Synthesis of information and redaction of a report
- Oral presentation before an audience

After successfully completing the course, students must be able to:

- Comprehend the difference between a review paper and a research paper
- Plan the approach to a topic and organize the writing process
- Research and evaluate relevant and recent literature during the writing process
- Structure and organize a well-rounded report following scientific style

- Appreciate the principles of science ethics and integrity
- Manage citations and references systems
- Justify why the report advances knowledge in the respective discipline

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management information by the use of appropriate Respect for diversity and multiculturalism Environmental awareness technologies, Social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Adapting to new situations Decision-making Critical thinking Individual/Independent work Development of free, creative and inductive thinking Group/Team work Working in an international environment (Other......citizenship, spiritual freedom, social awareness, altruism etc.) Working in an interdisciplinary environment Introduction of innovative research 1. Researching, analyzing, and synthesizing data and information with the use of suitable technologies

- 2. Decision making
- 3. Autonomous work
- 4. Teamwork
- 5. Exercising criticism and self-criticism
- 6. Promoting free, creative, and deductive reasoning

COURSE CONTENT

The lectures are comprised of several thematic units, such as: how to approach the topic under investigation, how to break down a topic into manageable components, how to formulate and argue research questions, how to research the literature, and how to evaluate and utilize literature sources. Additionally, students are briefed on the basic principles of communication, sampling, statistical concepts, and data analysis. Instructions are provided on the methodology and stages of writing, style and structure, how to organize data and present results in tables and graphs, how to manage citations and references. Finally, instructions are given on how to prepare a presentation, how to organize material for presentation and presentation techniques. The course concludes with instructions on how to compose a CV and prepare for an interview.

TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

MODES OF DELIVERY Face-to-face, in-class lecturing, distance teaching and distance learning etc.	Face-to-face, in-class lec	turing, at the field part of	lab work
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory Education, Communication with students	Power point presentation, W class and e-mails	hiteboard writing, Communicat	i <mark>on</mark> with students through e-
OURSE DESIGN	Activity/Method	Semester workload	
Description of teaching techniques, practices and methods:	Lectures	39]

			-
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice.	Individual project	45	
fieldwork, study and analysis of	Team project	33	
bibliography, tutorials, Internship, Art			
Workshop, Interactive teaching,			
Educational visits, projects, Essay writing,			
Artistic creativity, etc.			
The study hours for each learning activity			
as well as the hours of self-directed study			
are given following the principles of the	Total contact bound and		
ECIS.	Total contact nours and	117	
	training		
STUDEN <mark>T PERFORMANC</mark> E	Theory: 50%		
EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT	incory. Sove		
METHODS	Final written examination that	includes:	
Detailed de <mark>scrip</mark> tion of the evaluation	-multiple choice questions		
procedur <mark>e</mark> s:	fill in the blanks sugging		
Langu <mark>age</mark> of <mark>evaluation</mark> , assessment	-mil-in the blanks questions		
meth <mark>ods,</mark> formative or summative	-short answer questions		
(concl <mark>usiv</mark> e), multiple choice tests, short-			
an <mark>swe<mark>r q</mark>uestions, ope</mark> n-ended questions,			
p <mark>rob</mark> le <mark>m solving,</mark> written work,	Individual or group project: 509	6	
essay/report, oral exam, presentation,			
laboratory work, otheretc.			
S <mark>pecif</mark> ically defined evaluation criteria are			
sta <mark>ted</mark> , a <mark>s well a</mark> s if and where they are			
accessible by the students.			

SUGGESTED READING:

- ASA, CSSA, and SSSA. (2020) Publications handbook and style manual. Available online at https://www.agronomy.org/files/publications/style/style-manual.pdf (verified 24 Jan. 2021).
- Bell, J. (2005) Doing your Research Project. 4th ed. McGraw-Hill, Maidenhead, England.
- Bush, V. (July 1945) As we may think. Atlantic Monthly. Available online at https://www.theatlantic.com/magazine/archive/1945/07/as-we-may-think/303881/ (verified 24 Jan. 2021).
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- Tierney, E. (1998) 101 Ways to Better Communication, Kogan Page, London.
- Sterling, B. (February 1993). Short history of the internet. The Magazine of Fantasy and Science Fiction. Available online at http://www.usask.ca/art/a352/short.htm (verified 24 Jan. 2021).

Per	formance Statist	ics of the last 2yea	rs
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class
RI	EDACTION OF SC	IENTIFIC REPORT	S
10	2	1%	1%
9	17	11%	12%
8	45	28%	40%
7	41	26%	66%
6	54	34%	100%
	159	100%	
9 8 7 6	17 45 41 54 159	11% 28% 26% 34% 100%	12% 40% 66% 100%

Biorefineries Development

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	DUATE			
COURSE CODE	FST932		SEMESTER	7	
COURSE TITLE	BIOREFINER	IES DEVELOPME	NT		
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate cor lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	IG ACTIVITIES WEEKLY nponents of the course, e.g. TEACHING edits are awarded for the whole HOURS			G CREDITS	
		Lectures	3	5	
		Total	3	5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	ne teaching			
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Specialised g	eneral knowled	ge		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (Greek/E	inglish)			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course ;earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able:

- To design food biorefineries
- To understand and perform techno-economic evaluation studies on biorefinery development
- To comprehend the basic principles and the practical applications of LCA
- To acknowledge the selection of the appropriate methodology and processes for biomass refining
- To familiarise with the principal terms of circular economy and bio-economy
- To outline the primary downstream separation and purification methods

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Decision-making Working independently Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Others... Production of new research ideas (1) Adapting to new situations (2) Decision-making (3) Working independently (4) Team work (5) Criticism and self-criticism (6) Production of free, creative and inductive thinking (7) Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Nowadays, biorefineries have emerged and developed in a similar manner to petroleum refineries. Renewable resources and particularly biomass, are employed as the onset feedstock in biorefinery processes. Agro-industrial waste and by-products streams, but also food waste constitute some of the most usual feedstock materials. Biorefineries target the generation of several products (chemicals, biopolymers, organic acids, antioxidants, biocolourants) to replace their conventional petroleum derived counterparts, within the transition from linear to circular economy and bio-economy. The course includes the presentation of novel approaches, employing chemical and biological processes, along with the implementation of optimising such processes, techno-economic assessment and life cycle assessment.

More specifically, during the lectures the following sections are covered:

- Renewable resources as feedstock materials
- Bioprocess design
- Pre-treatment technologies
- Downstream separation and purification methods
- Biorefinery design targeting multiple end products
- Types of biorefinery and examples
- Circular economy and bio-economy
- Introduction to techno-economic analysis
- Introduction to Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face				
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of information technology on data collection and information, in teaching and				
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	communication. Communicat	communication. Communication with students via web, e-mail, e-class and online			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,	folder sharing options etc.				
communication with students					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	117			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice.					
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,					
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art					
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,					
etc.					
The student's study hours for each learning					
directed study according to the principles of the					
ECTS					
	Total contact hours and				
	training	117			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	training				
Description of the evaluation procedure	Combined evaluation of writin	a examination (multiple shoir	a questionnaires short		
	combined evaluation of writin	g examination (multiple-choic	e questionnaires, short-		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation summative or conclusive multiple	answer-questions) and writter	report-presentation.			
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions,					
open-ended questions, problem solving, written					
work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation laboratory work clinical					
examination of patient, art interpretation,					
other					
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are					
given, and if and where they are accessible to					
students.					
TTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY					

- Suggested bibliography:

Kamm, B., Gruber, P.R. and Kamm. M., **2010**. *Biorefineries-industrial processes and products: Status Quo and Future Directions*, Kamm, B., Gruber, P.R. and Kamm. M eds., Wiley VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

Clark J., Deswarte F., **2015**. The biorefinery concept: an integrated approach. In *"Introduction to Chemicals from Biomass"*, Clark J. and Deswarte F. eds., West Sussex, U.K.

Food Quality Control and Sensory Evaluation

SCHOOL	ENVIRONMENT							
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY							
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE							
COURSE CODE	FST933		SEMESTER 7					
COURSE TITLE	FOOD QUALI	TY CONTROL AI	ND SENSORY EVAL	UATION				
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	ING ACTIVITIES UNPONENTS of the course, e.g. TEACHING TEACHING HOURS CREDITS							
		Lectures	3	5				
		Laboratory						
		Total	3	5				
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and th	e teaching						
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Specialised g	eneral knowled	ge					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek	•						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek)						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)								

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described. Consult Appendix A

• Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area

- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- know the principles and methods of quality control of food and beverages.
- understand the general dimensions of quality that help determine the specific quality of a product.
- realize the need for continuous quality improvement.
- perceive the importance of quality and its benefit and that it is a matter of prevention and not inspection.
- recognize the potential food hazards along production processes and minimize food safety issues.
- be familiar with the methods of organoleptic examination.
- be familiar with the data analysis of the organoleptic evaluation.
- be familiar with modern methods applied in food quality control.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Others
Production of new research ideas	
1. Adaptation to new situations.	
2. Decision making.	
3. Autonom <mark>ous</mark> work.	

- 4. Teamwork
- 5. Work in an international environment.
- 6. Exercise criticism and self-criticism.
- 7. Promote creative and inductive thinking.
- 8. Analyze and synthesize of data and information in order to apply the theory in practice.

SYLLABUS

The course focuses on teaching the basic principles of quality control and organoleptic evaluation of food. Course's target is to enable students to apply methods and systems necessary for the assurance of food quality and quality improvement, through the right approach into different food systems. Furthermore, the course aims to enable the student to understand the concept and the philosophy of quality control regarding food and beverage companies.

Basic tools for quality assessment through organoleptic evaluation are also presented. Modern technologies and applications for the detection of bacteria, fungi and toxins are being analyzed. Moreover, analysis of molecular techniques applied in food quality systems (i.g quantitative gene expression) is also introduced as an approach to assess quality within food production processes.

The course material aims to introduce students a) to the basic concepts of quality and organoleptic examination of food, b) how to deal with quality control systems, and c) to understand the methods and analysis of evaluation data.

The subjects of the course include chemical hazard analysis (i.g chemical residues and pesticides) and biological hazards related to food hygiene.

Factors that affect quality, safety, nutritional value and composition of food are also analyzed.

- Introduction to the principles of food quality control
- Quality theories: Food quality characteristics Quality factors
- Solutions for quality control problems and quality improvement assays
- Introduction to food organoleptic evaluation
- Analysis of organoleptic food evaluation data
- Quality control Methods of organoleptic control, organization of organoleptic tests
- Concept and Principles of the HACCP system

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face							
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.								
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of video projector and computer, Internet use							
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY								
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,								
communication with students			N					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload						
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	117						
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice	Laboratory	0						
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,								
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art								
workshop, interactive teaching, educational								
etc.								
The student's study hours for each learning								
activity are given as well as the hours of non-								
directed study according to the principles of the								
2010	Total contact hours and	117						
	training	117						
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION								
Description of the evaluation procedure	Final written examination in r	natters of graded difficulty, wh	nich include					
Language of evaluation, methods of	- development question	ons						
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple	- multiple choice ques	tions						
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions,								
open-ended questions, problem solving, written								
presentation, laboratory work, clinical								
examination of patient, art interpretation,								
other								
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are								
giv <mark>en,</mark> and i <mark>f and w</mark> here they are accessible to								
students.								

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- 1. TSaknis I., Quality and safety of food and beverages. Tziola Publications 2018, ISBN: 9789604187812 (in Greek).
- 2. Tzia, K., Tsiapouris, A., Critical Control Point Hazard Analysis (HACCP) in the food industry, Papasotiriou Publications 1996, ISBN: 9789607510358 (in Greek).
- 3. Arvanitogiannis I., Barzakas T.X., Tzifa K., Food quality control. Stamoulis Publications 2008, ISBN: 9789603517443 (in Greek).
- 4. Karaoulanis G.D., Laboratory analysis and quality control in food Industries. Stamoulis Publications 2005, ISBN: 9789603516217 (in Greek).
- 5. Stevenson, K.E., Bernard, T., HACCP: A systematic approach to food safety. CTI
- Publications 1999.

6. Early, R., Guide to Quality Management Systems for the Food Industry. Blackie Academic & Professional, Chapman & Hall, Glasgow 1995.

- 7. Codex Alimentarius Commission, Principles and Guidelines for the conduct of microbial risk assessment. CAC/GL-30 1999. Related Literature:
- Amitava Mitra. 2008. Fundamentals of Quality Control and Improvement, 3rd edition. WILEY Publications.
- Herbert Stone and Joel L. Sidel. 2004. Sensory Evaluation Practices, 3rd edition. Academic Press Publications.

Special Topics in Food Science and Technology

FACULTY/SCHOOL	FACULTY OF EN	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT						
DEPARTMENT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY							
LEVEL OF STUDY	UNDERGRADUA	UNDERGRADUATE						
COURCE UNIT CODE	FST934		SEMESTER	7				
COURCE TITLE	SPECIAL TOPICS	S IN FOOD SC	IENCE AND TEC	CHNOLOGY				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIES							
in case credits are awarded for separe	ate components/p	parts of the	WEEKLY					
course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory e	exercises, etc. If ci	redits are	TEACHNG		(ECTS)			
awarded for the entire course, give th	e weekly teaching	g hours and	HOURS		(1013)			
the total crea	dits							
		Lectures	3					
		Tutoring						
		Laboratory						
		Total	3		5			
Add rows if necessary. The organization	on of teaching and	d the						
teaching methods used are described	in detail under se	ction 4						
COURSE TYPE	General <mark>Kn</mark> owle	edge						
Background knowledge,	Skills Developm	ent						
Scientific expertise,	Scientific exper	tise						
General Knowledge,								
Skills Development								
PREREQUISITE COURSES:								
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:	Greek/English							
LANGUAGE OF	Greek/English							
EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:								
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO	Yes (Greek/Eng	lish)						
ERASMUS STUDENTS								
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)								

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail. It is necessary to consult:

APPENDIX A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework.
- Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and **APPENDIX B**

• Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The objective of this course is to offer students the opportunity to delve into contemporary and cutting-edge topics as well as recent advances in Food Science and Technology.

After completing this course, students must be able to:

- perceive current trends in food science and technology, new achievements and "state-of-the-art" trens in Food Science and Technology
- Have a critical view on new concerns and new knowledge and argue on current issues in their science
- Assess the validity or reliability of information presented in the media about Food Science

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in							
the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?							
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Project planning and management						
and information by the use of appropriate	Respect for diversity and multiculturalism						
technologies,	Environmental awareness						
Adapting to new situations	Social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender						
Decision-making	issues						
Individual/Independent work	Critical thinking						
Group/Team work	Development of free, creative and inductive thinking						
Working in an international environment							
Working in an interdisciplinary	(Othercitizenship, spiritual freedom, social awareness, altruism etc.)						
environment							
Introduction of innovative research							
1. Researching, analyzing, and synthesizir	ng data and information with the use of suitable technologies						

- 2. Working autonomously
- 3. Working in a global context
- 4. Generating new research ideas
- 5. Promoting free, creative, and deductive reasoning

COURSE CONTENT

The course comprises of lectures by Department Faculty on current research topics within their discipline or contemporary topics of their choice, lectures by professionals from the food industry, field trips to distinguished enterprises and food industries. The dynamic nature of the course mandates that it is updated annually with new topics that reflect scientific developments. Sample topics include: The food system; Consumer trends, factors affecting them and the role of Food Science; From field to plate; Pros and cons of organic food; Processed and packaged vs. raw and bulk; Sustainable use of natural resources; Local food vs. global marketing; Chemistry and functionality of food constituents; The relationship between composition/structure and functionality/nutritional value of food; The role of Food Scientists in developing new foods; Are harmful substances (e.g., *trans* fatty acids, acrylamide, oxidation products, allergens) more likely in processed/packaged food; The verdict on protein, fat, and sugar substitutes; Synthetic additives: detection, labeling, thresholds, licensed ingredients, national and international regulation; Functional and novel foods, nutraceuticals, natural health supplements, etc.: differences, standards, traditional and novel uses, risks and challenges; Food preservation and safety: toxins, impact of processing on quality; Biotechnology and nanotechnology in the food industry.

TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

MODES OF DELIVERY	Face-to-face in-class lecturing
Face-to-face, in-class lecturing,	
distance teaching and distance	
learning etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Power point presentation Whiteboard writing Communication with students through e-
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY	class and e-mails

Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory			
Education, Communication with			
students			
OURSE DESIGN	Activity/Method	Semester workload	
Description of teaching techniques,	Lectures		
practices and methods:	Individual or team	-	
Lectures seminars laboratory	project		
practice, fieldwork, study and analysis	Sominars	20	-
of bibliography. tutorials. Internship.	Seminars	20	-
Art Workshop, Interactive teaching,			-
Educational visits, projects, Essay			-
writing, Artistic creativity, etc.			_
The study hours for each learning			
activity as well as the hours of self-			
directed study are given following the			
principles of the ECTS.	Total contact hours and	117	
	training	117	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	CON final mittan averainstica	that includes.	
EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT	60% final written examination	that includes:	
METHODS	-multiple choice questions		
Detailed description of the evaluation	-fill-in the blanks questions		
procedures:			
Language of evaluation, assessment	-short answer questions		
methods, formative or summative			
(conclusive), multiple choice tests,	30% individual or team project		
short- answer questions, open-ended			
questions, problem solving, written	10% in class participation (con	tribution to discussions, semi	hars, lectures)
work, essay/report, oral exam,			
presentation, laboratory work,			
otheretc.			
Specifically defined evaluation criteria			
are stated, as well as if and where they			
are accessible by the students.			
SUGGESTED READING:			
To be updated every semester.			

Soil Management and Food Quality

FACULTY/SCHOOL	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT							
DEPARTMENT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY							
LEVEL OF STUDY	UNDERGRADUA	UNDERGRADUATE						
COURCE UNIT CODE	FST801		SEMESTER 8	3				
COURCE TITLE	SOIL MANAGE	MENT AND FO	OOD QUALITY					
INDEPENDENT TEACHII in case credits are awarded for separate c e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. entire course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES omponents/parts c If credits are awar g hours and the tot	of the course, rded for the al credits	WEEKLY TEACHNG HOURS	CREDITS (ECTS)				
		Lectures	2					
		Tutoring						
		Laboratory	2					
		Total	4	5				
Add rows if necessary. The organization of methods used are described in detail unde	teaching and the t r section 4	eaching						
COURSE TYPE	Scientific exp <mark>e</mark> r	tise						
Background knowledge,	Skills Developm	ient						
Scientific expertise,								
General Knowledge,	· · · ·							
Skills Development								
PREREQUISITE COURSES:								
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:	Greek/English							
LANGUAGE OF	Greek/English							
EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:								
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO	Yes (English/Gr	eek)						
ERASMUS STUDENTS								
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)								

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail.

It is necessary to consult:

APPENDIX A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework.
- Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and **APPENDIX B**

• Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course exposes the students to the concept of natural resources, the contemporary problems related to their management, and challenges faced by the food production and quality sector. In particular, the course analyzes the value of soil as a medium of food production and how to best manage it for the production of plentiful, quality products. Special attention is paid to the role of soil in shaping *terroir* and supporting quality schemes (Protected Designation of Origin and Protected Geographical Indication) for wine, olive oil, pulses, cheeses, etc.

Specifically, the course reviews introductory concepts required to understand soils; in the laboratory part, it reviews methods of soil management aiming to preserve fertility, so that each student has a broad understanding of processes and methods for the exploitation of soils and the production of plentiful, quality food.

Additionally, the course aims at exposing students to contemporary issues and threats related to natural resources and their interrelationships, encompassing a broad domain of supplementary knowledge to aid their comprehension; overpopulation, food demand, availability of natural resources and arable lands, support for food production systems, climate change, etc.

Therefore, the objective of this course to provide students with the knowledge required to study the soil as a natural resource of overarching importance for food production and quality. It examines the basic soil properties in order to: (a) train students how to evaluate the state and availability of soil resources in the context of increasing demand for production of plentiful, quality food, (b) comprehend the significance of soils for food production systems and food quality in the modern economy, and (c) enhance prospects for a distinguished professional occupation in the discipline.

After completing this course, students must be able to:

- Comprehend the basic soil properties and their significance for food production systems and food quality
- Know the tools and techniques for sustainable soil management for food production
- Apply laboratory methods to assess soil fertility and interpret analyses of soils and plant tissues aiming to evaluate the capacity of soils to produce quality food
- Redact and present opinions on the use and management of soils for the production of food crops, thus developing skills of written and oral communication of project results

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information by the use of appropriate	Respect for diversity and multiculturalism
technologies,	Environmental awareness
Adapting to new situations	Social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Decision-making	Critical thinking
Individual/Independent work	Development of free, creative and inductive thinking
Group/Team work	
Working in an international environment	(Othercitizenship, spiritual freedom, social awareness, altruism etc.)
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Introduction of innovative research	
Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Introduction of innovative research	(Othercitizenship, spiritual freedom, social awareness, altruism etc.)

- 1. Working autonomously
- 2. Teamwork
- 3. Interdisciplinary work
- 4. Decision making
- 5. Respect for the natural environment
- 6. Promoting free, creative, and deductive reasoning

COURSE CONTENT

THEORY

- 1. Introduction; soil as natural resource; soil functions; soil genesis; soil classification; present and future demands for plant nutrition and crop production in developed countries.
- 2. Sustainable soil management and food production and quality: farming systems; soil management and securing the production of plentiful, quality food.
- 3. Crop production and food availability; food security for an ever-growing global population; prospects for food production in developing countries; demands placed on the agricultural sector for food security; nutrients in production and consumptions cycles; problems and opportunities.
- 4. Soil physical properties. Structure; compression, mechanisms, consequences, preventive and corrective measures; soil water; soil atmosphere; wetland soils; natural and constructed wetlands.
- 5. Soil chemical properties. Soil pH; carbonates; soil colloids; cation exchange phenomena and their importance in soil management for securing fertility and food production.
- 6. Soil biological properties. Organic matter; global C cycle and climate change; biotechnological approach in soil management and food production; soil organisms and their ecology; influence of microorganisms on soil functions and sustainable soil management.
- 7. Soil fertility and crop productivity; the soil as the basis of crop production; soil nutrients and plant uptake; nutrition physiology; role, uptake, and mobility of essential nutrients in plants; deficiency and toxicity symptoms; root growth and nutrient uptake; efficient use of nutrients.
- Dynamic of main nutrients in the soil; determination of available nutrients in soil and plants; sources of nutrients; fertilizers; soil amendments; inorganic fertilizers; organic fertilizers; mycorrhizae.
- Macronutrients and micronutrients in soil and their management for food production; nutrient cycles; nutrient availability and influence on food production and quality.
- 10. The role of soil in shaping *terroir* and supporting quality schemes (Protected Designation of Origin and Protected Geographical Indication) for wine, olive oil, pulses, cheeses, etc.
- 11. Soil degradation; desertification; erosion, types, causes, consequences on food production and quality, assessment, measures for reduction, prevention, and restoration; problem soils, formation, categories, management and amelioration, possibilities for exploitation.
- 12. Soil pollution: types of pollutants, effects on the soil ecosystem, consequences for food production and quality; cleanup; restoration.
- 13. Modern technologies for soil management for food production: Remote sensing applications; land evaluation; damage assessment; monitoring and surveying tools; yield simulation models in primary food production.

LABORATORY

- 1. Sampling of soil and plant tissues; preparation of soil samples for analysis; drying; determination of water content of soils and plant tissues.
- 2. Symptoms, diagnosis and correction of nutrient imbalances; establishment of a small experiment for detecting symptoms and diagnosing nutritional problems.
- 3. Determination of soil color, texture, bulk density, specific gravity, and porosity.
- 4. Determination of total and active soil carbonate; soil reaction; pH determination; buffering capacity.
- 5. Determination of soil organic C and microbial biomass.
- 6. Determination of soil electrical conductivity, total soluble salts (Ca, Mg, K, Na, NO₃⁻, Cl⁻, SO₄⁻, CO₃⁻, HCO₃⁻) and irrigation water; irrigation water quality.
- 7. Determination of exchangeable cations in soil, cation exchange capacity, base saturation.
- 8. Soil pollution; determination of heavy metals (Cd, Cr, Pb: extraction, recovery and analytical determination).
- 9. Incineration of plant tissues, extraction and recovery of samples for analysis.
- 10. Soil macronutrients: Determination of N in soil and plant tissues.
- 11. Soil macronutrients: Determination of plant extractable P in soil and P content in plant tissues via spectrophotometry.
- 12. Soil macronutrients: Determination of exchangeable K and K content in plant tissues via flame photometry; determination of Ca and Mg in plant tissues via atomic absorption spectrometry.
- 13. Soil micronutrients: Determination of Fe, Zn, Mn, Cu, and Mo in soil and plant tissues via atomic absorption spectrometry; determination of B in soil and plant tissues via spectrophotometry.

TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

MODES OF DELIVERY Face-to-face, in-class lecturing, distance teaching and distance learning etc.	Face-to-face, in-class lecturing							
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory Education, Communication with students	Power point presentation, Whit class and e-mails	eboard writing, Communication with students through	e-					
OURSE DESIGN	Activity/Method	Semester workload						
Description of teaching techniques,	Theory (Lect <mark>ur</mark> es)	60						
practices and methods:	Individual or team project	26						
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Seminars	18						
fieldwork, study and analysis of								
bibliography, tutorials, Internship, Art Workshop, Interactive teaching								
Educational visits, projects, Essay writing,								
Artistic creativity, etc.								
The study hours for each learning activity								
as well as the hours of self-directed study are given following the principles of the								
ECTS.	Total contact hours and training	104						
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Theory: Final written examination	on that includes:						
EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT								
METHODS	-multiple choice questions							
Detailed description of the evaluation	-fill-in the blanks questions							
procedures:	-short answer questions							
methods, formative or summative								
(conclusiv <mark>e),</mark> multiple choice tests, short-	Laborator u							
answer questions, open-ended questions,	Laboratory:							
problem solving, written work,	75% from final written examina	ation in laboratory that includes:						
laboratory work, otheretc.	-fill-in the blanks questions							
Specifically defin <mark>ed evaluati</mark> on criteria are	-short answer questions							
stated, as well as if and where they are accessible by the students.	-multiple choice questions							
	25% from lab reports							

SUGGESTED READING:

- Ando, T., K. Fujita, T. Mae, H. Matsumoto, S. Mori, and J. Sekiya. (1997) Plant Nutrition for Sustainable Food Production and Environment. Proc. XIII Int'l Plant Nutrition Colloquium. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Doordrecht, The Netherlands.
- Benton, J., Jr. (2012) Plant Nutrition and Soil Fertility Manual. 2nd ed. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.
- Brady, N. C., and R. R. Well. (2008) The Nature and Properties of Soils. Prentice Hall/Pearson Education. Upper Saddle River, NJ.
- Dane, J. H. and G. C. Topp. (2002). Methods of Soil Analysis. Part 4. SSSA Book Series No. 5. Soil Science Society of America, Madison, WI.
- FAO, IFAD, UNICEF, WFP and WHO (2017) The State of Food Security and Nutrition in the World 2017; Building Resilience for Peace and Food Security. FAO, Rome.
- FAO (2017) The future of food and agriculture Trends and challenges. FAO, Rome.
- Gliessman, S. R. (2006) Agroecology: The Ecology of Sustainable Food Systems. 2nd Edition. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.
- Klute, A. (1986) Methods of Soil Analysis. Part 1. Physical and Mineralogical Methods. Agron. Monogr. No 9. 2nd ed. ASA and SSSA, Madison, WI.
- Lal. R. and B. A. Stewart. (2011) World Soil Resources and Food Security. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.
- Lal. R., and B. A. Stewart. (2010) Food Security and Soil Quality. Advances in Soil Science. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.
- Marschner, H. (1995) Mineral Nutrition of Higher Plants. 2nd ed. Academic Press, San Diego, CA.
- Page A.L. (1982) Methods of Soil Analysis. Part 2. Chemical and Microbiological properties. Agron. Monogr. No 9 (2nd ed). ASA and SSSA, Madison, WI.
- Roy, R. N., A. Finck, G. J. Blair, and H. L. S. Tandon. (2006) Plant Nutrition for Food Security; A Guide for Integrated Nutrient Management. Fertilizer and Plant Nutrition Bulletin No 16. FAO, Rome.
- Troeh, F. R., G. A. Hobbs, and R. L. Donahue (2004) Soil and Water Conservation for Productivity and Environmental Protection. 4th ed. Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ.
- Weaver, R. W., S. Angle, P. Bottomley, and D. Bezdiecek (1994). Methods of Soil Analysis. Part 2. SSSA Book Series No 5.
 Soil Science Society of America, Madison, WI.
- Westerman, R. L. (1990) Soil Testing and Plant Analysis. 3rd ed. SSSA, Madison, WI.
- World Bank (2007) From Agriculture to Nutrition: Pathways, Synergies and Outcomes. Report No. 40196-GLB. World Bank, Washington, DC.

Performance Statistics of the last 2years								
Grade (de orc	irade (descending absolute relative su order) frequency frequency % ra					sum of success rates per class		
	SOIL M	ANAGE	MEN	T AND	FOOD QUA	LIT	Y	
	10			0		0%	0%	
	9			1	5	0%	50%	
	8			1	5	0%	100%	
	7			0		0%	100%	
	6			0		0%	100%	
				2	10	0%		



Food Product Development

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT							
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY							
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE							
COURSE CODE	FST802		SEMESTER	8				
COURSE TITLE	FOOD PROD	JCT DEVELOPM	ENT					
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate cor lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES nponents of the edits are awarde phours and the	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS				
		Lectures	2					
	Labo	oratory classes	2					
		Total	4		5			
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	e teaching							
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PRERECUISITE COURSES	Specialised g	eneral knowled	ge					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek							
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (Gr <mark>eek)</mark>							
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)								

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course l earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The **aim of the course** is to introduce the current nutritional concepts that govern the design of new products and the trends in the food industry for the development of new products and also to gain knowledge of the relevant processes and decision making strategy of the industry by familiarizing students with basic principles and concepts related to research and development of new foods by selecting case studies of specialized products.

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Distinguish current nutritional trends that dictate new product design, food industry trends for new product development and their applications.
- Describe the basic principles related to research and development of new foods

- Apply strategies and processes for the development of new foods to meet the requirements of industry and consumers.
- Predict and modify the lify cycle of a product

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim? Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management information, with the use of the necessary technology Respect for difference and multiculturalism Adapting to new situations Respect for the natural environment Decision-making Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Working independently Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Others... Production of new research ideas

- (1) Adapting to new situations
- (2) Decision-making
- (3) Working independently
- (4) Team work
- (5) Criticism and self-criticism
- (6) Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- (7) Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

SYLLABUS

Theoretical part

Theoretical views and applications for the development of new human food products. An overview of the principles and methods used in decision making for new product development, as well as for the design, manufacture, quality evaluation, standardization, marketing and advertising, market research and patenting of the new product. Legislative restrictions on ingredients, processing, packaging and labeling.

Laboratory part

SECTION 1st

- Necessity of New Food Development Basic principles and concepts related to research and development of new products.
- Contemporary Nutritional Views.
- Consumer Requests
- Development strategies new product development processes.
- Creating ideas for new products
- Factors influencing the development of new products in the food industry
- Environmental Constraints Legislation
- Product Life Cycle Life cycle management and forecasting

SECTION 2nd

• Modern food packaging technologies.

- Nutrition labeling nutrition claims, legislation.
- Creating a food label, legislation.
- Special Markings

SECTION 3rd

- Students create innovative products, which were decided during the brainstorming process. Label design of the product they created.
- Calculation of nutritional value of the product Tasting and rating by the students of the final product.
- Discussion of Results.

SECTION 4th

- Innovative foods
- Functional foods
- Organic food
- Genetically Modified Foods

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face						
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.							
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of information technolog	<mark>y on</mark> data collection and infor	mation, in teaching and				
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	communication. Communication with students via web, e-mail, e-class and online						
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,	folder sharing options etc.						
communication with students	0.1						
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload					
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	78					
described in detail.	Laboratory classes	26					
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,							
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art							
workshop, interactive teaching, educational							
etc.							
The student's study hours for each learning							
activity are given as well as the hours of non-							
ECTS							
	Total contact hours and	104					
	training						
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Theoretical part : Written example	mination on graded multiple cl	noice difficulty plus a written				
Description of the evaluation procedure	project Language Greek						
Language of evaluation, methods of							
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple	Laboratory part:						
choice questionnaires, short- answer questions,	Laboratory exercises:20%						
work, essay/report, oral examination, public	Final written evaluation on Lab exer: 80%						
presentation, laboratory work, clinical							
examination of patient, art interpretation,							
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are							
given, and if and where they are accessible to students.							

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- New Ingredients in food processing, edited by G. Linden And D. Dorient, (Woodhead Publishing Ltd), 1999, CRC Press (USA).
- Food Processing Handbook, edited by J.G. Brennan, 2006, Wiley-VCH (Germany).
- Developing New Food Products for a Changing Marketplace. Edited by AL Brody and JB Lord. CRC Press. 2000.
- Έρευνα & Ανάπτυ<mark>ξη νέ</mark>ων προϊόντων & Επιχειρηματικών Σχεδίων Έκδοση: 1/2017

Performance Statistics of the last 2years								
Grade (descending absolute order) frequency		olute Jency	relative frequency %			m of sı tes pei	iccess class	
DEVELOPMENT OF NEW FOOD PRODUCTS								
	10		3		3%			3%
	9		16		15%			17%
	8		31		28%			45%
	7		35		<mark>3</mark> 2%			77%
	6		25		<mark>23</mark> %			100%
			110	1	.00%			

Food Packaging

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF	FACULTY OF ENVIRONMENT				
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIEN	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UATE				
COURSE CODE	FST803		SEMESTER	8		
COURSE TITLE	FOOD PACKA	FOOD PACKAGING				
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN	NG ACTIVITIES		WEEKLY			
if credits are awarded for separate cor	nponents of the	course, e.g.	TEACHING		CREDITS	
lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre	edits are awarde	d for the whole			CREDITS	
of the course, give the weekly teaching	g hours and the	total credits	HOOKS			
		Lectures	2			
			2			
		Total	4		5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching						
methods used are described in detail at (d)						
COURSE TYPE	Special Back	<mark>gro</mark> und				
General background, special background,						
specialised general knowledge, skills						
development						
PREREQUISITE COURSES:						
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek					
EXAMINATIONS:						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Y <mark>es (in Greek</mark>	.)				
ERASMUS STUDENTS						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)						
				1		

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course l earning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Classify the materials and the different forms of packaging
- Define the basic functions of food and beverage packaging
- Describe the impact of packaging on product safety, quality and preservation
- Carry out quality control on different food packaging

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which

Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others
inking d information, with the use of the necessary technology
iging. Glass materials and packaging means. Metal materials and packaging lastic materials and packaging media. Thermoplastic polymers for food hermoplastic polymers. Edible or edible food packaging. Biologically based S. Permeability of polymers to gases and vapors. Paper packing. Filling, ge packaging. Packaging in a modified atmosphere. Aseptic treatment and aging. Packaging for food heated in a microwave oven. Shelf life of

on food packaging materials and media. Food packaging and environment. New developments in food packaging.

LABORATORY TOPICS

1. Quality control of the double seam of the cans.

2. Grade determination of tin in tinplate sheets. Measurement of the thickness and continuity of the coated lacquered sheets and the degree of resistance to acids and sulfides.

3. Check the closure of glass packaging materials

4. Study of breaking mechanisms of glass containers during the sterilization process due to thermal stress.

5. Quality control of aseptic packaging.

6. Packaging in a modified atmosphere

7. Permeability of plastic films to water vapor.

8. Determining the shelf life of food sensitive to moisture intake.

9. Identification of thermoplastic polymers by density test and combustion test.

10. Separation of layers of laminates and measurement of thickness of each layer.

11. Mechanical properties of plastics - measurement of parameters of mechanical strength of packaging materials.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face		
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of information technolog	y on data collection and infor	mation, in teaching and
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	communication. Communicat	ion with students via web, e-	mail, e-class and online
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,	folder sharing options etc.		
communication with students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	78	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice.	Laboratory classes	26	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,			
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art			
worksnop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity.			
etc.			-
The student's study hours for each learning			-
activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the			-
ECTS			-
		<u> </u>	-
	Total contact nours and	104	
	training		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Written examination on grade	d multiple choice difficulty plu	us a written p <mark>roject</mark> Language
Description of the evaluation procedure	Greek		
Language of evaluation, methods of			
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple			
open-ended questions, problem solving, written			
work, essay/report, oral examination, public			
presentation, laboratory work, clinical			
examination of patient, art interpretation,			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are			
given, and if and where they are accessible to students			
Statents			

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

1.ΒΟΟΚ [77106804]: Συσκευασία Τροφίμων, 2η Έκδοση, Παπαδάκης Σπυρίδων Ε.

2.BOOK [68403482]: Συσκευασία τροφίμων, Μπλούκας Ιωάννης Γ.

3.BOOK [17525]: Στοιχεία τεχνολογίας, μεταποίησης και συσκευασίας τροφίμων, Αρβανιτογιάννης Ιωάννης Σ.,Μποσνέα Λουλούδα Α..

Grade (descending order)	absolute frequenc	e y fr	relative equency %	sum of success rates per class
	FOOD PA	ACKAGIN	IG	
10		0	0%	0%
9		3	4%	4%
8		4	6%	10%
7		10	14%	24%
6		54	76%	10 <mark>0%</mark>
		71	100%	

Performance Statistics of the last 2years

Final Project

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF EN	VIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADU	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	птүх	NTYX SEMESTER 8			
COURSE TITLE	FINAL PROJECT	Г	·		
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN if credits are awarded for separate con lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre of the course, give the weekly teaching	NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the co edits are awarded j g hours and the to	ourse, e.g. for the whole tal credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
		Total		13	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d)	teaching and the	teaching			
COURSE TYPE General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Special Background, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	 To undertake a thesis students must: Be in the 8th semester of studies Have successfully completed 2/3 of the courses in the curriculum Have chosen/contacted the supervisor Have decided on the topic of the thesis to be written 				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek/English				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (Greek/Eng	lish)			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The **aim of the thesis** is to provide the student with the opportunity to select, elaborate, study, investigate, deepen and develop a topic consistent with the subject of his/her studies in order to foster the skill of independent work on the subject of his/her studies.

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Research valid information in the scientific literature
- Evaluate information that is relevant and useful for writing the thesis
- Implement analytical methods during the experimental stages of the thesis
- Problem solving when conducting measurements and engage in critical thinking
- Operate equipment directly related to the quantitative and qualitative evaluation of the physico-chemical and microbiological properties of food products
- Collect data and process them using computer programmes on a computer
- Work in a team spirit in cooperation with students and supervisors
- Perform writhing of high quality work on a computer

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for informatic Adapting Decision-r Working i Team wor Working i Working i	r, anal on, wit to nev making indepe rk in an it in an it	lysis and synthesis of data and th the use of the necessary technology w situations g endently nternational environment nterdisciplinary environment	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Productio	n of n	ew research ideas	Others
	1.	Adapting to new situations	
	2.	Decision-making	
	3.	Working independently	
	4.	Team work	
	5.	Criticism and self-criticism	
	6.	Production of free, creative and inductive thir	nking
	7.	Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	information, with the use of the necessary technology

PROCEDURE

1. Students get in touch with the professor of their choice and explore the possibility of supervising a topic of common interest in order to conduct a dissertation.

2. Then the supervising Professor submits to the Secretariat a form for the beginning of the dissertation defining the subject of the thesis.

3. The dissertation is usually individual. However, it can be assigned to a group of up to (2) students.

4. The dissertation must be completed within one academic semester. The above period may be extended upon the relevant

request of the student and the consent of the General Assembly of the Department.

5. After the completion of the thesis and at least 10 days before the date of the presentation of the thesis, they submit a joint application for the presentation-examination of the thesis by a three-member committee. The three-member committee consists of the supervising professor and two other members of the Department's teaching staff.

6. At the same time the student sends his final thesis to the three-member committee for evaluation

7. The presentation-examination of the diploma lasts 20-25 minutes and is followed by comprehension questions and discussion on the topic.

8. The presentation of the thesis is open to attendance by the academic community.

9. The presentation of the dissertation is made during the hole academic year except for the examination periods.

10. Detailed instructions for writing a thesis should follow what is mentioned in the thesis writing guide of the Department, while for convenience regarding the structure and formatting, a standardized thesis template is available at the link https://fst.ionio.gr/gr/students/ thesis /

Performance Statistics of the last 2years					
Grade (descending order)	absolute frequency	relative frequency %	sum of success rates per class		
	THESIS				
10	19	38%	38%		
9	18	36%	74%		
8	9	18%	92%		
7	4	8%	100%		
6	0	0%	100%		
	50	10 <mark>0%</mark>			

Traineeship

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF I	INVIRONMENT			
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ПРАКТ		SEMESTER	8	
COURSE TITLE	Traineeship				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIES		WEEKLY		
if credits are awarded for separate con	mponents of the	course, e.g.	TEACHING	CREDITS	
lectures, laboratory exercise, etc. If the cre	edits are awarde	d for the whole	HOURS		
of the course, give the weekly teaching	g hours and the t	otal credits			
		Total	2	2	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of	teaching and th	e teaching			
methods used are described in detail at (d)					
COURSE TYPE	Special Backg	round, skills de	velopment		
General background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Students are	allowed to perf	orm the <mark>2-mon</mark>	th internship under the following	
	prer <mark>equisites</mark>				
	(a) <mark>To h</mark>	ave enrolled i	<mark>n the 6th o</mark> r hi	gher semester of their studie <mark>s (Exceptions</mark>	
	app	ly in the event	that the inter	rnship will be carried out abroad, via	
	Erasmus+ whereby the application can be submitted in the 5 th semester				
	(b) To have successfully passed at least 50% of the total courses of the init				
	six (6) semesters o	of the curricul	um, among them in seven (7) of the 14	
	spec	, cialization cou	rses presente	d above:	
	Foo	d Processing I	•		
	Foo	d Analysis			
	Foo	, d Microbiolog	v		
	Foo	d Engineering	,		
	Foo	d Chemistry			
	Foo	d Biotechnolo	σγ		
	Foo	d Processing II	67		
	Frui	ts and Vegeta	bles Science a	nd Technology	
	Fat	and Oils Scien	ce and Techno		
	Milk and Milk Products Science and Technology				
	Indi	istrial Fermen	tations		
	Inst	rumental Foor	Analysis		
	Cere	als and Cerea	l Products Sci	ence and Technology	
	Elec	tive course fro	om groups A, I	B or C	
	For more info	rmation please	visit the websi	te: <u>https://fst.ionio.gr/en/students/internships/</u>	

	Crack/Englich
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek English
EXAMINATIONS:	
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (Greek/English)
ERASMUS STUDENTS	
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon the successful completion of the 2-month internship, students will be able to:

- Develop cooperation and teamwork skills through cooperation with other staff of the employment agency
- Apply at a professional level all the tools and techniques learned during his/her studies
- Understand the rules and principles governing a working environment
- Develop/improve his/her professionalism
- Prepare for the professional environment

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others				
1. Adapting to new situations					
2. Deci <mark>sion-maki</mark> ng					
3. Working independently					
4. Criticism and self-criticism					
5. Production of free, creative and inductive think	ing				
6. Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and in	Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology				
7. Project planning and management	Project planning and management				
8. Team work	Team work				
9. Respect for difference and multiculturalism	Respect for difference and multiculturalism				
10. Respect for the natural environment	. Respect for the natural environment				
11. Showing social, professional and ethical response	11. Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues				
12. Criticism and self-criticism					


Laboratory for Wine and Spirits Quality Control

The laboratory is equipped with state-of-the-art instruments for the analysis and quality control of wine and spirits. The laboratory conducts undergraduate courses as well as research to support and promote the wine sector in Greece.

The laboratory has the basic laboratory equipment (analytical scales, microscopes, pH-meters, incubation chambers, laboratory ovens, water baths, refrigerators, centrifuges, etc.), as well as specialized equipment for analysis of wine and spirits such as: automatic must and wine analyzer (FTIR - UV / Vis),

automatic enzyme analyzer,

tartar stability meter, sulfite measuring device, laser diffraction particle size analyzer, rapid extraction device, lyophilization device, spectrophotometric wine and spirits colorimeter, UV / Vis spectrophotometer, High Pressure Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Gas Chromatograph, Mass Spectrometer (GC / MS) Accumulator, etc.







Laboratory of Biological Plant Protection and Fruit and Vegetable Technology

The laboratory focuses on strategies for protection against pests and diseases of organically grown plants and their products from production to postharvest preservation and storage.

Available laboratory equipment includes:

Vertical thread flow chamber,

Thermal/freeze pincubation chamber,

(PCR),

centrifuge,

pH-meter,

micros<mark>co</mark>py,

stereoscopes,

autoclave,

sterilization,

analytical scales,

lyophilization device,

water bath







Laboratory of Food Microbiology

The laboratory conducts research on pathogenic microorganisms, antimicrobial activity of plant bioactive molecules of plant origin, and isolation of important strains of microorganisms for food fermentation.

The laboratory is fully equipped and has:

GC-MS,

vertical thread flow chamber,

incubation chambers,

freezers, spiral plate,

g<mark>ravim</mark>at,

water baths,

molecular imager,

microscope with electronic camera,

analytical scales,

thermal circulator,

vortex stirrers, etc.







Soil Laboratory

The laboratory activities focus on the effect of soil on food production and quality. Specifically, the laboratory (i) performs analyses of soils, plant tissues and products of crop production, irrigation water, soil conditioners, etc., (ii) provides consulting services and training to farmers, (iii) is active in soil classification and mapping, (iv) conducts research related to soil fertility and microbiology, plant nutrition and food production, and soil functions related to biodiversity and climate change.

The laboratory equipment includes: Ground samplers, analytical scales, vortex, shakers, centrifuges, incense burners, high temperature incense burners, incubation chambers, water baths, pH-meters, conductivity meter, Atomic absorption spectrophotometer, UV Vis spectrophotometer, Kjeldahl device, CNOH-S automatic analyzer etc.





Laboratory of Physiology and Aromatic Plants

The laboratory specializes in teaching and applied research related to plant physiology with emphasis on the in-vitro propagation of aromatic plants and the extraction, evaluation and utilization of their essential oils in food.

The laboratory is fully equipped with:

Photosynthesis measuring device, surface meter,

water distillation device,

GC-MS,

rotary evaporator,

analytical scales,

water baths,

plant growth chamber,

Vertical Laminar flow, centrifuge,

microplate reader, HPLC / UV chromatograph,

ELISA spectrophotometer,

autoclave, etc.





Toxicity and Bioactive Molecules Control Laboratory

The laboratory conducts applied research to evaluate the toxicity and bioactivity of natural products and by-products, the optimization of extraction, and the utilization of food industry byproducts in the context of bioeconomy.

The equipment of the laboratory includes: vertical thread flow chamber,

incubation chamber,

ultrasound bath,

analytical balance,

rotary evaporator,

UV / vis spectrophotometer,

HPLC / UV,

extraction devices,

microscope,

microplate reading spectrophotometer, etc.









Laboratory of Food Chemistry and Industrial Fermentation

The laboratory conducts research on fermentation technology and food chemistry, the analysis of food and agro-industrial sources of renewable raw materials (e.g. agro-industrial waste and byproducts), their biotechnological utilization as well as the development of innovative bio-products worth.

The equipment of the laboratory consists of: super-critical CO₂ extractor, texture analyzer, rheometer, electrospinning apparatus, freeze-dryer, bioreactors, incubation chambers, PCR, ATR-FTIR ultrasonic bath, water baths, UV / vis spectrophotometer, rotary evaporators, Kjeldahl device, soxhlet, milkoscan (FTIR), freezers -80 & -30, refrigerators, microcentrifuge, centrifuge, HPLC (DAD, Fluorescence and RI), gas chromatography (GC), microscopes, pH-meters, vortex shakers, autoclave, hotplate magnetic stirrers etc.











Research Projects

Research programs conducted at the Department of Food Science and Technology:

Below are research programs implemented in the Department in the academic year 2019/2020



FOODBIOMES (MIS 5047291). Infrastructure of Microbiome Applications in Food Systems.

FOOD INNOVATION - RI (MIS 5027222). Research infrastructure for the development of food bioprocesses.

PANAS (MIS 5033680). The monumental forests of the Ionian Sea as cradles of biodiversity and high nutritional value of macromycetes: mapping, recording, evaluation, networking, conservation and sustainable development.

WHEY4VALUE (MIS 5007020). Utilization of dairy waste for the production of products of high added value.

(MIS 5006536). Research on the biological value of products (wine, raisins) and grape by-products from the Ionian Islands.

BIOCONSION (MIS 5033717). Recording, Characterization, Evaluation and Conservation of Natural Genetic Resources of PIN in the context of the National Strategy for Biodiversity: Natural Species with Medicinal Value.

OINOTYPOS (MIS 5007188). Vaccination of local vine varieties to suitable subjects, evaluation of

their viticultural characteristics and management of vineyard soil.

DIGIFLORA (MIS 5030591). Development of digital applications for the promotion of the flora of the lonian Islands

(MIS 5007257). Development of an intelligent application for the remote monitoring and realtime forecasting of dacois infestation and olive grove diseases.

HNV-Threat (MIS 5034911). Assessment of the impact on the biodiversity of areas of High Natural Value of the Ionian Islands Region due to the invasion of those of the alien invasive weed "Vromokarydia" (Ailanthus altissima)

(MIS 5006879). Utilization of Olive Mill waste for the creation of products of high added value.

MedOil (MIS 5005497). Investigation of bioactive and health-protecting substances of the olive oil of the Ionian Islands.

(MIS 5006342). Quality upgrade of local wines of the Ionian Islands using native yeasts.

WinByPro (MIS: 5007238). Utilization of vinification residues for the production of high value-added raw materials for the food, cosmetics and parapharmaceutical industries



Student Services

Boarding

The Department of Food Science and Technology provides full board to its students. The meals are provided free of charge to the students who meet the criteria of No. Φ 5 / 68535 / B3 / 18-06-2012 of the Joint Ministerial Decision.

The student restaurant is located within the surrounding area of the Department and is within walking distance from the main building.

Applications for free meals are usually submitted in October for existing students, while for newly admitted students at enrollment.

Insurance

Students of the Department of Food Science and Technology, who are not insured with any (welfare) institution, are entitled to free, full medical and hospital care in the National Health System, during their studies, increased by half (six years in total).

The approval of the student health card is recommended to be done at the beginning of each academic year by the Secretariat of the Department (stamped with the round stamp of the Institution, in order to confirm the student status).

Loans-scholarships

Student loans are provided in accordance with P.D. 360/83. Student scholarships are awarded by the STATE SCHOLARSHIPS FOUNDATION (SSF/IKY) based on academic performance.

Housing / Housing Allowance

The procedures and the supporting documents for the granting of a housing allowance are governed by JM 2993/2017, as it was amended by the Government Gazette 1688 / 15-05-2019 and the respective annual clarifying circulars.

Prerequisite for submitting the application is the student for whom the allowance is granted, to be a Greek citizen or a citizen of another country of the European Union, to have a valid academic identity card and to have a TIN. Citizenship is associated only with the student's physical presence and not with the student's parents or guardians.

The electronic applications are submitted annually electronically, through the website of the Ministry of Education, Research and Religions https://stegastiko.minedu.gov.gr, in the special application of housing allowance.



Internship

The traineeship of the students of the Department of Food Science and Technology is an integral part of the study program and a necessary prerequisite for obtaining the Degree.

It is of great importance as an institution because it directly connects the theoretical and laboratory training that students acquired during their studies with their application in the work environment and thus is a key component of the integrated education of graduates.

Internship is mandatory and takes place in the summer months of the 3rd or even the 4th year. The duration of the internship is two (2) months.

Students who have the right to do a traineeship are

A. those who are in the 6th or 8th semester of studies

B. and those who have successfully attended at least half of the courses (of the first 6 semesters) of the study program and among them half of the 14 specialization courses listed below, in which students must have been successfully examined in order to be able to start their traineeship.

Specialization courses:

- 1. Food Processing I
- 2. Food Analysis
- 3. Food Microbiology
- 4. Food Engineering
- 5. Food Chemistry
- 6. Food Biotechnology
- 7. Food Processing II
- 8. Fruits and Vegetables Science and Technology
- 9. Fats and Oils Science and Technology of
- 10. Milk and Milk Products Science and Technology
- **11. Industrial Fermentations**
- **12. Instrumental Food Analysis**
- 13. Cereals and Cereals Products Science and Technology
- 14. One elective course from Groups A, B or C

The traineeship of the students of the Department of Food Science and Technology can take place:

(a) in companies or other bodies of the students' choice

(b) through the Program "Internship for Higher Education of the Ionian University"

(c) through the Erasmus + program (abroad)

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PROCEDURE FOR BEGINNING TRAINEESHIP

 Students who meet the above conditions submit an application to the Secretariat of the Department.

2. The Traineeship Committee of the Department checks whether:

The student meets the requirements

• The institution is suitable for the realization of the student's traineeship (relevance of the traineeship object with the object of study of the Department) and approves or not the placement of the student in the respective institution.

3. The Secretariat issues the certificate of traineeship for use in the employment agency.

4. The Special Employment Contract is signed between the employment agency, the President of the Department and the trainee student.

5. The student starts his traineeship which he records uninterruptedly in the internship book.

6. The traineeship is completed at the end of the two months and only when the student submits to the Secretariat of the Department the completed traineeship book and a certificate of completion of the internship by the institution.

TRAINEESHIP PLACES

(a) (Traineeship in a company or in another body of the students' choice)

Students seek out businesses or stakeholders on their own and negotiate the possibility of doing their internship. The basic condition is the relevance of the object of employment with the object of study of the student. Once an agreement has been reached, the steps mentioned above are followed for the approval of the institution by the internship Committee and the start of the internship.

(b) Traineeship through the program "Internship for Higher Education of the Ionian University" (through NSRF)

The traineeship of the students of the Department of Food Science and Technology can be carried out within the program "Internship of Higher Education of the Ionian University". The program is funded by the European Social Fund (ECB) and co-financed by National Resources through the Operational Program "Competitiveness, Entrepreneurship and Innovation" of the Corporate Pact for the Development Framework 2014-2020, with the Intermediate Agency for the Special Management Development Program Human Resources, Education and Lifelong Learning ".

(c) Traineeship through Erasmus + abroad

The students of the Department can prepare their internship abroad through the Erasmus + Program (Student mobility for internship ERA-PLACES). Relevant details and conditions are analyzed below in the ERASMUS section and on the website: <u>https://sites.ionio.gr/international/gr/erasmus/</u>

The traineeship takes place in both the public and private sectors. Students are given the opportunity to choose a body from the list of collaborating companies and organizations of the Department or to propose the positions they want to occupy. In this case, the Traineeship Committee, after checking the suitability of the company, gives the position to the proposing student. Relevant announcements, detailed instructions and everything else regarding the realization of an internship through NSRF are posted on the website: <u>http://dasta.ionio.gr/internship/</u> When the trainee does not comply with the above, the supervising instructor is informed, who then informs the Department so that the trainee will comply with the requirements.

In case of recurrence of the trainee, the company or service may unilaterally terminate the special contract and terminate its employment. The student is then required to repeat the same procedure the following year to find a new position, in order to complete the remaining time of his / her traineeship.

Students during their traineeship do not acquire any other right of employment or retirement in addition to their compensation and insurance against occupational risk.

During the two-month traineeship, the trainee student may, for serious reasons, justifiably be absent for a total of five working days.

Obligations - Rights

The trainee in the workplace is obliged to follow the operating hours of the company or the Service, the safety and labor regulations as well as everything else that applies to the staff of the company or the service.

Qualifying placement examinations

Possibility of admission to the Department of Food Science and Technology with qualifying examinations

The procedure is carried out in accordance with the provisions of the ministerial decision Φ .2 / 121871 / B3 / 3-11-2005 "Classification of graduates in Higher Education", as amended by Φ .2 / 125186 / B3 / 22-11-2006, Φ .2 / 63260 / B3 / 15-6-2007, Φ .1 / 192329 / B3 / 13-12-2013 and 92983 / Z1 / 11-06-2015 (Government Gazette 1329 τ . B '/ 02-07-2015) ministerial decisions and Law 4485, article 74 par. 3 (Government Gazette 114 / 4-8-2017).

The qualifying examinations concern the graduates of Universities, Technological Educational Institutes (TEI) or equivalent to them, the School of Pedagogical and Technological Education (SPDE/A. Σ . Π AI.T.E.), of Greece or Abroad (recognized by the Hellenic National Academic Information Center (NARIC / Δ .O.A.T.A. Π .) as well as of Holders of Higher School diplomas with a twoyear and a two-year course of study under the responsibility of the Ministry of Culture, Education and Religions and other Ministries who have the right after their successful examination in the qualifying exams to register, study and receive an additional degree. In particular, all graduates of Higher Education Institutes (HEI/ AEI), TEI or equivalent, ASPAITE*, of Greece or abroad, as well as holders of degrees

Higher schools of two years and two years of study under the responsibility of the Ministry of Culture, Education and Religions and other Ministries, regardless of subject can be classified in each Department of the University, TEI. or ASPAITE*.

The admission of graduates through qualifying examinations takes place in the Department to which the candidates apply and concerns their admission only to this Department based on the examinations conducted by the Department itself.

Number of entrants with qualifying entrance exams

Every year the number of students admitted with qualifying exams amounts to 12% of the corresponding number of students admitted by the Ministry of Education through Entrance Examination. The Department cannot admit a larger number of students, but neither a smaller one, as long as there is a sufficient number of examinees who meet the requirements.

Conducting examinations

The Department conducts the qualifying exams annually, from December 1-20. The procedure is carried out by submitting the participation of the candidates in a written examination of three courses, which are selected by the General Assembly of the Department.

The examined courses and their respective material as decided by the General Assembly of the Department are announced in time on the Website of the Department, in order to give sufficient time for the preparation of the interested parties. The schedule of the qualifiers is announced in time on the Website of the Department.

Applications for Participation

Every year, usually between November 1st and 15th, applications are submitted to the Secretariat of the Department. A relevant announcement is issued in a timely manner on the Department's website.

All successful students are exempted from the examination of the courses in which they were examined for their classification if these courses correspond to courses of the study program of the host Department.

The General Assembly of the Department may exempt those classified from the examination of the courses of the study program of the host Department that were fully or adequately taught in the Department of origin, judging each time based on the course outline of the study program of the Department of origin.

Important time milestones:

April-May of the previous academic year: Announcement of examined courses, exam material on the websites of the Departments and the Department of Studies.

September-October of the current academic year: Announcement of the examination program on the websites of the Departments and the Department of Studies.

November 1 - 15: Submission of applications for participation in the qualifying exams

December 1st - 20th: Conducting qualifying exams

ERASMUS

Erasmus+ is the European Commission 's program for education,

training, youth and sport, which aims to help strengthen skills and employability and to support the modernization of education, training and youth systems in all areas of Lifelong Learning

Learning (Higher Education, Vocational Education and Training, Education Adult, School Education, youth activities, etc).

Under the Erasmus + program, the European Commission grants scholarships of student mobility for studies. The activities within Erasmus +, which also concern the students of the Department of Food Science and Technology, are:

(a) Student mobility for studies,

(b) Student mobility for internship. Eligible to participate are undergraduate, postgraduate students and doctoral candidates who are normally enrolled in the Department and can travel through



specific procedure in Institutions with which there is a bilateral agreement in force.

The mobility of the above categories includes the preparation of a dissertation, a diploma thesis and a doctoral dissertation.

The regulation of the ERASMUS + program of the Ionian University applies to all mobility issues, which is posted on the main website of the Ionian University:

http://sites.ionio.gr/international/gr/erasmus

Specifically, for the Department of Food Science and Technology, the regulation specifies the following points and complements the current Erasmus + regulation as follows:

A. Classical student mobility for studies

Conditions of Participation

Eligible to participate in the program are

1. The students who are normally registered in the Department of Food Science & Technology

2. The students who study at least in the 2nd year of studies

Those who have successfully completed the courses of the 1st year of study and the 2/3 of those who correspond in the additional semesters up to that during which they apply for mobility
In 2/3 of all the above courses to have a grade of 6

5. Have the level of language proficiency as determined by the host university.

Selection Criteria

1. Average course performance, multiplied by a factor of 36 [40%]

2. The total of ECTS credits credited to each student multiplied by a factor of 1 [30%]

3. Five (5) additional points for every 0.5 point above grade point average score 6.5 [percentage 10%]

4. Two (5) additional points for each course which has been evaluated with "excellent" (≥ 8.5)
[percentage 10%]

5. Candidate interview. A three-member committee is appointed for the interview, consisting of:

(a) the Erasmus Academic Officer of theDepartment, (b) his Deputy and (c) the President ofthe Department.

The score of the interview follows the scale 0-10 and is obtained from the average of the individual scores of the members of the committee [10%].

The final grade results from the sum of the five (5) above criteria. The one with the highest score becomes dominant.

Priority is given to the applications of students who participate for the first time in the program.

Applications from those who have moved in the past are only considered if there are vacancies.

B. Mobility of students for internship

The internship in the curriculum of the Department of Food Science and Technology is mandatory without ECTS. The students of the Department can also prepare it through the **Erasmus +** Program.

Conditions of Participation

Eligible to participate in the program are those students who

1. are normally registered in the Department of Food Science & Technology

2. are in the 6th semester

3. have successfully completed 2/3 of the total courses corresponding to

previous semesters of their studies

have an GPA (grade point average) rating of ≥
6.5.

5. have a language proficiency level of at least B1 in English or the language of the host country.

Interns who have recently graduated can also do an internship as long as they apply and their



applications are approved by the General Assembly of the Department before their graduation.

Relevant instructions, conditions and details for the internship through Erasmus + abroad before and after graduation can be found at the link:

https://sites.ionio.gr/international/gr/erasmus/



The mobility and performance statistics for the last two years under the ERASMUS program are summarized in the following table:

Grades of Erasmu	s students at the Department of
Food So	ience and Technology

Grades (descending order)	Absolute frequency (stidents)	Relative frequency (%)	Sum of success rate (%)
Projects			
10	9	45	45
9	8	40	85
8	3	15	100
7	0	0	
6	0	0	
	20	100	

Notes

1. All data concern the two academic years of 2019 onwards, ie 2019-20 & 2020-21)

2. Courses that have a small number of students are elective courses

3. For some courses which are new in the PS or for which they do not exist

4. the data concerning the diplomas concern the diplomas prepared with the previous MS and presented in the last two years

5. The data of the diplomas also include the projects of the incoming Erasmus students

Career Prospects

Graduates of the Department of Food Science and Technology can claim professional and scientific careers in the field of food either as freelancers or as employees in the public or private sector.

Possible career prospects are:

- Executives of food industries (product design, production, quality control, management services, etc.),

- Executives of food analysis laboratories,
- Food consultants.

In addition, the undergraduate program is structured to provide sufficient knowledge and preparation to graduates wishing to work in education or pursue postgraduate studies in Greece or abroad.









Postgraduate Studies

The department of Food Science and Technology from 2019 is accepting **PhD** candidates holding undergraduate and Master degree in the following disciplines:

Natural and Agricultural Sciences

Health & Life Sciences

Chemical Engineering

The Doctoral Studies of the Department of Food Science and Technology are organized and operate in accordance with the provisions of Law 4485/2017 as they apply and as formed in the future, by the other relevant legal provisions and decisions, as well as the provisions of this Regulation.

Contact

Secretariat of the Department of Food Science and Technology Address: Terma Leoforou Vergoti, Argostoli, Kefalonia GR 28100 Tel.: +30 26710-27101 Fax: +30 26710-27102 Email: grambg@ionio.gr Website: https://fst.ionio.gr/gr/